City of Hendersonville North Carolina



ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Prepared by: Finance Department

Submitted by: John P. Buchanan, CPA, CLGFO Finance Director

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTORY SECTION (UNAUDITED)	
Table of Contents	i - iv
Transmittal Letter	v-ix
Listing of Principal Officials and City Staff	x
Organizational Chart	xi
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	xii
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	
Management's Discussion & Analysis	5 - 14
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	15
Statement of Activities	16 and 17
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Total Governmental Funds Balances to the Statement of Net	
Position of the Governmental Activities	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget	
and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) – General Fund	22
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	23
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary	
Funds	
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	25
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	27
Notes to Financial Statements	28 - 78
Required Supplementary Information:	
Pension Plan Schedules	
Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability – LEOSSA	79 and 80
Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll – LEOSSA	.81 and 82

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page Number
FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED):	
Required Supplementary Information (Continued):	
Pension Plan Schedules (Continued)	
Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
(Asset) – LGERS	83 and 84
Schedule of City Contributions – LGERS	85 and 86
Other Postemployment Benefit Plan Schedule	
Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – OPEB	
Retirement Plan	87 and 88
Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and	
Actual – General Fund	89 - 92
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Project	
Authorization and Actual (Non-GAAP) – Governmental Capital Projects Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Project	
Authorization and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) – Grants Fund	
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Schedules	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and	
Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) – Main Street Tax District Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and	
Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) – Seventh Avenue Tax District Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and	
Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) – Special Revenue Fund	99
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	
Combining Statement of Net Position – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	100
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position –	
Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	101
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	102
Budgetary Comparison Schedules (Non-GAAP)	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position – Budget and	
Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) – Water and Sewer Fund	103 - 105
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position – Budget and	
Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) – Parking Services Fund	106
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position – Budget and	
Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) – Environmental Services Fund	107

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Pag	ge Number
FINANCIAL SECTION (CONTINUED):	
Supplementary Information (Continued):	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules (Non-GAAP) (Continued)	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Net Position – Budget and	
Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) – Stormwater Fund	108
Enterprise Capital Projects Funds	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Project	
Authorization and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) – Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fu	nd 109
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Project	
Authorization and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) – Parking Services Capital Projects Fu	nd 110
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Project	
Authorization and Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) – Stormwater Capital Projects Fund	111
Internal Service Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position – Budget and	
Actual (Non-GAAP Basis) – Health and Welfare Internal Service Fund	112
Property Taxes	
Analysis of Current Tax Levy – General Fund (City-wide)	113
Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable – General Fund	114
Analysis of Current Tax Levy – Main Street Tax District	
Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable – Main Street Tax District	116
Analysis of Current Tax Levy – Seventh Avenue Tax District	117
Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable – Seventh Avenue Tax District	118
STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED):	
Statistical Section Table of Contents	
Financial Trends Information	
Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years – (Accrual Basis of	
Accounting)1	19 and 120
Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years – (Accrual Basis of	
Accounting)	121 - 124
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years – (Modified Accrual	
Basis of Accounting)1	25 and 126
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years – Modified	
Accrual Basis of Accounting)	127 - 130
Revenue Capacity Information	
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property – Last Ten	
Fiscal Years1	31 and 132
Property Tax Rates (Direct and Overlapping Governments) – Last Ten Fiscal Years	33 and 134
Principal Property Taxpayers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago	
Property Tax Levies and Collections – Last Ten Fiscal Years	36 and 137

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page Number

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED):	
Debt Capacity Information	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type – Last Ten Fiscal Years	d 139
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding – Last Ten Fiscal Years	140
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt – As of June 30, 2021	141
Legal Debt Margin Information – Last Ten Fiscal Years	d 143
Demographic and Economic Information	
Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years	d 145
Principal Employers – Current Year and Nine Years Ago	146
Operating Information	
Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function – Last Ten Fiscal	
Years147 an	d 148
Operating Indicators by Function – Last Ten Fiscal Years	d 150
Capital Asset Statistics by Function – Last Ten Fiscal Years	151
COMPLIANCE SECTION:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance	
with Government Auditing Standards152 an	d 153
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on	
Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and the State	
Single Audit Implementation Act154	- 156
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for the Major State Program and Report on	
Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with Applicable Sections of the	
Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act	- 159
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards160 an	d 161
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs163 an	d 164
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	165

CITY COUNCIL: BARBARA G. VOLK Mayor Lyndsey Simpson Mayor Pro Tem Dr. Jennifer Hensley Debbie O'Neal-Roundtree Jerry A. Smith Jr., J.D.



OFFICERS: JOHN F. CONNET City Manager ANGELA S. BEEKER City Attorney JILL MURRAY City Clerk

November 6, 2023

To the Mayor, Members of City Council, City Manager and Citizens of the City of Hendersonville:

North Carolina General Statute 159-34 states that "each unit of local government and public authority shall have its accounts audited as soon as possible after the close of each fiscal year by a certified public accountant or by an accountant certified by the Commission as qualified to audit local government accounts. A complete set of financial statements shall be presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards." Pursuant to that requirement, it is our pleasure to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Hendersonville. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Hendersonville has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Hendersonville's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the costs of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Hendersonville's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Hendersonville's financial statements have been audited by Mauldin & Jenkins, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Hendersonville for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Hendersonville's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Hendersonville was part of a broader, federally mandated compliance audit designed to meet the special needs of federal and state grantor agencies. The standards governing compliance audits, in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special requirements involving the administration of federal grants and awards. These documents are available in the Compliance Report Section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Hendersonville's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

Profile of the Government

The City of Hendersonville was chartered in 1847 and is located in Henderson County in western North Carolina. Significant economic growth occurred with the completion of the railroad from Charleston, South Carolina to Hendersonville in 1879. Popular as a summer resort and health center for more than a century, the City today has an economic base of industry, agriculture and tourism, and is a growing retirement center. The City is the County seat of Henderson County and largest among five municipalities located within the County. The City is recognized for its vibrant Historic Downtown which boasts quality dining, shopping, parks and a viable business district. A short walk from the heart of downtown is the revitalized Historic Seventh Avenue District. The City continues to see population growth as the most recent, final certified estimate of the July 1, 2023 population of the City of Hendersonville, as provided by the North Carolina Office of State Budget and Management is 16,443.

The City encompasses an area of 7.4 square miles and is located on a mountain plateau 2,200 feet above sea level. It is 185 miles north of Atlanta and 450 miles south of Washington, D.C. The City is located at the base of the Blue Ridge Mountains with easy access to I-26, I-40, U.S. Highway 64, and the Blue Ridge Parkway.

Hendersonville's moderate climate and beautiful scenery attract many visitors from all over the United States. With an average rainfall of 56 inches, average high summer temperature of 83 degrees, average high winter temperature of 49 degrees and average snowfall of 9 inches, Hendersonville is known as the "*City of Four Seasons.*" This moniker was given to the City more than 50 years ago by a local weatherman, the late Kermit Edney.

The City has operated under the "Manager-Council" form of government since January 1994. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council, which consists of a mayor and a four-member council. The governing council is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager, City Clerk and City Attorney. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the governing council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing heads of the City's departments. The Council is elected on a nonpartisan basis.

The City is authorized by the *Machinery Act of North Carolina* to levy a property tax on both real and personal property located within its legal boundaries. A full range of services, including police and fire protection, construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure, certain sanitation services, and a stormwater program are provided by the City. The City also provides water and sewer service, both inside and outside the City limits.

The Council is required to adopt an initial budget for the fiscal year no later than June 30 preceding the beginning of the fiscal year on July 1. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Hendersonville's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, function and department. Department heads may transfer budget resources within a department as they find necessary. Transfers between departments may be approved by the City Manager, however, transfers between funds need special approval from the governing council.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Hendersonville operates. The City and county as whole continue to see interest from manufacturing and industrial companies in moving operations to the area or expanding existing facilities. The area continues to see increased activity in housing developments. The continued business and residential growth provide a positive outlook for both ad valorem and sales tax revenues.

Local Economy

The City continues to have a strong and growing economy with a solid residential, commercial and industrial tax base. The economy of the area is sustained by the local employment markets, agriculture, healthcare, summer camps, community college system, and industries located within the County. Henderson County has a strong and diversified industrial employment environment, including headquarters and office locations, production and assembly operations as well as logistics and distribution facilities.

It is a priority of City Council to develop strong partnerships with residents, businesses, other local governments, non-profits and visitors to ensure there is effective two-way communication and effective interaction with City Departments. In the City, a new 191 unit apartment complex completed construction on the first phase and was nearing completion of the second phase; a new 276 unit apartment complex was nearing completion; construction finished on 140 townhomes; construction started on 186 single family homes in fiscal; construction was nearing completion on a 654,000 square foot Class A industrial and warehouse development in fiscal year 2023.

Hendersonville remains a North Carolina Main Street Community, designated by the NC Department of Commerce and Main Street & Rural Planning Center. As a Main Street America[™] Accredited program, the City has met a set of National Accreditation Standards of Performance as outlined by the National Main Street Center and is a recognized leading program among the national network.

Economic vitality remains focus area for the City Council, and they continue to promote policies that encourage growth in all areas of our City, establishing Hendersonville as a good place for all types of business. A key component to continued economic growth is The Henderson County Partnership for Economic Development (The Partnership). The Partnership is a non-profit organization that serves as the professional economic development entity for the County and the five municipalities located within it, managing existing industry, marketing, product development and advocacy programs while positively impacting the employment and investment in the local economy.

Henderson County has a labor force of approximately 56,936. Unemployment in Henderson County was 3.0 % in June 2023, down 0.6% from the year prior. North Carolina is a right-to-work state, and is the number two least unionized state in the nation.

Long-term Financial Planning

The City of Hendersonville prepares a ten-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) to function as a planning tool for capital improvements and major capital equipment purchases. The CIP represents a multi-year forecast of the capital needs but only the current year schedule is adopted annually by the City Council and becomes part of the operating budget. The CIP not only identifies capital projects but also the financing required for the projects and their impact on the operating budget. Capital projects differ from annual operating expenses in that they involve large dollar amounts, often require special financing, occur at irregular intervals, and involve development of assets expected to last several years. Future forecast in the CIP serve the City by helping plan for capital repairs, replacements, and acquisitions, which aides in financial planning to ensure the Cities' fiscal health and credit. The capital improvement program for the water and sewer system is reviewed annually during the budget process to determine the system's capital needs.

Relevant Financial Policies

The Hendersonville City Council supports fiscal policies and controls that ensure the long-term financial health of the City and enable it to respond to unforeseen challenges and opportunities. The City has implemented policies and practices to promote responsible management of public resources to ensure efficient and effective delivery of quality services.

The City Council has adopted an Investment and Cash Management Policy to provide parameters within which the City's funds should be managed to provide for sound, efficient and professional investments to achieve primary objectives, in order of importance, of safety of principal, liquidity for operations and return on investment. The policy follows best practices of the Government Finance Officers Association and incorporates the NC State Statue G.S. 159-30 Investment of Idle Funds.

The City of Hendersonville's budget process, as with other municipalities, is regulated by North Carolina General Statute 159, Article 3-The Local Government Budget and Fiscal Control Act. This comprehensive set of financial policies dictates what a municipality can and cannot do during the course of the budgeting period which typically runs from July 1 to June 30 of the following year.

The City follows the purchasing procedures as required by NC state statutes and Federal Uniform Guidance when required. The City has additionally adopted a Purchasing Policy which, through competitive pricing, planning and efficient procurement, strives to secure the lowest, most responsible cost for the City in order to provide our citizens and customers with the quality services that they expect.

The City established an Available Fund Balance policy with a goal for percent available fund balance for the General Fund to be at a minimum of 25% of the City's expenditure group as determined by the Local Government Commission. The City is classified by the LGC as a municipality with General Fund expenditures above \$10,000,000. The City will adjust these goals as appropriate based upon the recommendation from the LGC, modifications in North Carolina law, and potential changes in the City's financial outlook.

The City of Hendersonville recognizes the importance of protecting the City, its taxpayers, its employees, and its assets against financial risks, operational breaches and unethical activities. Therefore, City Council adopted a Fraud and Whistleblower Policy to establish guidelines to enforce controls to aid in the prevention and detection of fraud and for responding to allegations of embezzlement, theft, misappropriations of public funds or property, and other types of fraud related to the business of the City of Hendersonville.

Governmental Initiatives and Projects

Sound infrastructure is one of the top priorities of the City. A major goal for the City of Hendersonville is to construct and maintain efficient and accessible roadway, sidewalk, and greenway systems to extend internal and regional connectivity. As an element of this goal, street maintenance continues to be a high priority as City Council again committed one cent of the property tax to be allocated to

the expenditure budget for street resurfacing in addition to the amounts received from the state for street repairs and maintenance. The Clear Creek Greenway Project has started and the City continues to explore connecting to the new Ecusta Trail to the City. The Ecusta Trail is a 19.4 mile greenway along an unused rail corridor that runs from Hendersonville to Brevard.

During the fiscal year the work was continued on streetscape improvements of the Historic Seventh Avenue District. This project is part of the City's initiative to advance growth that will provide a connection between the Main Street and Seventh Avenue districts.

The Mud Creek Dump project continued during fiscal year 2023 in order to conduct an environmental assessment and remediation of the Mud Creek Dump area which was a pre-1983 landfill, which predated State and Federal landfill regulations. The City will receive reimbursement of costs under a work plan approved by the pre-Regulatory Landfill Program of NCDEQ.

The City completed construction on a parking deck in fiscal year 2023 that is located near the downtown district. The new parking deck adds 253 parking spaces. The project was be funded through limited obligation bonds and will be repaid with the revenues earned from on-street, parking lot, and parking deck fees.

The City began construction a new fire station which will replace an existing station near downtown. The new station will nearly double in size at approximately 19,750 square feet and will provide adequate living-quarters and administrative office space. The City will relocate the Laura E. Corn mini-golf facility that currently shares the property with the existing station.

Construction on the new mini-golf facility at Edwards Park began construction in 2023. Mini golf will be the primary feature of the new Edwards Park. In addition to the mini golf, a new concession stand, pavilion, and playground are being added. The City exchanged property with the Henderson County School Board to build the new mini-golf facility and park.

Water & Sewer Initiatives and Projects

The City of Hendersonville provides high quality water services to approximately 78,000 people and wastewater services to approximately 21,000 while protecting natural resources and ensuring capacity for sustainable growth. The system also operates and maintains of over 683 miles of water mains (ranging in size from 2-inches to 24-inches), 60 water pumping stations, 32 water storage tanks (ranging in size from 80,000-gallons to 5,000,000-gallons), over 200 miles of sewer mains (ranging in size from 3-inches to 42-inches) and 31 sewer pumping stations.

Several major construction projects were started, continued, or completed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 including the following:

French Broad River Raw Water Intake – Construction is approximately 50% complete. The City has determined that Mills River tends to be more drought sensitive than the larger French Broad River. The purpose of this project is to design, permit, and construct a new raw water intake and pump station along the French Broad River to increase the redundancy, resiliency, and reliability of source water for the Water Treatment Plant during drought conditions and other water supply needs, and eliminate water scarcity concerns currently experienced during drought conditions. This new intake will have an initial firm pumping capacity of 12 MGD with expansion to 21 MGD. The new pump station will discharge into the existing 30-inch raw water line which extends from the intake site to the Water Treatment Plant.

Clear Creek Sewer Interceptor - The Clear Creek Interceptor Replacement is nearly complete and consists of the replacement of approximately 3,3000 linear feet of undersized 18-inch diameter gravity sewer pipe along Clear Creek with 30-inch diameter sewer pipe. The purpose of the project is to provide additional capacity alleviating sanitary sewer overflows (SSOs) and serving future growth upstream in the Edneyville area.

The Etowah Water System Improvement project is nearly complete. This project will include the installation of approximately 14,000ft. of 12-inch ductile iron water main from the proposed booster pumping station to be located adjacent to Morgan Rd. in the Etowah area. This new pump station will lift water up to the 500,000-gallon storage tank to be located on Little Mountain off of Drexel Rd. These improvements should allow the City to remove several hydro-pneumatic pump stations currently boosting water pressure at some of the higher elevations of the City's water system in the Etowah area.

4th Avenue and Ashe Street Water and Sewer - The City of Hendersonville's existing water and sewer infrastructure in the Ashe Street Neighborhood and 4th Ave area is aging and in need of replacement. City forces spend significant resources maintaining this aging infrastructure. This area of downtown Hendersonville is ripe with commercial and residential revitalization with existing water and sewer infrastructure installed in the 1920s. To stimulate the revitalization of these districts, the City of Hendersonville has planned future streetscape/roadway projects. Through a variety of construction methods, this project will replace or rehabilitate existing water and sewer infrastructure. Wastewater Treatment Ultraviolet Disinfection Improvements - The Ultraviolet (UV) Disinfection Improvements project consists of the replacement of aging UV disinfection equipment nearing the end of its useful life at the City's Wastewater Treatment Facility (WWTF). UV disinfection is the final stage of the treatment process where wastewater is disinfected before being discharged into Mud Creek. The project will consist of an additional concrete disinfection channel and new UV equipment to provide redundancy and additional capacity within this stage of the treatment process. In addition, the newer UV equipment is much more energy-efficient, saving the City an estimated \$70,000 per year through reduced electrical costs at the WWTF.

Mud Creek Interceptor Project – This project is to replace approximately 10,620 feet of gravity sewer along Mud Creek. The project includes re-routing existing tributary mains to connect to the interceptor and installing cure-in-place pipe in the existing 24" clay sewer main to connect existing flows to minimize additional creek and railroad crossings. Streambank restoration will also be completed, stabilizing approximately 700 linear feet of one side of Mud Creek. This project is expected to be completed in mid-2023.

Stormwater Initiatives and Projects

The City of Hendersonville is a federally designated National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Phase II community and operates under the authority of the Stormwater Management Program which became effective in August of 2007 after being drafted into the city's Code of Ordinances and operates as a division of the Engineering Department. NPDES Phase II is a federal and state mandated program under the Clean Water Act to address non-point source pollution or stormwater runoff. The City's NPDES Permit consists of six management areas that reduce stormwater pollution and assures clean water is maintained in our city's water bodies:

- Public Outreach and Education
- Public Involvement
- Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination
- Construction Site Runoff Control
- Post-Construction Runoff Control
- Pollution Prevention and Good Housekeeping

The Lower Mud Creek Project began planning and design. The project will provide stream restoration, along Mud Creek, 8.5 acres of wetland restoration, and an additional 9.2 acres of riparian floodplain restoration to provide ecological enhancement and stormwater treatment and implementation of complimentary flood reduction activities and additional land acquisition to further improve climate resiliency and stormwater management in the flood prone and impaired Mud Creek and Johnson Ditch watersheds. The project will be funded by federal and state grants.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Hendersonville for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022. This was the 33rd consecutive year the City of Hendersonville received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA for review.

The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report could not have been possible without the combined effort of Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC and the staff of the Hendersonville Finance and City Administration Departments. Credit must also be given to the Mayor, City Council, City Manager and Assistant City Manager for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Hendersonville.

Sincerely,

John Buchanan, CPA, CLGFO Finance Director

CITY OF HENDERSONVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA LISTING OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AND CITY STAFF YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Established

1847

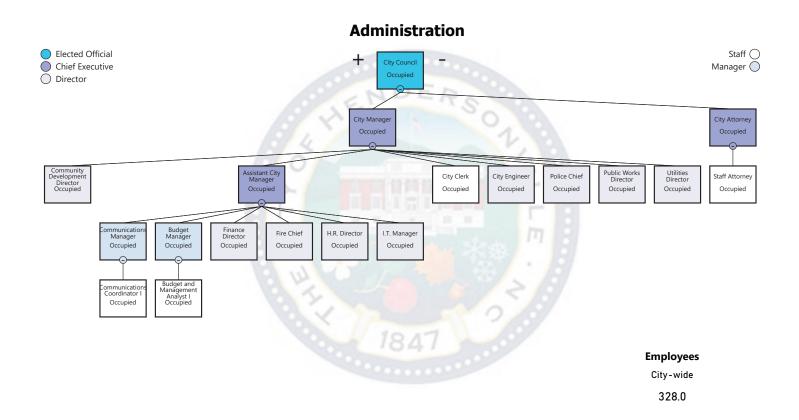
CITY COUNCIL

Mayor – Barbara Volk Mayor Pro-Tem – Lyndsey Simpson Jerry A. Smith, Jr. Dr. Jennifer Hensley

Debbie O'Neal Roundtree

CITY STAFF

City Manager – John F. Connet Assistant City Manager – Brian Pahle City Clerk – Jill Murray City Attorney – Angela S. Beeker Finance Director – John P. Buchanan, CPA, CLGFO



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Hendersonville North Carolina

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Hendersonville, North Carolina

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Hendersonville, North Carolina** (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditor, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Hendersonville, North Carolina as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Hendersonville Alcoholic Beverage Control Board (the "ABC Board") which represents 100% of the assets, net position, and revenue of the discretely presented component unit as of June 30, 2023. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the ABC Board is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. The financial statements of the ABC Board were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical reporting requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures including examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedule of Changes in the City's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – OPEB Plan, the Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability – LEOSSA, the Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll - LEOSSA, the City's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) - LGERS, and the Schedule of City Contributions - LGERS on pages 5 - 14, 87 - 88, 79 - 80, 81 - 82, 83 - 84 and 85 - 86, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and State of North Carolina Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 6, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Raleigh, North Carolina November 6, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

As management of the City of Hendersonville (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the year ended June 30, 2023 ("2023", "FY23" or "FY 2023") compared to the year ended June 30, 2022 ("2022", "FY22" or "FY 2022"). The intent of this management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") is to look at the City's financial performance as a whole, with an emphasis on the Primary Government (which excludes the City's discretely presented component unit – the ABC Board). We would encourage readers to not only consider the information presented here, but also the information provided in the letter of transmittal, the financial statements, and the notes to the financial statements to enhance their understanding of the City's overall financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the current fiscal year by \$115,485,447 (total net position for the Primary Government).
- The City's total net position for FY 2023 increased by \$6,958,935 over the prior year balance primarily due to donated assets, Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (CSLRF) and local grants.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$36,658,487, an increase of \$23,194,709 from the prior year. The increase is largely attributed to Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds, issuance of debt, and local grant proceeds.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund is \$5,563,479 which is 22% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out for the fiscal year.
- The City's total debt, excluding compensated absences, pension, and other post-employment benefits, increased by \$42,385,971 in FY23. The increase included \$18,802,000 Installment Purchase Contract to fund the replacement of a fire station, park, mini-golf course, and fire apparatus. The City also issued \$8,480,000 in revenue bonds for the City's water and sewer systems, and added \$11,316,533 in State Revolving Loan funds for the French Broad River Intake project.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

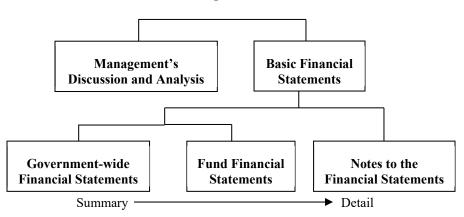
The City's annual financial statements consist of four parts – Introductory Section, the Financial Section (which includes MD&A, the financial statements, the required supplementary information, and the supplementary information), the Statistical Section, and the Compliance Section.

Financial Statements

This MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's financial statements. The City's financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The financial statements present two different views of the City through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the City.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report

Figure 1



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial Statements (Continued)

The first two statements in the basic financial statements are the *Government-wide Financial Statements*. They provide both short and long-term information about the City's financial status.

The next set of statements are *Fund Financial Statements*. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the City's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements, 2) the budgetary comparison statement, 3) the proprietary fund statements, and 4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **required supplementary information** and **supplementary information** are provided to show details about the City's retirement plans, other postemployment benefit plans, and individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the City's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the City's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into three categories: (1) governmental activities, (2) business-type activities, and (3) component units. The governmental activities program revenues and general revenues finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the City charges customers to provide. These include the water and sewer, environmental service, and stormwater activities offered by the City. The final category is the component unit. Although legally separate from the City, the Hendersonville ABC Board ("ABC Board") is important to the City because the City exercises control over the ABC Board by appointing its members. The ABC Board is required by North Carolina General Statute 18B to distribute 50 percent of its profits to the City.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the City's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the general statutes or the City's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the City's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the **Statement of Net Position** and the **Statement of Activities**) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is an integral part of the fund financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The City adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the general statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the City, the management of the City and the decisions of the Council about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the City to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for in the General Fund demonstrates how well the City complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the City succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Council; 2) the final budget as amended by the Council; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for any differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities would be shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary Funds – The City utilizes one type of proprietary fund known as an enterprise fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer activity, its environmental service operations, its stormwater operations, and its parking services. These funds are the same as those functions shown in the business-type activities in the *Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities*.

The City uses another type of proprietary fund known as an internal service fund. **Internal Service Funds** are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally to the City's various functions. The City uses an internal service fund to account for the management of its retained risks associated with a modified type of self-insurance fund for medical insurance that the City provides for its employees. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the City's own programs. Furthermore, fiduciary funds are properly used only for resources over which the government maintains some meaningful degree of ongoing responsibility. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The City uses one fiduciary fund type which is a custodial fund. The fund is used to record the sewer and stormwater billing provided to other entities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Note disclosure requirements apply only to material items and should focus on the primary government – specifically its governmental and business-type activities, major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate. The *Notes to the Financial Statements* can be found as listed in the table of contents of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other postemployment benefits to its employees. Required Supplementary Information ("RSI") is mandated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") and can be found as listed in the table of contents of this report.

Interdependence with Other Entities – The City depends on financial resources flowing from, or associated with, both the federal government and the State of North Carolina. Because of this dependency, the City is subject to changes in specific flows of intergovernmental revenues based on modifications to federal and state laws and federal and state appropriations. It is also subject to changes in investment earnings and asset values associated with U.S. Treasury securities because of actions by foreign governments and other holders of publicly held U.S. Treasury securities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

		Figure	<i>c 2</i>				
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	
Current and Other Assets	\$ 17,270,343	\$ 39,219,017	\$ 28,951,147	\$ 26,714,572	\$ 46,221,490	\$ 65,933,589	
Capital Assets	40,738,112	45,353,897	107,845,249	135,003,875	148,583,361	180,357,772	
Total Assets	58,008,455	84,572,914	136,796,396	136,796,396	194,804,851	246,291,361	
Deferred Pension Charges	3,143,669	5,511,702	2,027,033	3,806,354	5,170,702	9,318,056	
Deferred OPEB Charges	742,721	651,282	554,608	477,066	1,297,329	1,128,348	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,886,390	6,162,984	2,581,641	4,283,420	6,468,031	10,446,404	
Long-term Liabilities Outstanding	28,840,112	54,937,802	49,923,933	75,651,090	78,764,045	130,588,892	
Other Liabilities	3,642,744	2,525,553	4,758,355	6,304,812	8,401,099	8,830,365	
Total Liabilities	32,482,856	57,463,355	54,682,288	81,955,902	87,165,144	139,419,257	
Deferred Pension Credits	2,715,622	379,697	1,964,646	75,812	4,680,268	455,509	
Deferred OPEB Credits	91,981	392,688	68,683	287,645	160,664	680,333	
Lease Receipts		-	740,294	697,219	740,294	697,219	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,807,603	772,385	2,773,623	1,060,676	5,581,226	1,833,061	
Net Position:							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	19,891,169	24,328,314	71,004,372	71,668,399	90,895,541	95,996,713	
Restricted	6,802,743	7,783,564	-	-	6,802,743	7,783,564	
Unrestricted	(89,526)	388,280	10,917,754	11,316,890	10,828,228	11,705,170	
Total Net Position	\$ 26,604,386	\$ 32,500,158	\$ 81,922,126	\$ 82,985,289	\$ 108,526,512	\$ 115,485,447	

City's Net Position Figure 2

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$115,485,447 as of June 30, 2023. The City's net position increased by \$6,958,935 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The largest portion of net position of \$95,996,713 (83%) reflects the City's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, equipment, and vehicles); less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City's net position of \$7,783,564 (7%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Several particular aspects of the City's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted net position:

- The City received \$4,155,000 in Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds. The City elected to use the funds on revenue replacement in FY23.
- Approximately \$5,525,000 in water and sewer assets were given to the City by developers.
- Water and sewer service rates were increased and growth in the system resulting in an increase in revenue of \$2,201,714.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

City's Changes in Net Position Figure 3

	Govern	mental		ss-type			
	Activ	vities		vities	Total		
	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 423,314	\$ 626,935	\$ 23,426,022	\$ 25,627,736	\$ 23,849,336	\$ 26,254,671	
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,416,622	6,821,829	14,370	19,573	3,430,992	6,841,402	
Capital Grants and Contributions	-	242,832	2,933,394	5,614,713	2,933,394	5,857,545	
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes	12,084,859	12,571,874	-	-	12,084,859	12,571,874	
Other Taxes and Fees	6,987,177	7,752,404	-	-	6,987,177	7,752,404	
Grants and Contributions not Restricted							
Other Revenue	67,800	722,144	3,488	403,683	71,288	1,125,827	
Total Revenues	22,979,772	28,738,018	26,377,274	31,665,705	49,357,046	60,403,723	
Expenses:							
General Government	4,530,733	6,371,382	-	-	4,530,733	6,371,382	
Public Safety	12,476,303	14,208,697	-	-	12,476,303	14,208,697	
Transportation	2,601,447	3,395,730	-	-	2,601,447	3,395,730	
Economic and Physical Development	622,665	816,721	-	-	622,665	816,721	
Culture and Recreational	809,652	932,353	-	-	809,652	932,353	
Interest on Long-term Debt	459,091	883,110	-	-	459,091	883,110	
Water and Sewer Fund	-	-	20,876,600	23,608,570	20,876,600	23,608,570	
Parking Services Fund	-	-	454,355	612,881	454,355	612,881	
Environmental Services Fund	-	-	1,710,016	1,667,333	1,710,016	1,667,333	
Stormwater Fund	-	-	1,352,826	948,011	1,352,826	948,011	
Total Expenses	21,499,891	26,607,993	24,393,797	26,836,795	45,893,688	53,444,788	
Change in Net Position before							
Transfers	1,479,881	2,130,025	1,983,477	4,828,910	3,463,358	6,958,935	
Transfers	(350,000)	3,765,747	350,000	(3,765,747)		-	
Change in Net Position	1,129,881	5,895,772	2,333,477	1,063,163	3,463,358	6,958,935	
Net Position, Beginning of Year	25,474,505	26,604,386	79,588,649	81,922,126	105,063,154	108,526,512	
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 26,604,386	\$ 32,500,158	\$ 81,922,126	\$ 82,985,289	\$ 108,526,512	\$ 115,485,447	

Governmental Activities: Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$5,895,772 over the prior year. The key element of this increase is the proceeds from the CSLRF and other grants and contributions totaling approximately \$6,821,000.

Business-type Activities: Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$1,063,163, primarily due to increases of water and sewer rates and donated assets. The City is committed to maintain rates sufficient to meet the covenants required for revenue bonds that have been issued.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. Specifically, unassigned fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance available in the General Fund was \$5,563,479, while total fund balance reached \$11,594,167. The Governing Body has determined that the City should maintain an available fund balance for the General Fund to be at a minimum of 25% of the City's expenditure group as determined by the Local Government Commission. The City is classified by the LGC as a municipality with General Fund expenditures above \$10,000,000. The City will adjust these goals as appropriate based upon the recommendation from the LGC, modifications in North Carolina law, and potential changes in the City's financial outlook. The City's General Fund fbalance available for appropriation as a percentage of expenditures is 30.2%, and total fund balance is 48.5%.

At June 30, 2023, the governmental funds of the City reported a combined total governmental fund balance of \$36,658,487, an increase of \$23,194,709 over last year. The increase was primarily due to proceeds from the issuance of debt and the CSLRF.

The General Fund recorded operating revenues of \$21,581,054 during FY 2023, which was an increase of \$1,849,545, or 9.4% over the \$19,731,509 recorded in FY 2022, primarily due to the following:

- Ad Valorem Tax revenue increased approximately \$479,000 or 4% over FY2022 mainly due to growth.
- Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenue, which includes sales tax, increased over the prior fiscal year by approximately \$724,779 or 10.8%. Sales tax revenues are distributed on a proportional ad valorem tax levy basis in Henderson County. Increases in sales tax were driven by a strong local economy and growth.
- Investment Income earned on the investment of idle cash was approximately \$281,000. This was a significant increase over the reported loss in FY22.

Expenditures in the General Fund, not including transfers, were \$23,914,493 for fiscal year 2023, which was an increase of approximately \$4,633,469, or 24% over the \$19,281,024 recorded in fiscal year 2022, primarily due to increases in personnel costs. The increase in personnel costs included 9 additional employees, final increase recommended by the pay and class study the City completed in FY22, and the end of a grant which had covered a portion of the salaries for 12 firefighter positions. Another noteworthy increase was in total debt service costs which increased approximately \$1,043,000.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

During the fiscal year, the City revised the budget on several occasions. In general, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: (1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; (2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and (3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. The budget was revised several times throughout the year for reasons including to account for increased revenue projections at mid-year, implement phases of the pay and class increases, and adjust expenditures due to increased inflationary pressure.

All General Fund departments stayed within the appropriated budgets for the fiscal year. In total, the General Fund actual expenditures, excluding transfers, ended the year at \$23,914,493, which was approximately \$933,785 or 3.8% below the \$24,848,278 revised expenditures budget for the fiscal year 2023. The primary contributing factor is employee salary and benefits from open positions that occur during the year. Another contributing factor was the approximately \$101,000 positive variance in the Developmental Assistance Department that was due to the Comprehensive Plan Project work that was not completed in FY23.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

The Governmental Capital Projects Fund, a major fund, includes expenditures for the Fire Station One, Edwards Park, City Hall Renovation, Seventh Avenue Streetscape and Tracey Grove Road Bridge projects. The construction of Fire Station 1, Edwards Park and the City Hall renovations were underway in FY23 and are expected to be complete in FY24.

The Grants Fund, a major fund, includes expenditures for state, federal, and local grants. These grants include the CSLRF, Staffing For Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER), Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources (NCDENR).

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Non-Major Governmental Funds consist of Special Revenue Funds that are funded by specific revenue sources, including the City's two Municipal Service Districts (Main Street and Seventh Avenue). Revenues for FY23 in the non-major governmental funds decreased by approximately \$2,340,800 and expenditures decreased by approximately \$876,000 over the prior year. The primary reason for the decrease is the Grant Fund was reported as a major fund in FY23.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary fund statements provide additional detail by fund for the information combined in the government-wide statements.

Water & Sewer Fund

The Water & Sewer Fund recorded approximately \$22,494,000 in operating revenues for fiscal year 2023. This was a \$1,812,000 or a 8.8% increase over fiscal year 2022. The primary reason for this increase is an increase in the rates for water and sewer, growth of the system.

The Water & Sewer Fund recorded approximately \$22,535,000 in operating expenditures for fiscal year 2023. This was approximately \$2,763,000 or 14% greater than fiscal year 2023. The primary reason for the increase is due to the increase in wages for the pay and class study changes and new positions. Inflation was another significant factor. Total net position ended the year at \$82,209,392, an increase of \$1,180,658 with \$12,273,614 unrestricted.

Parking Services Fund

The City is completed construction of a downtown parking deck and began charging for on-street parking in fiscal year 2023. The City did not begin charging for deck or on-street parking until March of 2023 causing expenditures not including transfers to exceed revenues by \$861,026 in the fund. The total net position of the Parking Services Fund at year-end was \$354,329 with (458,858) unrestricted.

Non-major Enterprise Funds

Total net position decreased in the non-major enterprise funds by \$335,961 or 44% at June 30, 2023 compared to the prior year. Combined operating revenues increased approximately \$44,000 or 1.7%. Rising operating costs continue to be an issue.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's capital and right-to-use assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2023, totaled approximately \$180,357,772 (net of accumulated depreciation). This was an increase of \$31,774,411 from the prior year total. These capital assets include buildings, roads and bridges, land, machinery and equipment, water and sewer lines, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions:

- Construction of a parking deck (completed)
- Etowah Water System Improvements (substantially complete)
- Construction of the French Broad River Raw Water Intake
- Clear Creek Sewer Interceptor
- Edwards Park and Laura E. Corn Mini-Golf
- Fire Station One

City's Net Capital Assets Figure 4

		nmental vities		ess-type vities	Total			
	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023		
Land	\$ 4,804,022	\$ 5,114,207	\$ 5,416,226	\$ 5,601,616	\$ 10,220,248	\$ 10,715,823		
Buildings	20,432,311	19,490,118	781,296	11,562,062	21,213,607	31,052,180		
Other Improvements	1,131,410	1,045,839	173,087	153,162	1,304,497	1,199,001		
Machinery and Equipment	3,676,505	4,487,624	3,653,238	4,812,022	7,329,743	9,299,646		
Infrastructure	9,096,394	8,469,636	70,235,665	78,434,772	79,332,059	86,904,408		
Software	-	-	30,691	22,235	30,691	22,235		
Lease assets	-	163,476	-	61,335	-	224,811		
Subscription assets	-	201,784	-	418,712	-	620,496		
Construction in Progress	1,597,470	6,381,213	27,555,046	33,937,959	29,152,516	40,319,172		
Total	\$ 40,738,112	\$ 45,353,897	\$ 107,845,249	\$ 135,003,875	\$ 148,583,361	\$ 180,357,772		

The chart above reflects the City's capital assets and right-to-use assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization.

Capital asset purchases are part of the City's Ten-Year Capital Improvement Program which is reviewed and revised each year and formally adopted by the City Council. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt

As of June 30, 2023, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$39,836,046 (net of unamortized premiums). Of this total bonded debt, \$539,000 is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The revenue bonds are secured by specified revenue sources, and the remainder of the City's debt represents loans secured solely by lien on the particular assets financed.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

Long-term Debt (Continued)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	vpe Activities	Total			
	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 694,000	\$ 539,000	\$ -	\$-	\$ 694,000	\$ 539,000		
Limited Obligation Bonds	3,335,000	3,115,000	10,965,000	10,590,000	14,300,000	13,705,000		
Bond Premiums	600,950	520,655	1,687,051	1,520,391	2,288,001	2,041,046		
Revenue Bonds	-	-	16,589,000	23,551,000	16,589,000	23,551,000		
State Revolving Loans	-	-	15,909,417	26,463,673	15,909,417	26,463,673		
Installment Purchase Contracts	17,124,552	37,894,506	834,418	5,080,534	17,958,970	42,975,040		
Lease liabilities	-	163,731	-	62,233	-	225,964		
Subscription liabilities	-	191,259	-	433,377	-	624,636		
Compensated absences	1,121,124	1,259,381	729,814	763,166	1,850,938	2,022,547		
Total OPEB Liability	2,546,015	2,241,819	1,901,173	1,642,136	4,447,188	3,883,955		
Net Pension Liability (LGERS)	1,751,465	7,567,257	1,308,060	5,544,580	3,059,525	13,111,837		
Total Pension Liability (LEOSSA)	1,667,006	1,445,194	-	-	1,667,006	1,445,194		
Total	\$ 28,840,112	\$ 54,937,802	\$ 49,923,933	\$ 75,651,090	\$ 78,764,045	\$ 130,588,892		

City's Outstanding Debt Figure 5

• Total debt increased by \$42,385,971 during fiscal year 2023. The primary contributing factors are an \$18,802,000 Installment Purchase Contract to fund the replacement of a fire station, park, mini-golf course, and fire apparatus. The City also issued \$8,480,000 in revenue bonds for the City's water and sewer systems and added \$11,316,533 in State Revolving Loan funds for the French Broad River Intake project.

North Carolina General Statute 159-55 limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to eight (8) percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the City is approximately \$185,269,600.

Additional information regarding the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Economic Factors

The following key economic indicators reflect the prosperity of the City:

- Henderson County's unemployment rate was 3.0% as of June 30, 2023. This was down 0.50% over FY22.
- The certified population estimate for the City of Hendersonville as of July 1, 2023 was 16,443.
- A new \$80M commerce center is under construction in the City that will provide more than 654,000 sqft of Class A industrial warehouse space..
- New project near in downtown Hendersonville continues to make progress and is expected to provide a hotel, conference center, and luxury condominiums.
- One large apartment complex completed approximately 190 units in its first phase, and the second phase is under construction.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

• A development with approximately 140 townhomes was completed, and approximately 180 single family homes are under construction.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024

The City continues to build and revise its strategic plan. This process includes the development of vision and mission statements along with setting priorities focusing on six main areas, including economic vitality, strong partnerships, sound infrastructure, numerous amenities, great public services, and financial sustainability.

The fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 ("2024" or "FY 2024") operating budget totals approximately \$55,780,000 for the City's budgeted operating funds. This is approximately \$3,614,000 or 7.0%, higher than the approximately \$52,166,000 original FY 2023 budget.

Governmental Activities

Property taxes total approximately \$13,942,000 of the FY2024 recommended budget for the General Fund which makes up the majority of the governmental activities. The FY24 budget includes a \$2.4M (21.22%) increase over the current year revised budget. In FY24, the City decreased the ad valorem tax rate by \$0.03 per \$100 valuation. While we have decreased compared to FY23, the \$0.49 rate represents an approximate \$0.07 increase over the revenue neutral rate of \$0.4192 per \$100 valuation. Property tax continues to be the most stable revenue source for local government in North Carolina and pending any major externalities should remain relatively stable.

Local option sales taxes are an elastic revenue source, totaling approximately \$5.9M in the FY24 budget. This budget amount represents an approximate \$180k (3.1%) increase over FY23. We have seen unprecedented growth in sales tax revenues in recent years, and remain conservative with our budgeted sales tax revenues in FY24 due to market conditions.

The budgeted fund balance appropriation in the General Fund is \$1,666,590.

Business-type Activities

The Water and Sewer Fund's primary revenue source is water and sewer sales & services – fees assessed for the consumption/usage of service. Sales & services revenues are approximately 96.13% of the total FY24 budget. Other revenues sources include but are not limited to, permits and fees (3.79%), investment earnings (0.03%), and miscellaneous sources (0.05%).

Sales & services total \$22.9M (96.13%) in the FY24 Water and Sewer Fund budget. The FY24 budget includes estimated revenues earned from meter-based and volumetric usage charges. The City is recognizing a pattern of residential, commercial, and industrial growth that will bring a higher demand for service adding additional connections and revenue to the utility system.

Additional Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the City's finances for those with an interest in this area. Additional information may be found at the City website: <u>http://www.hvlnc.gov</u>.

Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Director, 160 6th Ave East, Hendersonville, North Carolina 28792.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

		Component Unit			
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Hendersonville ABC Board	
ASSETS	¢ 0.045.744	¢ 2,000,062	ф <u>7 005 77</u> 4	¢ 1.050.404	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,945,711 4,833,564	\$ 3,890,063	\$ 7,835,774	\$ 1,252,181	
Investments	4,833,564	5,946,616	10,780,180	-	
Receivables, net:	040.070		040.070		
Taxes receivable	248,073	-	248,073	-	
Accounts	427,077	3,585,723	4,012,800	687	
Grants	1,029,670	140	1,029,810	-	
Shared taxes	1,964,000	3,200	1,967,200	-	
Refundable taxes	758,364	16,243	774,607	-	
Loans	-	2,921,883	2,921,883	-	
Accrued interest	24,423	15,748	40,171	-	
Internal balances	675,217	(675,217)	-	-	
Prepaid items	37,653	37,868	75,521	40,185	
Inventories	-	1,288,262	1,288,262	999,647	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	24,307,281	8,948,326	33,255,607		
Notes and leases receivable	967.984	735,717	1,703,701		
	,	,		-	
Capital assets, nondepreciable	11,495,420	39,539,575	51,034,995	-	
Capital assets, depreciable, net of					
accumulated depreciation	33,858,477	95,464,300	129,322,777	1,639,790	
Total assets	84,572,914	161,718,447	246,291,361	3,932,490	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension related items	5,511,702	3,806,354	9,318,056	374,819	
OPEB related items	651,282	477,066	1,128,348	-	
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,162,984	4,283,420	10,446,404	374,819	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	1,679,119	4,711,149	6,390,268	613,459	
Retainage payable	209,651	725,910	935,561	-	
Accrued salaries and benefits	324,507	304,894	629,401	_	
Accrued interest payable	312,276	185,941	498,217		
	512,270	376,918		_	
Customer deposits Other accrued liabilities	-	570,910	376,918	450.000	
	-	-	-	150,000	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due within one year	3,708,064	5,396,337	9,104,401	-	
Due in more than one year	51,229,738	70,254,753	121,484,491	472,189	
Total liabilities	57,463,355	81,955,902	139,419,257	1,235,648	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension related items	379,697	75,812	455,509	1,995	
OPEB related items	392,688	287,645	680,333	-	
Lease receipts		697,219	697,219	-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	772,385	1,060,676	1,833,061	1,995	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	24,328,314	71,668,399	95,996,713	1,639,790	
Restricted for:	_,,,,_	,,	,,-	.,,	
	4,202,146		1 202 146	244 202	
Stabilization by State Statute		-	4,202,146	341,392	
USDA debt reserve	124,449	-	124,449	-	
Economic development	378,440	-	378,440	-	
Public safety	1,333,329	-	1,333,329	-	
Human services	1,500,000	-	1,500,000	-	
Parks	245,200	-	245,200	-	
Capital projects Unrestricted	- 388,280	- 11,316,890	- 11,705,170	30,629 1 057 855	
				1,057,855	
Total net position	\$ 32,500,158	\$ 82,985,289	\$ 115,485,447	\$ 3,069,666	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

					Prog	ram Revenues		
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital rants and ntributions
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	6,371,382	\$	57,141	\$	-	\$	9,702
Public safety	,	14,208,697	,	271,432	•	6,355,479	•	-
Transportation		3,395,730		-		463,850		233,130
Economic and physical development		816,721		214,950		,		-
Culture and recreation		932,353		83,412		2,500		-
Interest on long-term debt		883,110		-		_,000		-
Total governmental activities		26,607,993		626,935		6,821,829		242,832
Business-type activities:								
Water and sewer		23,608,570		22,512,835		6,420		5,525,336
Parking services		612,881		564,735		-		
Environmental services		1,667,333		1,524,404		13,153		-
Stormwater		948,011		1,025,762		-		89,377
Total business-type activities		26,836,795		25,627,736		19,573		5,614,713
Total primary government		53,444,788		26,254,671		6,841,402		5,857,545
Component unit:								
Hendersonville ABC Board	\$	11.426.820	\$	11.541.820	\$	-	\$	_
-	\$	11,426,820	<u>\$</u> Gener	11,541,820	\$			\$

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

- Sales taxes
- Franchise taxes
- Gross receipts tax
- Other taxes

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year

Net position, end of year

		Changes			(Component	
		Primary Governmen	t		,	Unit	
	overnmental Activities	nmental Business-type		Total	Hendersonville ABC Board		
\$	(6,304,539)	\$ -	\$	(6,304,539)	\$	-	
	(7,581,786)	-		(7,581,786)		-	
	(2,698,750)	-		(2,698,750)		-	
	(601,771)	-		(601,771)		-	
	(846,441)	-		(846,441)		-	
	(883,110)	-		(883,110)		-	
	(18,916,397)			(18,916,397)		-	
		4,436,021		4,436,021			
	-	4,430,021 (48,146		(48,146)		-	
	-	(40,140) (129,776)		(129,776)		-	
	-	167,128	,	167,128		-	
		4,425,227		4,425,227		-	
	(18,916,397)	4,425,227		(14,491,170)		-	
	(10,910,397)	4,423,221		(14,431,170)		-	
	-			-		115,000	
	12,571,874	-		12,571,874		-	
	5,882,131	-		5,882,131		-	
	1,347,011	-		1,347,011		-	
	12,084	-		12,084		-	
	511,178			511,178		-	
	565,359	403,683		969,042		15,029	
	156,785		,	156,785		-	
	3,765,747	(3,765,747		-			
	24,812,169	(3,362,064		21,450,105		15,029	
	5,895,772	1,063,163		6,958,935		130,029	
	26,604,386	81,922,126		108,526,512	-	2,939,637	
5	32,500,158	\$ 82,985,289	\$	115,485,447	\$	3,069,666	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		General Fund		Grants Fund	G	overnmental Capital Projects Fund		lonmajor vernmental Funds		Total
ASSETS	•	0 704 440	\$	07.005	•		•		•	0 074 775
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,784,140	\$	87,635	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,871,775
Investments Receivables. net:		4,481,324		103,305		-		161,832		4,746,461
Taxes receivable		237,988		-				10,085		248,073
Accounts		237,988 426,957		-		-		10,065		246,073 426,957
Grants		420,957		- 821,040		- 208,630		-		426,957
Shared taxes		- 1,865,504		021,040		206,630		- 98,496		1,964,000
Refundable taxes		758,364		-		-		90,490		758,364
Accrued interest		20,605		- 3,201		-		- 617		24,423
Due from other funds		20,605		3,201		-		017		24,423 675,217
		,		-		-		- 150		,
Prepaid items		37,503		-		-				37,653
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Notes receivable		124,449		1,494,609		22,477,006		211,217		24,307,281
Notes receivable		455,484		512,500				-		967,984
Total assets	\$	12,867,535	\$	3,022,290	\$	22,685,636	\$	482,397	\$	39,057,858
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	720,561	\$	17,611	\$	868,784	\$	10,184	\$	1,617,140
Retainage payable	•	-	•	-		209,651	•	-	•	209,651
Accrued salaries and benefits		314,834		-				9,673		324,507
Total liabilities		1,035,395		17,611		1,078,435		19,857		2,151,298
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		237,973		-		-		10,100		248,073
Total deferred inflows of resources		237,973		-	_	-		10,100		248,073
FUND BALANCES										
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Prepaid items		37,503		-		-		150		37,653
Restricted for:										
Stabilization by State Statute		4,202,146		-		-		-		4,202,146
USDA debt reserve		124,449		-		-		-		124,449
Capital projects		-		-		21,607,201		-		21,607,201
Economic development		-		-		-		378,440		378,440
Public safety		-		1,259,479		-		73,850		1,333,329
Human services		-		1,500,000		-		-		1,500,000
Parks		-		245,200		-		-		245,200
Assigned for fiscal year 2024 budget		2,614,518		-		-		-		2,614,518
Unassigned		4,615,551		-		-		-		4,615,551
Total fund balances		11,594,167		3,004,679		21,607,201		452,440		36,658,487
Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
of resources and fund balances	\$	12,867,535	\$	3,022,290	\$	22,685,636	\$	482,397	\$	39,057,858

RECONCILIATION OF THE TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are differen	t be	cause:	
Fund balances - total governmental funds			\$ 36,658,487
Capital assets and right-to-use assets used in governmental activities are not current f and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	inan	icial resources	
Cost	\$	74,325,840	
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(28,971,943)	45,353,897
Internal service funds are used by the City to charge cost to other funds. The assets included in the governmental activities.	ano	d liabilities are	99,180
Property tax revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current finance reported as unavailable revenues in the funds.	cial	resources are	248,073
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not funds.	rep	orted in the	
Bonds payable, net of unamortized premiums	\$	(4,174,655)	
Installment purchase contracts		(37,617,673)	
Financed purchases		(276,833)	
Leases		(163,731)	
Subscription-based information technology arrangements		(191,259)	
Accrued interest		(312,276)	
Compensated absences		(1,259,381)	(43,995,808)
The net pension liability (LGERS), total pension liability (LEOSSA), and the related de resources and deferred inflows of resources are not expected to be liquidated with exp financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Net pension liability (LGERS)	\$	(7,567,257)	
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)		(1,445,194)	
Deferred outflows of resources - pension items		5,511,702	
Deferred inflows of resources - pension items		(379,697)	(3,880,446)
The total OPEB liability and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources and, t reported in the funds.			
Total OPEB liability	\$	(2,241,819)	
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB items		651,282	
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB items		(392,688)	 (1,983,225)
Net position - governmental activities			\$ 32,500,158

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund	Grants Fund	Governmental Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 12,027,091	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 334,132	\$ 12,361,223
Other taxes and licenses	12,084	-	-	-	12,084
Unrestricted intergovernmental	7,393,606	-	-	352,928	7,746,534
Restricted intergovernmental	891,391	5,904,910	233,130	5,298	7,034,729
Permits and fees	458,957	-	-	-	458,957
Sales and services	352,080	-	-	24,335	376,415
Investment earnings (loss)	281,089	37,894	237,620	8,756	565,359
Miscellaneous	164,756	<u> </u>	2,500	16,094	183,350
Total revenues	21,581,054	5,942,804	473,250	741,543	28,738,651
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	5,367,104	360,000	44,594	-	5,771,698
Public safety	12,258,301	675,349	-	98,081	13,031,731
Transportation	2,907,834	38,786	-	-	2,946,620
Economic and physical development	-	130,123	-	648,482	778,605
Culture and recreation	892,052	-	-	-	892,052
Capital outlay	-	5,735	5,810,568	-	5,816,303
Debt service:					
Principal	1,682,931	-	-	28,340	1,711,271
Interest	806,271	-	-	17,254	823,525
Issuance costs			80,315		80,315
Total expenditures	23,914,493	1,209,993	5,935,477	792,157	31,852,120
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(2,333,439)	4,732,811	(5,462,227)	(50,614)	(3,113,469)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Sale of capital assets	81,216	-	-	-	81,216
Issuance of long-term debt	1,254,350	-	21,206,865	-	22,461,215
Transfers in	4,555,606	537,691	4,955,004	400,000	10,448,301
Transfers out	(1,726,948)	(4,555,606)		(400,000)	(6,682,554)
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,164,224	(4,017,915)	26,161,869		26,308,178
Net change in fund balances	1,830,785	714,896	20,699,642	(50,614)	23,194,709
Fund balances, beginning of year	9,763,382	2,289,783	907,559	503,054	13,463,778
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 11,594,167	\$ 3,004,679	\$ 21,607,201	\$ 452,440	\$ 36,658,487

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 23,194,709
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	
Capital outlay\$ 7,624,871Depreciation and amortization expense(2,641,274)	4,983,597
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net position.	
Net book value of capital assets disposed\$ (377,514)Donations of capital assets9,702	(367,812)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Unavailable revenue - property taxes\$ (9,429)Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental(906)	
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences	
Installment purchase contracts issued \$ (21,992,123) Inception of lease arrangements (176,053)	
Inception of subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) (293,039)	
Principal payments on outstanding bonds payable375,000Principal payments on outstanding installment purchase contracts1,084,200	
Principal payments on outstanding financed purchases137,969Principal payments on outstanding leases12,322	
Principal payments on outstanding SBITAs101,780	(20,749,944)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Accrued interest \$ (139,880)	
Amortization of bond premium80,295Change in compensated absences(138,257)	
Change in pension expense (LGERS) (807,877)	
Change in pension expense (LEOSSA)(82,145)Change in OPEB expense(87,950)	
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of health and welfare benefits expenses for the City's employees to the City's individual funds. The net expense of the internal service funds is	
reported with governmental activities.	21,371
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 5,895,772

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

				Variance
		Amounts		with Final
Devenues	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Revenues	¢ 11 460 060	¢ 11 701 700	¢ 10.007.001	¢ 000.000
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 11,469,868	\$ 11,794,708	\$ 12,027,091	\$ 232,383
Other taxes and licenses	9,000	10,720	12,084	1,364
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue	6,694,346	7,364,473	7,393,606	29,133
Restricted intergovernmental revenue	757,779	793,059	891,391	98,332
Permits and fees	435,600	450,745	458,957	8,212
Sales and services	86,100	373,805	352,080	(21,725)
Investment earnings	175,000	232,760	281,089	48,329
Miscellaneous revenues	313,000	203,297	164,756	(38,541)
Total revenues	19,940,693	21,223,567	21,581,054	357,487
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	5,108,381	5,831,815	5,367,104	464,711
Public safety	11,752,426	12,614,448	12,258,301	356,147
Transportation	3,081,846	2,972,728	2,907,834	64,894
Culture and recreation	879,962	939,563	892,052	47,511
Debt service:				
Principal	1,501,267	1,674,379	1,682,931	(8,552)
Interest and fiscal charges	812,301	815,345	806,271	9,074
Total expenditures	23,136,183	24,848,278	23,914,493	933,785
(Deficiency) of revenues (under)				
expenditures	(3,195,490)	(3,624,711)	(2,333,439)	1,291,272
Other financing sources (uses)				
Sale of capital assets	20,000	87,220	81,216	(6,004)
Issuance of long-term debt	1,088,700	1,386,219	1,254,350	(131,869)
Appropriation of fund balance			1,204,550	
	1,666,590	1,086,525	-	(1,086,525)
Operating transfers in from other funds	1,250,000	4,511,800	4,555,606	43,806
Operating transfers out to other funds	(829,800)	(3,447,053)	(1,726,948)	1,720,105
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,195,490	3,624,711	4,164,224	539,513
Net change in fund balance	-	-	1,830,785	1,830,785
Fund balances, beginning of year	9,763,382	9,763,382	9,763,382	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 9,763,382	\$ 9,763,382	\$ 11,594,167	\$ 1,830,785

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Water and Sewer Fund	Parking Services Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
ASSETS					
Current assets:	A A A A A A A A A A	•	•	• • • • • • • • •	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,890,063	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,890,063	\$ 73,936
Investments	5,946,616	-	-	5,946,616	87,103
Receivables, net:	0 400 500	0.400	000.004	0 505 700	100
Accounts	3,198,599	6,130	380,994	3,585,723	120
Grants	140	-	-	140	-
Shared taxes	-	-	3,200	3,200	-
Refundable taxes	-	16,243	-	16,243	-
Loans from State Revolving Fund	2,913,583	-	8,300	2,921,883	-
Accrued interest	15,400	348	-	15,748	-
Lease receivable	2,807	-	-	2,807	-
Prepaid items	37,868	-	-	37,868	-
Inventories	1,288,262	-	-	1,288,262	-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	8,948,326	-	-	8,948,326	-
Total current assets	26,241,664	22,721	392,494	26,656,879	161,159
Noncurrent assets: Lease receivable	732,910			722.040	
	732,910	-	-	732,910	-
Capital assets:	27 200 400	4 040 050	240 450	20 520 575	
Non-depreciable	37,280,460	1,912,656	346,459	39,539,575	-
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	82,851,873	11,010,922	1,601,505	95,464,300	
Total capital assets, net Total noncurrent assets	<u>120,132,333</u> 120,865,243	12,923,578	<u>1,947,964</u> 1,947,964	<u>135,003,875</u> 135,736,785	
Total honcurrent assets	120,803,243	12,923,578	1,947,904	133,730,703	
Total assets	147,106,907	12,946,299	2,340,458	162,393,664	161,159
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related items	3,292,712		513,642	2 906 254	
OPEB related items		-	64,316	3,806,354 477,066	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	412,750 3,705,462		577,958	4,283,420	
Total deletted outliows of resources	3,703,402		577,956	4,203,420	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:		- /			
Accounts payable	4,621,485	21,922	67,742	4,711,149	61,979
Retainage payable	725,910	-	-	725,910	-
Accrued salaries and benefits	266,299	2,932	35,663	304,894	-
Due to other funds	-	412,129	263,088	675,217	-
Accrued interest payable	136,102	43,521	6,318	185,941	-
Customer deposits payable	375,843	1,075	-	376,918	-
Compensated absences, current	357,473	-	42,316	399,789	-
Current portion of long-term debt	4,288,829	554,492	153,227	4,996,548	-
Total current liabilities	10,771,941	1,036,071	568,354	12,376,366	61,979
L					
Long-term liabilities:	000 404		10,100	000 077	
Compensated absences, less current portion	323,181	-	40,196	363,377	-
Long-term debt, less current portion	50,279,072	11,555,899	869,701	62,704,672	-
Net pension liability	4,796,366	-	748,202	5,544,568	-
Total OPEB liability	<u>1,420,751</u> 56,819,370		221,385	1,642,136	
Total long-term liabilities	56,819,370	11,555,899	1,879,484	70,254,753	
Total liabilities	67,591,311	12,591,970	2,447,838	82,631,119	61,979
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			40.004	75.040	
Pension related items	65,581	-	10,231	75,812	-
OPEB related items	248,866	-	38,779	287,645	-
Lease receipts	697,219			697,219	
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,011,666		49,010	1,060,676	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	69,935,778	813,187	919,434	71,668,399	-
Unrestricted	12,273,614	(458,858)	(497,866)	11,316,890	99,180
Total net position	\$ 82,209,392	\$ 354,329	\$ 421,568	\$ 82,985,289	\$ 99,180
				<u> </u>	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Water and Sewer Fund	Parking Services Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 21,489,697	\$ 564,735	\$ 2,550,166	\$ 24,604,598	\$ 390,026
Water and sewer taps	402,284	-	-	402,284	-
Other operating income	620,854		-	620,854	25,936
Total operating revenues	22,512,835	564,735	2,550,166	25,627,736	415,962
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Administrative	5,382,824	-	-	5,382,824	-
Operations support	5,117,405	-	-	5,117,405	-
Water treatment and distribution	5,104,471	-	-	5,104,471	-
Waste collection and treatment	3,053,835	-	1,535,233	4,589,068	-
Parking services		215,757	-	215.757	-
Stormwater	-	,	869,937	869,937	-
Risk management and employee benefits	-	-	-	-	394,591
Depreciation and amortization	4,217,802	129,374	192,853	4,540,029	-
Total operating expenses	22,876,337	345,131	2,598,023	25,819,491	394,591
Operating income (loss)	(363,502)	219,604	(47,857)	(191,755)	21,371
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)					
Investment earnings	335,637	64,359	3,687	403.683	-
Intergovernmental revenue	· -	-	12,865	12,865	-
Other nonoperating revenue	6,420	-	288	6,708	-
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(350)	-	-	(350)	-
Interest expense	(610,633)	(267,750)	(17,321)	(895,704)	-
Debt issuance costs	(121,250)	-	-	(121,250)	-
Total nonoperating expenses, net	(390,176)	(203,391)	(481)	(594,048)	-
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL					
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(753,678)	16,213	(48,338)	(785,803)	21,371
Capital contributions	5,525,336	-	89,377	5,614,713	-
Transfers in	425,000	202,253	-	627,253	-
Transfers out	(4,016,000)	-	(377,000)	(4,393,000)	-
Total capital contributions and transfers	1,934,336	202,253	(287,623)	1,848,966	-
Change in net position	1,180,658	218,466	(335,961)	1,063,163	21,371
NET POSITION, beginning of year	81,028,734	135,863	757,529	81,922,126	77,809
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 82,209,392	\$ 354,329	\$ 421,568	\$ 82,985,289	\$ 99,180

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Water and Sewer Fund	Parking Services Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 22.492.382	\$ 566.485	\$ 2.573.318	\$ 25.632.185	\$ 415,962
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers and service providers	\$ 22,492,382 (4,833,179)	\$ 566,485 (113,516)	\$ 2,573,318 (743,645)	\$ 25,632,185 (5,690,340)	\$ 415,962 (388,280)
Payments to employees	(10,139,157)	(111,608)	(1,669,609)	(11,920,374)	(000,200)
Net cash provided by operating activities	7,520,046	341,361	160,064	8,021,471	27,682
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from (purchases of) investments	(1,170,003)	2,986	49,918	(1,117,099)	18,893
Interest income received	323,662	64,011		387,673	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(846,341)	66,997	49,918	(729,426)	18,893
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Purchases of capital assets	(17,448,722)	(8,660,651)	(604,386)	(26,713,759)	-
Interfund borrowings for capital asset purchases Interfund transfer out for reimbursement of project costs	- (4,016,000)	412,129	263,088 (377,000)	675,217 (4,393,000)	-
Proceeds from capital grants	(4,010,000)	-	(377,000) 24,620	(4,393,000) 24,620	-
Principal payments on long-term debt	(2,551,152)	(375,000)	(129,917)	(3,056,069)	-
Interest payments on long-term debt	(520,891)	(435,951)	(14,168)	(971,010)	-
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	24,938,696	-	612,013	25,550,709	-
Bond issuance costs paid	(121,250)	-	-	(121,250)	-
Capital grants received	61,959	-	-	61,959	-
Insurance reimbursements	6,420	-	-	6,420	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	349,060	(9,059,473)	(225,750)	(8,936,163)	-
				<u>.</u>	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in	425,000	202,253	_	627,253	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	425,000	202,253	-	627,253	-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	7,447,765	(8,448,862)	(15,768)	(1,016,865)	46,575
Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of year	5,390,624	8,448,862	15,768	13,855,254	27,361
	· <u>·····</u>			. <u></u>	
End of year	\$ 12,838,389	\$ -	\$-	\$ 12,838,389	\$ 73,936
Classified as:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,890,063	\$-	\$ -	\$ 3,890,063	\$ 73,936
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Total	8,948,326 \$ 12,838,389	- \$	-	8,948,326 \$ 12,838,389	\$ 73,936
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net					
cash provided by operating activities:	¢ (202 502)	¢ 040.004	¢ (47.057)	¢ (404.755)	¢ 04.074
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ (363,502)	\$ 219,604	\$ (47,857)	\$ (191,755)	\$ 21,371
Depreciation and amortization	4,217,802	129,374	192,853	4,540,029	-
(Increase) decrease in customer accounts receivable	(9,905)	1,750	23,152	14,997	-
(Increase) decrease in refundable taxes receivable	19	(12,299)	(3,200)	(15,480)	-
Increase in lease receivable and related deferrals	(40,962)	-	-	(40,962)	-
Decrease in prepaid expenses	79,806	-	-	79,806	-
Decrease in inventories Increase in accounts payable	316,113 2,890,225	-	- 9,556	316,113 2,899,781	- 6,311
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries and benefits	(206,919)	2,932	(46,657)	(250,644)	0,311
Increase in customer deposits payable	30,414	2,552	(40,007)	30,414	-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable	54,596	-	(21,244)	33,352	-
Increase in net pension liability and related deferrals Increase (decrease) in total OPEB liability	504,826	-	63,527	568,353	-
and related deferrals	47,533	-	(10,066)	37,467	-
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 7,520,046	\$ 341,361	\$ 160,064	\$ 8,021,471	\$ 27,682
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			• • • • • • •		
Donations of capital assets	\$ 5,463,377	\$-	\$ 64,757	\$ 5,528,134	\$-
Right-to-use asset acquired via leasing arrangement	67,521	-	-	67,521	-
Right-to-use asset acquired via SBITA Total noncash capital and related financing activities	<u>552,070</u> \$ 6,082,968	<u> </u>	\$ 64,757	<u>552,070</u> \$ 6,147,725	\$ -
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STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS	Billing Custodial Fund
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$
Accounts receivable	500,752
Total assets	541,060
LIABILITIES	
Due to others	541,060
Total liabilities	541,060
NET POSITION	
Restricted: Individuals, organizations, and other governments	
Total net position	\$

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

ADDITIONS	 Billing Custodial Fund
Sewer and stormwater billing collections	\$ 2,256,288
Total additions	 2,256,288
DEDUCTIONS Payments to other governments and entities	 2,256,288
Total deductions	 2,256,288
Change in fiduciary net position	-
NET POSITION, beginning of year	 <u> </u>
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Hendersonville, North Carolina (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The City's significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City was originally incorporated on January 7, 1847, and operated under a Council-Mayor form of government. With the election of 1993, the City changed to a Council-Manager form of government. City Council consists of the Mayor and four (4) other members who are elected by qualified voters of the City. The Mayor and City Council, elected for four (4) year staggered terms, are vested with the legislative and policymaking powers of the City. The City Council appoints a City Manager who serves as the chief executive officer of the City and is responsible to the City Council for proper administration of all affairs of the City.

The City's major operations consist of general government, public safety (police and fire), transportation, environmental protection, economic and physical development, cultural and recreational, water and sewer, parking services and stormwater services.

The financial statements of the City include one (1) discretely presented component unit – the City of Hendersonville Alcoholic Beverage Control Board (the "ABC Board"). Members of the ABC Board's governing body are appointed by the City. In addition, the ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute 50% of its surpluses to the General Fund of the City. The remainder is distributed to Henderson County and the Henderson County Board of Public Education. The ABC Board, which has a June 30th year end, is presented as a business-type activity discretely presented component unit. Complete financial information, including separately issued financial statements, may be obtained from the ABC Board's administrative offices located at 205 South Church Street, Hendersonville, North Carolina 28792.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The statement of net position includes non-current assets and non-current liabilities. In addition, the government-wide statement of activities reflects depreciation and amortization expense on the City's capital assets and intangible right-to-use assets.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to those who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers all revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to other long-term liabilities, such as compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and related items, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, intergovernmental grants, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions*, the corresponding assets (receivables) in non-exchange transactions are recognized in the period in which the underlying exchange occurs, when an enforceable legal claim has arisen, when all eligibility requirements have been met, or when resources are received, depending on the revenue source.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, individual major funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund and is an annually budgeted fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenues and other receipts that (a) are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to other funds or (b) that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to other funds are accounted for in the General Fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

The **Grants Fund** is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of Federal and State grants, excluding those for which it may be deemed necessary for a separate fund to be established due to the size or nature of the grant.

The **Governmental Capital Projects Fund** is used to account for and report funds that are restricted, committed, or assigned for capital improvements. This fund adopts a multi-year project budget.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The **Water and Sewer Fund** is an annually budgeted fund and accounts for the operation, maintenance and development of the City's water and sewer system.

The **Parking Services Fund** is an annually budgeted fund and accounts for the operation and maintenance of parking locations to residents and visitors throughout the City.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The **special revenue funds** are used to account for specific revenues, such as various grants and contributions, which are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for particular purposes.

The **enterprise funds** are used to account for the City's stormwater, sanitation, and recycling operations.

The **internal service fund** is used to administer payments for employee health claims. Expenditures of benefits to City staff whose costs are reported in the City's funds are not eliminated in the preparation of the fund financial statements but are eliminated and included with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The **custodial fund** is used to account for money collected on behalf of other municipalities and utilities for which the City provides billing services. The custodial fund does not report any net position as no further action, approval, or condition is required to be taken to release the assets in the fund as the City incurs a liability as soon as it takes control of the resources.

In accounting and reporting for its proprietary operations, the government applies all GASB pronouncements.

As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. However, any inter-fund services provided and used are not eliminated as this process would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported in the various functions.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds include the cost of these goods and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Budgets

The City's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for all funds, with the exception of capital projects funds and grant-related special revenue funds, for which project length budgets are adopted. In accordance with state law, the budgets adopted for the enterprise funds are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting, and a reconciliation is provided along with the budget schedule to reconcile from the modified accrual basis to the accrual basis. The enterprise fund capital project funds are consolidated with their respective operating fund for reporting purposes. The governmental funds' budgets are adopted on a basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All funds, including the proprietary funds, are budgeted on the modified accrual basis of accounting and are adopted to show use of fund balance/net position as an other financing source. Annual operating budgets are adopted each fiscal year through passage of an annual budget ordinance and amended as required for the General fund, special revenue funds, and the enterprise funds. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the original budget was amended through supplemental appropriations. These changes are reflected in the budgetary comparison schedules. All annual budget appropriations lapse at the end of each year.

E. Deposits

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the City. The City pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Any deposit in excess of the federal depository insured amounts must be collateralized by an equivalent amount of state or U.S. obligations. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of less than 90 days are considered to be cash equivalents.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the City to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the state of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high-quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The NCCMT – Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, is measured at fair value.

F. Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City has restricted cash and cash equivalents related to (1) unspent Powell Bill funds in the General Fund that may only be expended for the purposes of maintaining, repairing, constructing, or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 41.4; (2) unexpended proceeds of debt that may only be expended for the purposes for which the debt was issued; and (3) unspent grant funds and contributions that may only be spent in accordance with the terms specified by the external resource provider.

G. Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. In accordance with state law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the City levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1.

An estimated amount has been recorded for utility services provided but not billed as of the end of the fiscal year, and is included in accounts receivable, net of uncollectible amounts.

H. Allowances

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

I. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year as well as all other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, represent long-term borrowing arrangements with established repayment schedules, and are offset by nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

J. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method, which approximates market. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are reported as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Inventories and prepaid items are accounted for using the consumption method in that inventory is recorded as an asset when purchased and expended/expensed when consumed.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and intangible right-to-use assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements and in the respective fund in the proprietary funds' statement of net position. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Intangible right-to-use assets from leasing arrangements are defined by the City as those assets with an initial cost of more than \$100,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015, are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015, are recorded at acquisition value. Public domain ("infrastructure") general capital assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network (roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems), and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980. These assets are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated cost replacement. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets and intangible right-to-use assets of the City are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Computer equipment	5
Computer software	5
Maintenance and construction equipment	10
Trucks and autos	7 - 10
Buildings	30
Water and sewer lines	50
Infrastructure - roads, sidewalks, and gutters	25
Infrastructure - bridges	50
Right-to-use lease assets	Lease term
Subscription assets	Subscription term

L. Leases

Lessor

The City is a lessor for a noncancellable lease of real property upon which a 3rd party has developed a wireless cellular tower facility. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources for deferred lease receipts in the Water and Sewer enterprise fund and in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term on a straight-line basis.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments:

- The City uses the interest rate it is charging the lessee as the discount rate. When the lease agreement does not specify an interest rate to be charged, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease receivable are composed of fixed payments the City is reasonably certain to receive.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Lessee

The City is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment. The City recognizes a lease liability and right-to-use lease assets in the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements. The City recognizes lease liabilities and leased right to use assets in accordance with its capitalization policy (Note 1-K) of \$100,000.

L. Leases (Continued)

Lessee (Continued)

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments:

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option prices that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and will remeasure the lease assets and liabilities if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

In the statement of net position, lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with other long-term liabilities as amounts due within one year and amounts due in more than one year.

M. Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The City has executed contracts that qualify as noncancellable subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). The City recognizes a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset in the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements. The City recognizes subscription assts resulting from SBITAs with an initial, individual value of \$100,000 or more. At the commencement of a SBITA, the City initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the SBITA term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for payments made at or before the SBITA commencement date, plus certain implementation and other costs. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life – which is the shorter of the SBITA term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Key estimates and judgments related to SBITA include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected SBITA payments to present value, (2) SBITA term, and (3) SBITA payments:

- The City uses the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor is not provided, the College generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for SBITAs.
- The SBITA term includes the noncancellable period of the SBITA. SBITA payments included in the measurement of the SBITA liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option prices that the SBITA is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its SBITA and will remeasure the SBITA asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the SBITA liability.

SBITA assets are reported with other capital assets and SBITA liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the Statement of Net Position.

N. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The City reports deferred outflows of resources related to its pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans. These deferred outflows include (1) contributions to the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance (LEOSSA) subsequent to the applicable measurement date; (2) differences between expected and actual experience of the pension plan and/or OPEB plan, (3) net differences between projected and actual investment earnings on the pension plan assets, (4) changes in proportion and the difference between the City's actual contributions towards the pension plan and the City's proportionate share of contributions, and (5) changes in the plan assumptions. Contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the pension liability in the subsequent fiscal period. The net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on the pension plan assets are amortized over five (5) years, while the remaining deferred outflows of resources will be amortized into pension and/or OPEB expense over the remaining service period of plan members.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports unavailable revenue from property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (grants) which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, these unavailable revenues are reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet and will be recognized as revenue in the period in which the amounts become available. The Water and Sewer Fund and the government-wide statement of net position report deferred lease receipts. This amount will be amortized into revenue over the term of the applicable lease agreement. Finally, the City reports deferred inflows of resources related to its pension and/or OPEB plans which are discussed in the paragraph above.

O. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the City generally provides for the accumulation of up to forty (40) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the City's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The City has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

O. Compensated Absences (Continued)

The City's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the City does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

P. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other longterm obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are accrued and amortized over the term of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable discount or premium. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year of issuance.

In the governmental fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Q. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position."

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources under the current financial resources management focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Q. Fund Equity (Continued)

Fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either: (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash), or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments. One component of the restricted fund balance of the funds relate to the Stabilization by State Statute (*G.S. 159-8(a)*) which requires total fund balance less the fund balance available for appropriation equals the total amount that must be restricted.

Committed – Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the City Council. The City Council can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of a subsequent ordinance).

Assigned – Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. City Council reserves the right to assign fund balance. Additionally, the portion of fund balance that has been appropriated in the next fiscal year's budget that is not already classified as restricted or committed is reported as assigned, as required by GASB Statement No. 54.

Unassigned – Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Additionally, any fund balance deficits in other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order: (1) Committed, (2) Assigned, and (3) Unassigned.

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the City has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Q. Fund Equity (Continued)

Net Position (Continued) – Net position is reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

R. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the LGERS and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

S. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information. The City follows the following procedures in establishing its annual budgets:

- (1) Around the middle of February each year (legally required by to be completed by April 30th), all departments/activities of the City submit requests for appropriation to the Budget Officer so that a budget may be prepared. The budget is prepared by fund, function and department, and includes information on the past year, the current year budget and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.
- (2) In March/April of each year, management reviews the budget compiled by the Budget Officer for the next year for propriety. In May of each year, the proposed budget is presented to City Council for review (legally required to be submitted by June 1st). The City adopts the budget ordinance by July 1st of each year.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

- (3) All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multiyear project funds. All amendments must be approved by City Council and City Council must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted. The City Manager is authorized to transfer appropriations within a fund; however, any revisions altering salaries or total expenditures of any fund must be approved by City Council. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end.
- (4) Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting (under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation) is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end lapse and are generally re-appropriated in the succeeding year's budget.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Total deposits as of June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,835,774
Investments	10,780,180
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	33,255,607
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	174,308
	\$ 52,045,869
Cash deposited with financial institution	\$ 41,265,689
Cash deposited with financial institution Cash deposited with NCCMT	\$ 41,265,689 9,348,265
•	\$
Cash deposited with NCCMT	\$ 9,348,265

Credit Risk. State statutes and the City's policies authorize the City to invest in obligations of the state of North Carolina or other states; obligations issued by the U.S. government; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by a government agency of the United States; obligations of any corporation of the U.S. government; prime bankers' acceptances; the NCCMT; and obligations of other political subdivisions of the state of North Carolina. The City has no formal policy regarding credit risk but has internal management procedures that limits the City's investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

As of June 30, 2023, the City's investment balances were as follows:

Investment by Type	Valuation Measurement Method	Fair Value June 30, 2023	Maturity Date	Rating
North Carolina Capital Management Trust - Government Portfolio	Fair Value Level 1	\$ 9,348,265	None	AAAm
Federal Home Loan Banks (FHLB) Callable Bonds	Fair Value Level 2	453,515	3/24/2026	AA+
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) Callable Bonds	Fair Value Level 1	978,400 \$ 10,780,180	12/4/2023	AA+

Fair Value Measurements. The City's investments that fall within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for the identical securities. The City's investments that fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets where there is not sufficient activity and/or where price quotations vary substantially either over time or among market makers, or in which little information is released publicly. Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices that are observable may include observable and commonly quoted interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks, default rates, inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data, and similar information.

Interest Rate Risk. The City has a formal investment policy that prioritizes the goals of investment activities, within compliance of North Carolina General Statutes, in the order of (1) safety, (2) liquidity, and (3) return. The Finance Director is the designated investment officer.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Deposits of the City are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage are collateralized with securities held by the City's agent in the City's Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are name. collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the City, these deposits are considered to be held by the City's agent in its name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual balance for interest bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the City. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the City under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under collateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The City has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all Pooling Method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance.

As of June 30, 2023, all of the City's deposits were covered by federal depository insurance or collateral held under the Pooling Method.

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2023, for the City's individual major funds and aggregate nonmajor funds, including any applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	General	Grants	Capital Projects	Nonmajor <u>Governmental</u>	Water and Sewer	Parking Services	Nonmajor Enterprise
Receivables							
Taxes	\$ 3,102,006	\$-	\$-	\$ 122,301	\$-	\$ 16,243	\$ 3,200
Notes	455,484	512,500	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts	447,562	3,201	-	617	3,308,924	136,090	389,623
Leases	-	-	-	-	735,717	-	-
Due from other							
governments	-	821,040	208,630	-	2,913,723	-	8,300
Less: allowance for							
uncollectible accounts	(240,150)	-	-	(13,720)	(94,925)	(129,612)	(8,629)
Net receivables	\$ 3,764,902	\$ 1,336,741	\$ 208,630	\$ 109,198	\$ 6,863,439	\$ 22,721	\$ 392,494

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Notes Receivable – Grey Hosiery Mill. The City entered into two (2) notes receivable during fiscal year 2019 relating to the redevelopment of the Grey Hosiery Mill. The first note was for \$200,000 with an interest rate of 3.5%. Monthly payments of approximately \$2,400 began in January 2020 and will continue through maturity of the note in December 2027. The balance on this note at June 30, 2023, is \$112,500. The second note was for \$500,000 and does not bear interest. A payment of \$100,000 was made during the current fiscal year and then annual installments of \$50,000 are to begin in December 2027 and continue through December 2034. The balance on this note at June 30, 2023, is \$400,000.

Note Receivable – Garrison Property. In November 2020, the City entered into an economic development agreement with the Economic Investment Fund of Henderson County, Inc. (the "Fund") and Henderson County, North Carolina (the "County") related to the purchase of property by the Fund. Pursuant to the economic development agreement, a total of approximately \$2.3 million was loaned to the Fund with 50% coming from the City and 50% coming from the County. The proceeds from the note are being used to finance the purchase, marketing, and development of the property for the purpose of subsequently selling the property to industries. The note bears interest at a variable rate equal to the Wall Street Journal Prime Rate as published in the Wall Street Journal at the anniversary of the date of the note. The interest rate at each anniversary will be the rate for the one (1) year until the next anniversary and the rate is reset. As of June 30, 2023, the applicable interest rate is 7.75%. There is no scheduled amortization schedule for the note with regard to principal as amounts will be repaid to the City and to the County as parcels of the property are sold by the Fund. The entire principal balance is due and payable by the Fund by February 2031. The balance on this note at June 30, 2023, is \$455,484.

Leases as Lessor

During the fiscal year, the City had an active noncancelable lease agreement as lessor. The City has leased real property to a third party for the development of a cellular telecommunications tower. The City receives monthly payments in the amount of \$1,980 which includes the principal and interest components of the payment. As the lease does not contain a specific interest rate, the City determined an incremental borrowing rate for the lease of 3.07% which has been used as the discount rate for the lease. For the current year, the City recognized \$21,537 in lease revenue and \$22,646 in interest revenue related to the lease. As of June 30, 2023, the City's receivable for lease payments was \$735,717, which is recorded in the City's Water and Sewer Fund (and business-type activities in the government-wide statement of net position). The City reports a corresponding deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized over the lease term that ends on November 15, 2055. This deferred inflow of resources has a balance of \$697,219 as of June 30, 2023.

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the City for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 4,804,022	\$ 380,685	\$ (70,500)	\$-	\$ 5,114,207
Construction in progress	1,597,470	5,129,629		(345,886)	6,381,213
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	6,401,492	5,510,314	(70,500)	(345,886)	11,495,420
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	26,963,741	55,000	(1,284,027)	345,886	26,080,600
Other improvements	5,112,121	-	(64,051)	-	5,048,070
Machinery and equipment	10,486,377	1,600,167	(340,663)	-	11,745,881
Software	413,918	-	(284,748)	-	129,170
Infrastructure	19,357,607	-	-	-	19,357,607
Right-to-use lease asset (equipment)	-	176,053	-	-	176,053
Right-to-use subscription assets	-	293,039	-	-	293,039
Total capital assets, being depreciated	62,333,764	2,124,259	(1,973,489)	345,886	62,830,420
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(6,531,430)	(1,056,672)	997,620	-	(6,590,482)
Other improvements	(3,980,711)	(66,583)	45,063	-	(4,002,231)
Machinery and equipment	(6,809,872)	(787,429)	339,044	-	(7,258,257)
Software	(413,918)	-	284,748	-	(129,170)
Infrastructure	(10,261,213)	(626,758)	-	-	(10,887,971)
Right-to-use lease asset (equipment)	-	(12,577)	-	-	(12,577)
Right-to-use subscription assets	-	(91,255)	-	-	(91,255)
Total accumulated depreciation	(27,997,144)	(2,641,274)	1,666,475		(28,971,943)
Total capital assets and right-to-use assets,					
being depreciated/amortized, net	34,336,620	(517,015)	(307,014)	345,886	33,858,477
Governmental capital asset activities, net	\$ 40,738,112	\$ 4,993,299	\$ (377,514)	\$ -	\$ 45,353,897

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Water and Sewer Fund:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land	\$ 3.246.187	\$ 120,983	\$ (350)	\$ -	\$ 3,366,820
Construction in progress	\$ 3,246,187 23,628,227	16,028,879	φ (550)	φ - (5,743,466)	33,913,640
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	26,874,414	16,149,862	(350)	(5,743,466)	37,280,460
Total supital associa, not being depresiated	20,074,414	10,140,002	(000)	(0,740,400)	01,200,400
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Buildings	1,717,630	-	-	226,609	1,944,239
Plant and distribution systems	118,592,106	5,865,152	(333,120)	5,516,857	129,640,995
Machinery and equipment	20,359,173	1,182,652	(37,744)	-	21,504,081
Other improvements	217,835	-	-	-	217,835
Software	202,631	-	(116,453)	-	86,178
Right-to-use lease asset (equipment)	-	67,521	-	-	67,521
Right-to-use subscription assets		552,079			552,079
Total capital assets, being depreciated	141,089,375	7,667,404	(487,317)	5,743,466	154,012,928
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(936,334)	(62,909)	-	-	(999,243)
Plant and distribution systems	(48,723,969)	(3,266,180)	332,861	-	(51,657,288)
Machinery and equipment	(17,544,101)	(724,348)	37,744	-	(18,230,705)
Other improvements	(53,345)	(16,978)	-	-	(70,323)
Software	(171,940)	(7,834)	115,831	-	(63,943)
Right-to-use lease asset (equipment)	-	(6,186)	-	-	(6,186)
Right-to-use subscription assets		(133,367)	-	-	(133,367)
Total accumulated depreciation	(67,429,689)	(4,217,802)	486,436		(71,161,055)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	73,659,686	3,449,602	(881)	5,743,466	82,851,873
Water and sewer fund capital asset activities,					
net	\$ 100,534,100	\$ 19,599,464	\$ (1,231)	\$ -	\$ 120,132,333
	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Balance
Parking Services Fund:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated	• • • • • • • • • •	•	•	•	
Land	\$ 1,912,656	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,912,656
Construction in progress	3,926,819	6,809,540		(10,736,359)	1 012 656
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	5,839,475	6,809,540	<u>-</u>	(10,736,359)	1,912,656
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Buildings	-	-	-	10,736,359	10,736,359
Machinery and equipment	-	403,937	-	-	403,937
Total capital assets, being depreciated	-	403,937		10,736,359	11,140,296
Loss assumulated depressistion for					
Less accumulated depreciation for:		(110,202)			(110.202)
Buildings Machinery and equipment	-	(119,293) (10,081)	-	-	(119,293) (10,081)
Total accumulated depreciation		(129,374)			(129,374)
		(120,014)		<u>-</u>	(123,374)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u> </u>	274,563		10,736,359	11,010,922
Parking Services capital asset activities, net	\$ 5,839,475	\$ 7,084,103	\$	\$	\$ 12,923,578
·	+ 0,000,000	<u> </u>			<u> </u>

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

	eginning Balance	Ir	ncreases	Dec	reases	Tra	ansfers		Ending Balance
Environmental Services Fund:	 								
Capital assets, not being depreciated									
Land	\$ 11,134	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,134
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 11,134		-		-		-		11,134
Capital assets, being depreciated									
Machinery and equipment	 2,106,745		259,055		-		-		2,365,800
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 2,106,745		259,055		-		-		2,365,800
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Machinery and equipment	 (1,556,293)		(123,957)				-		(1,680,250)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (1,556,293)		(123,957)		-		-		(1,680,250)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 550,452		135,098		-		-		685,550
Environmental services fund capital asset activities, net	\$ 561,586	\$	135,098	\$		\$		\$	696,684
	eginning Balance	А	dditions	Dis	posals	Tra	ansfers		Ending Balance
Stormwater Fund:									
Capital assets, not being depreciated									
Land	\$ 246,249	\$	64,757	\$	-	\$	-	\$	311,006
Construction in progress	 		24,319				-		24,319
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 246,249		89,076		-		-		335,325
Capital assets, being depreciated									
Plant and distribution systems	433,451		99,915		-		-		533,366
Machinery and equipment	342,185		221,097		-		-		563,282
Other improvements	29,473		-		-		-		29,473
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 805,109		321,012		-		-	. <u> </u>	1,126,121
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Plant and distribution systems	(65,923)		(16,378)		-		-		(82,301)
Machinery and equipment	(54,471)		(49,571)		-		-		(104,042)
Other improvements	 (20,876)		(2,947)				-		(23,823)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (141,270)		(68,896)		-		-		(210,166)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	 663,839		252,116		-		-		915,955
Total capital assets being depreciated, net Water and sewer fund capital asset activities, net	\$ <u>663,839</u> 910,088	\$	<u>252,116</u> 341,192	\$		\$			915,955

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	546,567
Public safety		1,245,772
Transportation		637,185
Economic and physical development		18,050
Culture and recreation		193,700
Total depreciation expense- governmental activities	\$	2,641,274
Business-type activities:	<u>^</u>	1 0 1 7 0 0 0
Water and sewer fund	\$	4,217,802
Parking services fund		129,374
Environmental services fund		123,957
Stormwater fund		68,896
Total depreciation expense- business-type activities	\$	4,540,029

Ongoing construction in progress in the City's governmental activities is primarily related to the City Hall and Operations Renovation, Fire Station One, Edwards Park, and Clear Creek Greenway projects. The City had remaining commitments on these projects in the amount of approximately \$6,100,000 as of June 30, 2023.

Ongoing construction in progress in the City's business-type activities is primarily related to the French Broad River Intake, WWTP UV Improvements, Clear Creek Interceptor, WTP Expansion, WWTF Aeration Basin, and Biosolids Dryer projects. The City had remaining commitments on these projects in the amount of approximately \$15,600,000 as of June 30, 2023.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT

Presented below is a summary of changes in long-term debt and other obligations for the City's governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	/	Additions	F	Reductions	 Ending Balance	Oue within One Year
Direct borrowings/placements: General obligation bonds: GORB - October 2017 Limited obligation bonds:	\$ 694,000	\$		\$	(155,000)	\$ 539,000	\$ 152,000
LOBS - November 2021 Original issue premium	3,335,000 600,950 4,629,950		-		(220,000) (80,295) (455,295)	 3,115,000 520,655 4,174,655	 225,000 74,339 451,339
Installment purchase contracts:	4,029,950				(455,295)	 4,174,000	 451,559
IPC - April 2013 IPC - June 2017	3,300,000 457,724		-		(300,000) (40,785)	3,000,000 416,939	300,000 41,820
IPC - June 2019 IPC - May 2021 IPC - December 2021	192,680 725,277 6,500,000		-		(95,014) (43,949) (157,170)	97,666 681,328 6,342,830	97,666 45,042 160,510
IPC - December 2021 IPC - December 2021 IPC - February 2022	5,000,000 534,069		-		(120,900) (149,789)	4,879,100 384,280	123,469 152,014
IPC - August 2022 IPC - January 2023	-		396,123 18,802,000		(79,225)	316,898 18,802,000	79,225 949,000
IPC - April 2023 IPC - May 2023	16,709,750		762,000 2,032,000 21,992,123		(97,368) - (1,084,200)	 664,632 2,032,000 37,617,673	 181,389 121,000 2,251,135
Financed purchases	414,802		21,992,123		(137,969)	 276,833	 138,025
Total direct borrowings/ direct placements	21,754,502		21,992,123		(1,677,464)	42,069,161	2,840,499
Lease liabilities Subscription liabilities			176,053 293,039		(12,322) (101,780)	163,731 191,259	33,703 93,245
Compensated absences Total OPEB liability	1,121,124 2,546,015		476,574 160,178		(338,317) (464,374)	1,259,381 2,241,819	740,617 -
Net pension liability (LGERS) Total pension liability (LEOSSA) Governmental activity	1,751,465 1,667,006		7,479,049 124,609		(1,663,257) (346,421)	 7,567,257 1,445,194	 -
Long-term liabilities	\$ 28,840,112	\$	30,701,625	\$	(4,603,935)	\$ 54,937,802	\$ 3,708,064

Resources from the General Fund and the Main Street Tax Fund have generally been used to liquidate the City's governmental activities long-term obligations.

Presented below is a summary of changes in long-term debt and other obligations for the City's business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Business-type Activities:					
Direct borrowings/placements:					
Revenue bonds:					
Series 2019	\$ 9,674,000	\$-	\$ (1,219,000)	\$ 8,455,000	\$ 1,225,000
Series 2022	6,915,000	-	(299,000)	6,616,000	305,000
Series 2023	-	8,480,000	-	8,480,000	265,000
Limited obligation bonds:					
Series 2021	10,965,000	-	(375,000)	10,590,000	395,000
Original issue premium	1,687,051		(166,660)	1,520,391	159,492
	29,241,051	8,480,000	(2,059,660)	35,661,391	2,349,492
State revolving loans:					
SRF - May 2011	257,302	-	(28,589)	228,713	28,589
SRF - June 2015	1,179,750	-	(90,750)	1,089,000	90,750
SRF - July 2015	2,821,390	-	(217,030)	2,604,360	217,030
SRF - March 2016	1,810,225	-	(139,248)	1,670,977	139,248
SRF - June 2020 (Streambank)	2,803,253	9,548	(148,042)	2,664,759	148,042
SRF - June 2020 (Northside)	4,821,584	120,381	(268,547)	4,673,418	268,547
SRF - June 2022 (Fr. Broad)	2,215,913	11,316,533	-	13,532,446	1,225,701
	15,909,417	11,446,462	(892,206)	26,463,673	2,117,907
Installment purchase contracts:					
IPC - June 2020	340,878	-	(65,617)	275,261	66,872
IPC - February 2022	409,113	-	(56,360)	352,753	56,204
IPC - May 2023	-	4,016,000	-	4,016,000	238,000
IPC - May 2023	-	377,000	-	377,000	22,000
	749,991	4,393,000	(121,977)	5,021,014	383,076
Financed purchases	84,425		(24,905)	59,520	26,086
Total direct borrowings/ direct placements	45,984,884	24,319,462	(3,098,748)	67,205,598	4,876,561
Lease liabilities	-	67,521	(5,288)	62,233	12.934
Subscription liabilities	-	552,070	(118,693)	433,377	107,053
Compensated absences	729,814	402,783	(369,431)	763,166	399,789
Total OPEB liability	1,901,173	117,330	(376,367)	1,642,136	-
Net pension liability (LGERS)	1,308,060	5,479,949	(1,243,429)	5,544,580	
Business-type activity					
Long-term liabilities	\$ 49,923,931	\$ 30,939,115	\$ (5,211,956)	\$ 75,651,090	\$ 5,396,337

Resources from the Water and Sewer Fund, Parking Services Fund, Environmental Services Fund, and the Stormwater Fund have generally been used to liquidate the City's business-type activities long-term obligations, depending on the fund reporting the applicable liability.

The City issues debt to provide funds for the acquisition and/or construction of major capital projects, vehicles, and equipment. These issuances were obtained/issued through direct borrowings or direct placements. General obligation refunding bonds (GORB) are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. Revenue bonds and limited obligation bonds are obligations of the City that are secured by certain pledged revenue streams of the City. State Revolving Fund (SRF) loans are loans from the Clean Water State Revolving Fund and Drinking Water State Revolving Fund for costs associated with water/sewer systems improvements. Debt service payments on revenue bonds and SRF loans are generally payable from the revenues of the State and applied to payment if the City fails to pay any payment of principal or interest. The installment purchase contracts (IPC) and leases are generally collateralized by the assets being financed, are not secured by the taxing power of the City, and are subject to acceleration clauses in an event of default (nonpayment, etc.).

Details on the City's outstanding long-term debt as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

General Obligation Refunding Bonds

\$1,352,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2017 issued in October 2017, due in annual installments of \$9,000 to \$166,000 beginning March 1, 2018 through March 1, 2027, plus interest of 2.02% due semiannually. The proceeds from this issue were primarily used to advance refund the General Obligation Sidewalk Bonds, Series 2008. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding balance of these bonds is \$539,000.

Limited Obligation Bonds

\$14,385,000 Limited Obligation Bonds, Series 2021 issued in November 2021, due in annual installments of \$85,000 to \$230,000 beginning June 1, 2022 through June 1, 2041, plus interest of 3.00% to 5.00% due semiannually. The proceeds from this issue, along with the original issue premium, were split between the City's governmental activities and the Parking Services Fund. For the City's governmental activities, the proceeds from the bonds were used to (1) retire a previously outstanding installment purchase contract and (2) provide funds for a streetscape project. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding balance of the portion of these bonds allocated to governmental activities is \$3,115,000.

Debt service requirements to maturity on the City's outstanding bond debt for governmental activities is as follows:

	Principal	Interest		Total
Year ending June 30:				
2024	\$ 377,000	\$	148,638	\$ 525,638
2025	374,000		134,317	508,317
2026	371,000		120,058	491,058
2027	317,000		105,858	422,858
2028	230,000		92,750	322,750
2029-2033	1,160,000		292,850	1,452,850
2034-2038	570,000		84,850	654,850
2039-2041	255,000		15,300	270,300
Total	\$ 3,654,000	\$	994,621	\$ 4,648,621

Revenue Bonds

\$12,897,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bond issued in December 2019, due in annual installments of \$477,000 to \$1,238,000 beginning on June 1, 2020 through June 1, 2034, plus interest at 1.87% due semiannually. The proceeds of this issue were used for water/sewer system improvements and equipment and to current refund a previously outstanding installment purchase contract. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding balance of these bonds is \$8,455,000.

\$6,915,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bond issued in February 2022, due in annual installments of \$299,000 to \$438,000 beginning on June 1, 2023 through June 1, 2041, plus interest at 2.15% due semiannually. The proceeds of this issue are being used for water/sewer system improvement projects and the acquisition of equipment. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding balance of these bonds is \$6,616,000.

\$8,480,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bond issued in February 2023, due in annual installments of \$265,000 to \$602,000 beginning on June 1, 2024 through June 1, 2043, plus interest at 4.02% due semiannually. The proceeds of this issue are being used for water/sewer system improvement projects and the acquisition of equipment. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding balance of these bonds is \$8,480,000.

Limited Obligation Bonds

\$14,385,000 Limited Obligation Bonds, Series 2021 issued in November 2021, due in annual installments of \$375,000 to \$780,000 beginning June 1, 2023 through June 1, 2041, plus interest of 3.00% to 5.00% due semiannually. The proceeds from this issue, along with the original issue premium, were split between the City's governmental activities and the Parking Services Fund. For the City's Parking Services Fund, the proceeds from the bonds were used for the construction of a parking deck and related facilities in downtown Hendersonville. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding balance of the portion of these bonds allocated to the Parking Services Fund is \$10,590,000.

The debt service to maturity on the City's outstanding bond debt for business-type activities is as follows:

	Principal	Interest		Total
Year ending June 30:				
2024	\$ 2,190,000	\$ 1,079,261	\$	3,269,261
2025	2,246,000	998,581		3,244,581
2026	2,294,000	936,513		3,230,513
2027	2,339,000	872,487		3,211,487
2028	1,618,000	806,695		2,424,695
2029-2033	8,929,000	3,198,202		12,127,202
2034-2038	8,166,000	1,793,574		9,959,574
2039-2043	6,359,000	538,984		6,897,984
Total	\$ 34,141,000	\$ 10,224,297	\$	44,365,297

Revenue Bond Rate Covenant

The City is in compliance with the rate covenant per Section 6.6 of the General Indenture, authorizing the issuance of the Revenue Bond, Series 2019. Section 6.6 of the General Indenture requires (a) revenues, together with 20% of the balance in the surplus fund at the end of the preceding fiscal year, at least equal (i) 100% of current expenses plus (ii) 120% of annual principal and interest requirements of revenue bonds plus (iii) 100% of debt service requirements of other indebtedness and (b) revenues at least equal (i) 100% of current expenses plus (ii) 110% of annual principal and interest requirements of revenue bonds plus (iii) 100% of debt service requirements of other indebtedness. The rate covenant calculation for the year ended June 30, 2023, is shown in the table on the next page.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Revenue Bond Rate Covenant (Continued)

Water and Sewer Fund

Revenues (1) Current expenses (2) Surplus Fund (3) Principal and interest on revenue bond Principal and interest on other indebtedness	\$ 22,512,835 18,658,535 6,040,576 1,847,576 1,218,519
(a) Revenues plus 20% of Surplus Fund	23,720,950
(a)(i) 100% of current expenses (a)(ii) 120% of annual principal and interest on revenue bond (a)(iii) 100% of annual principal and interest on other indebtedness	 18,658,535 2,217,091 1,218,519 22,094,145
Covenant met	\$ 1,626,805
(b) Revenues	\$ 22,512,835
(b)(i) 100% of current expenses (b)(ii) 110% of annual principal and interest on revenue bond (b)(iii) 100% of annual principal and interest on other indebtedness	 18,658,535 2,032,334 1,218,519 21,909,388
Covenant met	\$ 603,447

(1) Operating revenues of the Water and Sewer Fund.

(2) This does not include depreciation and amortization expense.

(3) This is the June 30, 2022, unrestricted cash and investment balance.

Installment Purchase Contracts

	Balance as of June 30, 2023
\$6,000,000 Installment Purchase Contract with Truist (formerly BB&T) issued in April 2013 (IPC - April 2013), due in semi-annual installments of \$150,000 beginning on October 5, 2013 through April 5, 2033, plus interest at 3.49% due semi-annually. The proceeds of this issue were used for Main Street infrastructure improvements.	\$ 3,000,000
\$242,500 Installment Purchase Contract with Entegra issued in June 2017 (IPC - June 2017), due in semi-annual installments of \$18,036 to \$25,995 beginning July 1, 2017 through January 1, 2032, plus interest at 2.49% due semi-annually. The proceeds of this issue were used to purchase a fire truck.	416,939
\$465,100 Installment Purchase Contract with Pinnacle issued in June 2019 (IPC - June 2019), due in semi-annual installments of \$44,117 to \$49,347 beginning December 3, 2019 through June 3, 2024, plus interest at 2.25% due semi-annually. The proceeds of this issue were used to purchase vehicles and equipment.	97,666
\$468,439 Installment Purchase Contract with US Bank in June 2020 (IPC - June 2020), due in annual installments of \$45,034 to \$48,696 beginning December 19, 2020 through December 19, 2025, plus interest at 1.90% due semi-annually. The proceeds of this issue were used to purchase three freightliner street sweepers.	275,261
\$768,161 Installment Purchase Contract with Wells Fargo issued in May 2021 (IPC - May 2021), due in annual installments of \$61,595 beginning November 5, 2021 through May 5, 2036, plus interest at 2.47% due semi-annually. The proceeds of this issue were used to purchase a fire truck and related equipment.	681,328
\$1,019,070 Installment Purchase Contract with Santander Bank issued in February 2022 (IPC - February 2022), due in annual installments of \$78,570 beginning June 15, 2022 through December 15, 2025, plus interest at 1.48% due semi-annually. The proceeds of this issue were used to purchase vehicles and equipment and were shared by the City's governmental (60%) and business-type activities (40%)	737 033
(40%). \$6,500,000 and \$5,000,000 Installment Purchase Contracts with the United States Department of Agriculture issued in December 2021. The IPCs provide permanent financing for the City's construction of the new police station and related public safety equipment. Both IPCs bear interest at 2.125% and are due in annual installments of principal and interest beginning in December 2022 until maturity in December 2051.	737,033 11,221,930
	(Continued)

Installment Purchase Contracts (Continued)

\$6,425,000 Installment Purchase Contract with JP Morgan issued in May 2023 (IPC - May 2023), due in annual installments of \$381,000 to \$497,000 beginning April 1, 2024 through April 1, 2038, plus interest at 3.29% due semi-annually. The proceeds of this issue were used to renovate City Hall and were shared by the City's governmental (32%) and business-type activities (68%).	\$ 6,425,000
\$762,000 Installment Purchase Contract with Hometrust Bank issued in April 2023 (IPC - April 2023), due in annual installments of \$102,004 beginning June 27, 2023 through December 27, 2026, plus interest at 3.65% due semi-annually. The proceeds of this issue were used to purchase vehicles for the City's use.	664,632
\$396,127 Installment Purchase Contract with Motorola issued in August 2022 (IPC - August 2022), due in annual installments of \$79,225 beginning February 1, 2023 through February 1, 2027. The proceeds of this issue were used for Police Body Cams.	316,898
\$18,802,000 Installment Purchase Contract with Truist Commercial Equity issued in October 2022 (IPC - October 2022), due in annual installments of \$823,000 to \$1,012,000 beginning April 1st, 2024 through April 1st, 2043, plus interest at 2.99% due semi-annually. The proceeds of this issue were used for the fire station construction project and Edwards Park mini golf course.	 18,802,000
Total outstanding installment purchase contracts	\$ 42,638,687

The City's debt service to maturity on its installment purchase contracts is as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities			Bus	ties	
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 2,251,135	\$ 966,728	\$ 3,217,863	\$ 383,076	\$ 139,057	\$ 522,133
2025	2,169,962	918,622	3,088,584	380,366	144,674	525,040
2026	2,117,658	862,818	2,980,476	388,700	133,952	522,652
2027	1,958,430	808,687	2,767,117	397,075	122,989	520,064
2028	1,795,806	760,140	2,555,946	333,357	112,126	445,483
2029-2033	9,172,163	3,086,178	12,258,341	1,515,440	413,458	1,928,898
2034-2038	7,765,666	1,934,149	9,699,815	1,623,000	162,658	1,785,658
2039-2043	6,148,314	951,146	7,099,460	-	-	-
2044-2048	2,255,497	356,728	2,612,225	-	-	-
2049-2052	1,983,042	106,571	2,089,613			-
Total	\$ 37,617,673	\$ 10,751,767	\$ 48,369,440	\$ 5,021,014	\$ 1,228,914	\$ 6,249,928

State Revolving Loans

\$571,781 State Revolving Loan finalized in May 2011 (SRF - May 2011), due in annual installments of \$28,589 beginning on May 1, 2012 through May 1, 2031, plus interest at 2.48% due semi-annually. The proceeds of this issue were used for	
	228,713
\$1,815,000 State Revolving Loan finalized in June 2015 (SRF - June 2015), due in annual installments of \$90,750 beginning on May 1, 2016 through May 1, 2035, plus interest at 2.00% due semi-annually. The proceeds of this issue were used for the Shepard Creek sewer project.	089,000
\$4,340,600 State Revolving Loan finalized in July 2015 (SRF - July 2015), due in annual installments of \$217,030 beginning on May 1, 2016 through May 1, 2035, plus interest at 2.00% due semi-annually. The proceeds of this issue were used for the Jackson Creek sewer project. 2,6	604,360
\$3,000,000 State Revolving Loan finalized in March 2016 (SRF - March 2016), due in annual installments of \$139,248 beginning on May 1, 2016, through May 1, 2035, plus interest at 2.00% due semi-annually. The proceeds of this issue were used for the Shepard Creek water/sewer system improvements.	670,977
 \$2,982,484 approved State Revolving Loan finalized in June 2022 (SRF - June 2020 - Streambank). The loan is due in annual installments of \$149,124 beginning on May 1, 2022, through May 1, 2041, with no interest. The proceeds of this issue were used for the Streambank Restoration project. 	664,759
\$5,370,932 approved State Revolving Loan finalized in June 2022 (SRF - June 2020 - Northside). The loan is due in annual installments of \$268,547 beginning on May 1, 2022 through May 1, 2041, with no interest. The proceeds of this issue were used for the Northside Water System project. 4,6	673,418
\$24,514,035 approved State Revolving Loan of which only \$13,532,446 has been drawn down through June 2023 (SRF - July 2022 - French Broad). Once fully drawn down, the loan will be due in annual installments of \$268,547 beginning on May 1, 2022 through May 1, 2043, with no interest. The proceeds of this issue are being used for the French Broad project. 13,5	532,446
	463,673

State Revolving Loans (Continued)

The City's debt service to maturity on the state revolving loans is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Principal Interest		Total
2024	\$	2,117,907	\$	402,216	\$ 2,520,123
2025		2,117,907		401,661	2,519,568
2026		2,117,907		375,961	2,493,868
2027		2,117,907		350,261	2,468,168
2028		2,117,907		324,561	2,442,468
2029-2033		9,356,385		1,238,014	10,594,399
2034-2038		5,428,404		635,807	6,064,211
2039-2043		1,089,349		211,028	1,300,377
Total	\$	26,463,673	\$	3,939,509	\$ 30,403,182

Financed Purchases

The City has entered into agreements to finance the use of vehicles and equipment used in both governmental activities and business-type activities. These agreements qualify as financed purchases for accounting purposes as ownership of the underlying assets will transfer to the City upon final maturity and payment of balances owed. These agreements require monthly payments from the City until maturity; however, the agreements do not include a stated interest rate.

Debt service to maturity on the City's financed purchases is as follows:

	Governmental		Business-type	
Year ending June 30,				
2024	\$	138,025	\$	26,086
2025		115,349		26,127
2026		23,459		7,307
Total minimum lease payments		276,833		59,520
Less: amounts representing interest		-		-
Total payments on financed purchases	\$	276,833	\$	59,520
rotal payments on infanced purchases	<u>Ф</u>	270,033	ð	59,520

Leases Payable

In January 2023, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the right to use office equipment. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$135,042. As of year-end, the value of the lease liability is \$124,466. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$2,408. The lease has an interest rate of 2.6820%. The value of the right-to-use asset (equipment) as of year-end is \$135,042 with accumulated amortization of \$12,372. This lease was split between the City's governmental activities and the Water and Sewer Fund (business-type activities).

In March 2023, the City entered into a 60-month lease as lessee for the right to use equipment. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$108,532. As of year-end, the value of the lease liability is \$101,497. The City is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$1,922. The lease has an interest rate of 2.4890%. The value of the right-to-use asset (equipment) as of year-end is \$108,532 with accumulated amortization of \$6,391.

	Governmental Activities							
Year Ending June 30,	Princip	al Payments	Interes	st Payments	Total			
2024	\$	33,703	\$	3,801	\$	37,504		
2025		34,577		2,927		37,504		
2026		35,474		2,030		37,504		
2027		36,394		1,110		37,504		
2028		23,583		217		23,800		
Total	\$	163,731	\$	10,085	\$	173,816		

Future payments to maturity on the City's outstanding lease liabilities are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Business- type Activities							
	Principal Payments		Interes	t Payments	Total			
2024	\$	12,934	\$	1,511	\$	14,445		
2025		13,285		1,160		14,445		
2026		13,646		799		14,445		
2027		14,016		428		14,444		
2028		8,352		75		8,427		
Total	\$	62,233	\$	3,973	\$	66,206		

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' subscription activities. This statement establishes a single model for subscription accounting based on the principle that subscriptions are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, an organization is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset. The City's subscription assets are reported within the applicable governmental or business-type activities capital asset roll-forwards in Note 5. A summary of the outstanding subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) and the payments required to maturity are summarized below.

SBITA Term	Payment Terms	Interest Rate	Asset Amount		 cumulated ortization
90 months	\$51,350 / yearly	2.1840%	\$	422,473	\$ 55,731
20 months	\$35,967 / quarterly	2.0240%		259,220	155,272
60 months	\$34,438 / yearly	2.6820%		163,425	 13,619
			\$	845,118	\$ 224,622

Governmental Activities							
Principal Payments		Interest Payments		Total			
\$	93,245	\$	4,091	\$	97,336		
	31,809		2,629		34,438		
	32,665		1,776		34,441		
	33,540		900		34,440		
\$	191,259	\$	9,396	\$	200,655		
	Princip \$	Principal Payments \$ 93,245 31,809 32,665 33,540 33,540	Principal Payments Interest \$ 93,245 \$ 31,809 32,665 33,540 \$	Principal Payments Interest Payments \$ 93,245 \$ 4,091 31,809 2,629 32,665 1,776 33,540 900	Principal Payments Interest Payments \$ 93,245 \$ 4,091 \$ 31,809 2,629 32,665 1,776 33,540 900 \$ 1,776		

Year Ending June 30,	Princip	oal Payments	Interes	st Payments	Total		
2024	\$	107,053	\$	8,736	\$	115,789	
2025		47,350		7,127		54,477	
2026		50,019		6,093		56,112	
2027		52,795		5,001		57,796	
2028		55,682		3,848		59,530	
2029-2030		120,478		3,981		124,459	
Total	\$	433,377	\$	34,786	\$	468,163	

NOTE 7. INTERFUND BALANCES AND INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund Payable Fund		Amount		
General Fund	Parking Services Fund	\$	412,129	
General Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		263,087	

The Parking Services Fund owes the General Fund for providing cash resources upfront to help pay the parking services fund expenditures as the new fund started. The amount owed to the General Fund by the Parking Services Fund in FY24, as the parking deck started generating revenue in March of 2023. The Nonmajor Enterprise funds owe the General Fund for providing cash resources upfront for various expenditures such as Stormwater capital projects and environmental services projects. These receivables are budgeted for in FY24 and will be paid within the next year.

Interfund transfers:

Transfers In	Transfers Out Ar		Amount
Governmental Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	\$	562,004
General Fund	Grants Fund	\$	4,555,606
Parking Services Fund	General Fund	\$	202,253
Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	\$	400,000
Water and Sewer Capital Project Fund	Special Revenue Fund	\$	400,000
Grants Fund	General Fund	\$	537,691
Governmental Capital Projects Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	\$	4,016,000
Governmental Capital Projects Fund	Stormwater Fund	\$	377,000
Water and Sewer Fund	General Fund	\$	25,000

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them. Transfers are also moved to the funds that are bearing the cost of long-term capital projects in accordance with the project authorization(s).

NOTE 8. PENSION PLANS

The City's employees participate in two (2) separate defined benefit pension plans: the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (LEOSSA). The table below summarizes the deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each plan:

Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources			Pension Expense
\$	9,001,243	\$	179,248	\$	3,764,436
	316,813		276,261		154,710
\$	9,318,056	\$	455,509	\$	3,919,146
	of \$	of Resources \$ 9,001,243 316,813	of Resources of F \$ 9,001,243 \$ 316,813	of Resources of Resources \$ 9,001,243 \$ 179,248 316,813 276,261	of Resources of Resources \$ 9,001,243 \$ 179,248 \$ 316,813 276,261 \$

A. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The City is a participating employer in the statewide LGERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The LGERS is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's ACFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

A. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic postretirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50 or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The City's employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2023, was 13.24% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 12.14% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the City were \$2,388,223 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

A. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Refunds of Contributions. City employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions, or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$13,111,837 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022 (the measurement date), the City's proportion was 0.23242%, which was an increase of 0.03292% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$3,764,436. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 564,976	\$ 55,393
Changes in plan assumptions	1,308,264	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	4,333,589	-
Changes in proportion and differences between City		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	406,191	123,855
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,388,223	
Total	\$ 9,001,243	\$ 179,248

A. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

City contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of \$2,388,223 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2024	\$ 1,974,268
2025	1,771,676
2026	623,225
2027	 2,064,603
Total	\$ 6,433,772

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.25 to 8.25 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	6.50 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e., general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015, through December 31, 2019.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

A. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued). The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100.0%	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2020 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 2.50%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

A. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50 percent) or one percentage point higher (7.50 percent) than the current rate:

	1'	% Decrease (5.50%)	Di	scount Rate (6.50%)	19	% Decrease (7.50%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	23,665,123	\$	13,111,837	\$	4,415,262

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ACFR for the State of North Carolina.

B. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. The City administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the City's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least thirty years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the City are covered by the Separation Allowance. At June 30, 2021, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	4
Active plan members	42
Total	46

B. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (Continued)

Basis of Accounting. The City has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions. The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the June 30, 2021, valuation. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	3.25 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor
Discount rate	4.05 percent

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO index. Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate has changed from 2.06% to 4.05% due to a change in the index.

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e., disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed by the actuary for the LGERS for the five-year period ending December 31, 2019.

Contributions. The City is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the benefit payments on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The City's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The City paid \$75,285 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

B. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the City reported a total pension liability of \$1,445,194. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, based on a June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2022, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$154,710.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		_	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes in assumptions	\$	244,730	\$	225,617	
Differences between expected and actual experience		24,843		50,644	
City benefit payments made subsequent to the					
measurement date		47,240		-	
Total	\$	316,813	\$	276,261	

Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as reductions of pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2024	\$ 26,515
2025	20,051
2026	11,933
2027	(45,106)
2028	 (20,081)
Total	\$ (6,688)

B. Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Changes in the Total Pension Liability. The changes in the total pension liability of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

		Total	
	Pension Liability		
Beginning Balance	\$	1,667,006	
Changes for the year:			
Service cost		91,225	
Interest		33,384	
Differences between expencted			
and actual experience		(17,516)	
Changes in assumptions or			
other inputs		(253,620)	
Benefit payments		(75,285)	
Ending Balance	\$	1,445,194	

The required schedule of changes in the City's total pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information.

Sensitivity of the City's Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the City's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.05 percent, as well as what the City's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.05 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.05 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	1% Decrease (3.05%)		Discount Rate (4.05%)		1% Increase (5.05%)	
Total pension liability	\$	1,569,900	\$	1,445,194	\$	1,332,524	

C. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The City contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (the "Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the City. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the ACFR for the state of North Carolina. The State's ACFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the City to contribute, each month, an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The City's law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023, were \$149,566, all of which were paid by the City.

NOTE 9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

Under the terms of a City resolution, the City administers a single employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the "HCB Plan" or the "OPEB Plan"). The City Council has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

As of June 1, 1988, the HCB Plan provides postemployment health care benefits to retirees of the City, provided they participate in LGERS and have at least thirty (30) years of creditable service with the City. The City pays the full cost of coverage for employees' benefits through private insurers. Retirees who qualify for coverage receive the same benefits as active employees. Coverage for all retirees who are eligible for Medicare will be transferred to a Medicare Supplemental Plan after qualifying for Medicare. The City Council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the HCB Plan.

On August 8, 1985, the City Council unanimously approved a resolution to provide a \$5,000 life insurance benefit for all retirees since January 1, 1985, with twenty (20) or more years of service. The benefits will be provided by the City on a pay as you go basis.

Plan Description (Continued)

As of June 30, 2021, the last actuarial valuation, the following members were covered by the HCB Plan's benefit terms:

Active participants	231
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	16
Total	247

Contributions

The City pays the full cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits paid to qualified retirees. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the monthly premium for retirees was \$1,161 for the PPO plan and \$1,069 for the HSA plan. The City's retirees may continue with dependent coverage (and pay the full premium for this coverage) if enrolled in dependent coverage at the time of retirement. The City has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City made contributions/benefit payments of approximately \$172,700. The City provides healthcare coverage by paying a premium to the North Carolina League of Municipalities Health Benefits Trust. The City's obligation to contribute to the HCB Plan is established and may be amended by City Council.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revisions as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of June 30, 2023, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and inactive employees.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation rate	2.50%
Real wage growth	3.25%
Annual rates of salary increases	3.25% to 8.25%, including inflation
Municipal bond index rate	
Prior measurement date	2.16%
Measurement date	3.69%
Health care cost trends	
Pre-medicare	4.50% - 7.50%, Ultimate Trend in 2028
Medicare	4.50% - 7.50%, Ultimate Trend in 2028
Participation rates	100% of eligible retirees elect to receive coverage

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, for unfunded plans the discount rate should be a yield or index rate for 20-year tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO index is often cited as an appropriate benchmark and that index was 3.69% on June 30, 2022.

Changes in assumption and other inputs include (1) a change in the discount rate from 2.16% to 3.69%; (2) an update to the medical trend rate; and (3) adopting the recommendations from the 2019 experience study for the LGERS pension plan.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The changes in the total OPEB liability for the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability			
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	4,447,188		
Service Cost		183,931		
Interest		93,577		
Assumption changes		(610,867)		
Experience differences		-		
Benefit payments		(229,874)		
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	3,883,955		

Sensitivity for the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.69 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.69) than the current discount rate:

Total OPEB liability	1%	% Decrease (2.69%)	 rent Discount ate (3.69%)	1'	1% Increase (4.69%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$	4,286,344	\$ 3,883,955	\$	3,529,940		

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Trend								
	1%	6 Decrease		Rates	19	% Increase				
Total OPEB liability	\$	3,473,774	\$	3,883,955	\$	4,382,911				

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$298,116. At June 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	In	Deferred Iflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	440,511	\$	28,581
Changes in plan assumptions		515,137		651,752
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		172,700		-
Total	\$	1,128,348	\$	680,333

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

City contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of \$172,700 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a decrease of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2024	\$ 77,484
2025	77,484
2026	77,484
2027	77,484
2028	84,209
Thereafter	 (118,830)
	\$ 275,315

NOTE 10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has property and casualty insurance administered by the Interlocal Risk Financing Fund of North Carolina. Through this insurance program, the City has general liability coverage of \$2 million and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence; property coverage up to \$102 million blanket coverage; Law Enforcement Liability Insurance of \$1 million and \$3 million, respectively; and Public Officials Liability Insurance of \$2 million and \$3 million, respectively. The City also carries worker's compensation coverage up to statutory limits.

The City carries commercial insurance coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There is coverage of \$150,000 for employee dishonesty which covers the finance officer, the tax collector and other employees. The finance officer and the tax collector are also each individually bonded for \$75,000.

After updates to the GIS system floodplain mapping, several City facilities are now shown as being located in floodplain areas. Both the City and the County participate in the National Flood Insurance Program and City management is currently studying the facilities and flood mapping to consider what types of coverages are necessary.

NOTE 10. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The City provides health insurance coverage for employees and their families through a selfinsurance plan, administered by MedCost Benefit Services. The plan provides for monthly payment of claims by the City, subject to certain deductible and co-payments, and a maximum annual claims exposure to the City of \$10,000 per employee. Payments of premiums for benefits above the annual maximum are treated as expenditures in the General Fund, the Environmental Services Fund, and the Water and Sewer Fund, according to the function of the employees and retirees. Payments of claim expenses up to the annual limit are accounted for the Internal Service Fund – Health and Welfare Fund, and are then reimbursed by the funds, and reported as expenditures/expenses in the funds.

NOTE 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation:

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of management and legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Grant Contingencies:

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to the disallowance of certain expenditures previously reimbursed by those agencies. Based upon prior experience, management of the City believes such disallowances, if any, will not be significant.

NOTE 12. JOINT ACTIVITIES, JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS, AND RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

Joint Activities:

The City has acquired and developed real property during the past few fiscal years as part of a collaborative economic development project undertaken with Henderson County, Pardee Memorial Hospital, Wingate University, and Blue Ridge Community College. These joint activities will provide a sustainable health sciences educational facility for the residents of Hendersonville, Henderson County, and the region.

NOTE 12. JOINT ACTIVITIES, JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS, AND RELATED ORGANIZATIONS (CONTINUED)

Jointly Governed Organization:

Land of Sky Regional Council – The City, in conjunction with Buncombe, Henderson, Madison, and Transylvania counties (and the other municipalities contained therein), established the Land of Sky Regional Council (the "Council"). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and state agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board and the City pays membership and administrative fees to the Council.

Related Organizations

The seven-member Board of Commissioners of the Hendersonville Housing Authority (the "Housing Authority") is appointed by the Mayor of the City. The City is accountable for the Authority because it appoints the governing board; however, the City is not financially accountable. Complete financial statements for the Housing Authority can be obtained from the Housing Authority's offices at 203 North Justice Street, Hendersonville, North Carolina 28739.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE

	2023			2022		2021		2020
Total pension liability, beginning balance	\$	1,667,006	\$	1,619,778	\$	1,193,484	\$	1,069,048
Service cost		91,225		89,032		61,387		60,562
Interest on the total pension liability		33,384		30,716		37,986		38,281
Difference between expected and actual experience		(17,516)		1,768		(70,177)		24,162
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		(253,620)		(17,720)		453,666		36,179
Benefit payments		(75,285)		(56,568)		(56,568)		(34,748)
Total pension liability, ending balance	\$	1,445,194	\$	1,667,006	\$	1,619,778	\$	1,193,484

Note 1: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior year ending December 31.

Note 2: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

2019	2017			
\$ 970,249	\$ 880,684	\$	869,979	
62,891	50,871		49,449	
30,114	33,536		30,213	
83,614	(39,137)		-	
(43,296)	68,066		(21,588)	
 (34,524)	 (23,771)		(47,369)	
\$ 1,069,048	\$ 970,249	\$	880,684	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE

	2023 2022 2021		2021	2020			
Total pension liability	\$ 1,445,194	\$	1,667,006	\$	1,619,778	\$	1,193,484
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,023,715	\$	2,023,715	\$	2,307,729	\$	2,386,117
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	71.41%		82.37%		70.19%		50.02%

Note 1: The City has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

Note 2: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

2019	2018	2017
\$ 1,069,048	\$ 970,249	\$ 880,684
\$ 2,282,787	\$ 2,160,041	\$ 2,069,581
46.83%	44.92%	42.55%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Citude properties of the not penales lightlift (coast) (9/)	 2023 0.23242%	 2022 0.19950%	 2021 0.20052%	 2020 0.20183%
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.2324270	0.19950%	0.2005276	0.20103%
City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 13,111,837	\$ 3,059,525	\$ 7,165,434	\$ 5,511,820
City's covered payroll	\$ 15,958,730	\$ 13,776,001	\$ 12,974,903	\$ 12,439,887
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	82.16%	22.21%	55.23%	44.31%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	95.51%	95.51%	88.61%	91.63%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
 0.19549%	 0.18539%	 0.17432%	 0.17693%	 0.13025%	 0.12900%
\$ 4,637,691	\$ 2,832,246	\$ 3,699,654	\$ 794,051	\$ (768,146)	\$ 1,554,945
\$ 11,705,774	\$ 10,505,338	\$ 10,120,748	\$ 9,515,789	\$ 8,378,808	\$ 7,471,416
39.62%	26.96%	36.56%	8.34%	(9.17%)	20.81%
94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	99.07%	102.64%	94.35%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023			2022		2021		2020	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	2,388,223	\$	1,840,893	\$	1,419,767	\$	1,184,667	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	<u></u>	2,388,223		1,840,893		1,419,767		1,184,667	
Contribution excess	\$		\$		\$		\$	-	
Covered payroll	\$	19,451,621	\$	15,958,730	\$	13,776,001	\$	12,974,903	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12.28%		11.54%		10.31%		9.13%	

2019	2018	2017	2016		2015	2014
\$ 987,487	\$ 901,020	\$ 783,926	\$ 691,249	\$	679,268	\$ 598,874
 987,487	 901,020	 783,926	 691,249	. <u> </u>	679,268	 598,874
\$ 	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 	\$ <u> </u>	\$		\$
\$ 12,439,887	\$ 11,705,774	\$ 10,505,338	\$ 10,120,748	\$	9,515,789	\$ 8,378,808
7.94%	7.70%	7.46%	6.83%		7.14%	7.15%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OPEB RETIREMENT PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020
Total OPEB liability Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions and other inputs Benefit payments	\$ 183,931 93,577 - (610,867) (229,874)	\$ 238,811 96,612 (36,747) (86,726) (272,702)	\$ 170,370 131,176 - 573,183 (229,373)	\$ 123,683 105,858 772,971 222,593 (195,743)
Net change in total OPEB liability	 (563,233)	 (60,752)	 645,356	 1,029,362
Total OPEB liability - beginning Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 4,447,188 3,883,955	\$ 4,507,940 4,447,188	\$ 3,862,584 4,507,940	\$ 2,833,222 3,862,584
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,014,264	\$ 11,014,264	\$ 12,405,563	\$ 12,405,563
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	35.3%	40.4%	36.3%	31.1%

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

The City is not accumulating assets in a trust fund that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 for payment of future OPEB benefits.

2019	2018				
\$ 129,414	\$	124,941			
100,620		99,943			
-		-			
(89,335)		-			
(236,193)		(175,737)			
(95,494)		49,147			
\$ 2,928,716	\$	2,879,569			
, ,		,,			
\$ 10,236,625	\$	10,236,625			
27.7%		28.6%			

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of local government. Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) dictate that the General Fund be used to account for resources traditionally associated with government which are not required legally to be accounted for in another fund. GAAP prescribe that a government report only one General Fund.

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final	
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	
Revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes:					
Taxes	\$ 11,468,868	\$ 11,773,668	\$ 12,000,603	\$ 226,935	
Penalties and interest	1,000	21,040	26,488	5,448	
Total ad valorem taxes	11,469,868	11,794,708	12,027,091	232,383	
Other taxes and licenses:					
Beer and wine	2,000	3,720	3,689	(31)	
Local vehicle rental tax	7,000	7,000	8,395	1,395	
Total other taxes and licenses	9,000	10,720	12,084	1,364	
Unrestricted intergovernmental revenue:					
Local option sales taxes	5,008,500	5,663,267	5,529,203	(134,064)	
Payment in lieu of taxes (external sources)	71,346	71,346	71,346	-	
Utility sales tax	996,000	996,000	1,127,372	131,372	
Telecommunications sales tax	125,000	125,000	118,088	(6,912)	
Video franchise fee	98,500	98,500	101,551	3,051	
Beer and wine tax	60,000	72,330	72,332	2	
ABC profit distribution	332,500	332,500	367,500	35,000	
Court fees	2,500	5,530	6,214	684	
Total unrestricted intergovernmental	6,694,346	7,364,473	7,393,606	29,133	
Restricted intergovernmental revenue:					
Powell bill allocation	467,859	467,859	459,284	(8,575)	
ABC revenue for law enforcement	40,000	40,000	40,000	-	
On-behalf payments - fire and rescue	-	-	87,241	87,241	
School resource officer reimbursement	249,920	278,800	293,418	14,618	
Other grant revenues		6,400	11,448	5,048	
Total restricted intergovernmental	757,779	793,059	891,391	98,332	
Permits and fees:					
Building permits and inspection fees	218,250	228,770	214,950	(13,820)	
Business registration fees	1,000	-	-	-	
Special project fees	16,350	21,975	23,927	1,952	
Motor vehicle fees	200,000	200,000	220,080	20,080	
Total permits and fees	435,600	450,745	458,957	8,212	
Sales and services:					
Facility rent	47,600	31,375	35,713	4,338	
Recreation fees	18,500	17,930	17,935	5	
Paving cut repair fees	-	300,000	271,432	(28,568)	
Cemetery fees	20,000	24,500	27,000	2,500	
Total sales and services	86,100	373,805	352,080	(21,725)	
Investment earnings	175,000	232,760	281,089	48,329	
Miscellaneous revenues:					
Miscellaneous	313,000	203,297	164,756	(38,541)	
Total miscellaneous revenues	313,000	203,297	164,756	(38,541)	
Total revenues	19,940,693	21,223,567	21,581,054	357,487	

(continued)

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted Amounts		Variance with Final	
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	
Expenditures:					
General government:					
Governing body:					
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 49,148	\$ 49,148	\$ 35,016	\$ 14,132	
Operating expenditures	78,100	41,319	40,452	867	
Special appropriations	354,518	354,518	349,518	5,000	
Total governing body	481,766	444,985	424,986	19,999	
Administration:					
Salaries and employee benefits	749,684	760,688	724,203	36,485	
Operating expenditures	523,975	899,412	872,388	27,024	
Health and wellness allocation	179,785	197,785	197,785	-	
Capital outlay	-	183,500	120,983	62,517	
Total administration	1,453,444	2,041,385	1,915,359	126,026	
Finance:					
Salaries and employee benefits	380,911	381,231	345,679	35,552	
Operating expenditures	240,905	194,915	154,546	40,369	
Total finance	621,816	576,146	500,225	75,921	
City engineer:					
Salaries and employee benefits	325,833	325,933	305,721	20,212	
Operating expenditures	98,200	98,435	72,418	26,017	
Total city engineer	424,033	424,368	378,139	46,229	
Information technology:					
Salaries and employee benefits	70,021	40,116	35,487	4,629	
Operating expenditures	692,150	676,845	643,205	33,640	
Capital outlay		197,132	197,131	1	
Total information technology	762,171	914,093	875,823	38,270	
Legal department:					
Salaries and employee benefits	169,715	170,725	162,314	8,411	
Operating expenditures	34,275	112,645	48,631	64,014	
Total legal department	203,990	283,370	210,945	72,425	
Fleet maintenance:					
Salaries and employee benefits	305,471	302,639	297,600	5,039	
Operating expenditures	185,915	144,345	111,749	32,596	
Capital outlay	112,000	157,711	157,681	30	
Total fleet maintenance	603,386	604,695	567,030	37,665	
Building maintenance:					
Salaries and employee benefits	168,497	170,197	144,660	25,537	
Operating expenditures	309,278	285.576	271,947	13,629	
Capital outlay	80,000	87,000	77,990	9,010	
Total building maintenance	557,775	542,773	494,597	48,176	
Total concerns and	E 400 204	E 024 04E	E 267 404	464 744	
Total general government	5,108,381	5,831,815	5,367,104	464,711	
Public safety: Police:					
Salaries and employee benefits	5,228,615	5,537,746	5,389,685	148,061	
Operating expenditures	935,497	1,022,075	946,116	75,959	
Capital outlay	563,700	652,115	570,548	81,567	
Total police	6,727,812	7,211,936	6,906,349	305,587	
	0,727,012	1,211,350	0,000,049	505,507	

(continued)

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final	
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	
Expenditures (Continued): Public safety (Continued):					
Fire:					
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 3,451,554	\$ 3,734,953	\$ 3,732,973	\$ 1,980	
Operating expenditures	620,850	640,304	619,450	20,854	
Capital outlay	234,500	216,855	209,366	7,489	
On-behalf payments (Firefighter's Relief Fund)			87,241	(87,241)	
Total fire	4,306,904	4,592,112	4,649,030	(56,918)	
Development assistance:					
Salaries and employee benefits	578,903	580,723	574,477	6,246	
Operating expenditures	138,807	229,677	128,445	101,232	
Total development assistance	717,710	810,400	702,922	107,478	
Total public safety	11,752,426	12,614,448	12,258,301	356,147	
Transportation:					
Public works administration:					
Salaries and employee benefits	418,463	439,443	439,360	83	
Operating expenditures	169,361	157,007	150,422	6,585	
Capital outlay	25,000	25,000	, -	25,000	
Total public works administration	612,824	621,450	589,782	31,668	
Streets and highways					
Salaries and employee benefits	695,709	743,544	743,502	42	
Operating expenditures	321,980	350,195	349,486	709	
Capital outlay	353,500	139,400	130,587	8,813	
Total streets and highways	1,371,189	1,233,139	1,223,575	9,564	
State Street Aid allocation:					
Operating expenditures	600,000	628,000	624,608	3,392	
Traffic engineering:					
Salaries and employee benefits	241,616	223,626	209,866	13,760	
Operating expenditures	96,217	107,148	100,638	6,510	
Capital outlay	160,000	159,365	159,365	0,010	
Total traffic engineering	497,833	490,139	469,869	20,270	
Total transportation	3,081,846	2,972,728	2,907,834	64,894	
Culture and recreation:					
Grounds maintenance:					
Salaries and employee benefits	562,529	514,709	496,402	18,307	
Operating expenditures	127,523	150,413	148,195	2,218	
Capital outlay	85,000	169,531	157,641	11,890	
Total grounds maintenance	775,052	834,653	802,238	32,415	
Patton Park pool:					
Operating expenditures	104,910	104,910	89,814	15,096	
Capital outlay	104,910	104,910	09,014	15,090	
Total Patton Park pool	104,910	104,910	89,814	15,096	
Total culture and recreation	879,962	939,563	892,052	47,511	
	010,002	555,505	002,002		

(continued)

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Expenditures (Continued):				
Debt service:				
Principal	\$ 1,501,267	\$ 1,674,379	\$ 1,682,931	\$ (8,552)
Interest and fiscal charges	812,301	815,345	806,271	9,074
Total debt service	2,313,568	2,489,724	2,489,202	522
Total expenditures	23,136,183	24,848,278	23,914,493	933,785
(Deficiency) of revenues (under) expenditures	(3,195,490)	(3,624,711)	(2,333,439)	1,291,272
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of capital assets	20,000	87,220	81,216	(6,004)
Issuance of long-term debt	1,088,700	1,386,219	1,254,350	(131,869)
Appropriation of fund balance	1,666,590	1,086,525	-	(1,086,525)
Operating transfers in from other funds	1,250,000	4,511,800	4,555,606	43,806
Operating transfers out to other funds	(829,800)	(3,447,053)	(1,726,948)	1,720,105
Total other financing sources	3,195,490	3,624,711	4,164,224	539,513
Net change in fund balances	-	-	1,830,785	1,830,785
Fund balances, beginning of year	9,763,382	9,763,382	9,763,382	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 9,763,382	\$ 9,763,382	\$ 11,594,167	\$ 1,830,785

GOVERNMENTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Governmental Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds or reported separately as a non-major capital projects fund.

CITY OF HENDERSONVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA GOVERNMENTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

			Actual	
	Project	Prior	Current	Total
	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date
Revenues:				
Grant revenue - NCDOT	\$ 832,000	\$ 163,114	\$ 190,361	\$ 353,475
Grant revenue - DOJ	24,500	-	24,500	24,500
Grant revenue - Dept of Housing	750,000	-	18,269	18,269
Grant revenue	70,000	-	-	-
Local contributions	2,932,020	575,000	2,500	577,500
Investment earnings	-	13,085	237,620	250,705
Total revenues	4,608,520	751,199	473,250	1,224,449
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government				
Other operating expenditures	1,126,389	758,690	44,594	803,284
Capital outlay	56,771,800	20,211,601	5,810,568	26,022,169
Debt service:				
Principal retirements	13,499,000	13,499,000	-	13,499,000
Debt issuance costs	163,451	78,450	80,315	158,765
Total expenditures	71,560,640	34,547,741	5,935,477	40,483,218
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(66,952,120)	(33,796,542)	(5,462,227)	(39,258,769)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	5,305,617	4,439,309	4,955,004	9,394,313
Transfers out	-	(72,000)	-	(72,000)
Issuance of long-term obligations	61,646,503	29,688,161	21,206,865	50,895,026
Premiums on issuance of long-term debt	-	648,631	-	648,631
Total other financing sources	66,952,120	34,704,101	26,161,869	60,865,970
Net changes in fund balances	\$-	\$ 907,559	20,699,642	\$ 21,607,201
Fund balances, beginning of year			907,559	
Fund balances, end of year			\$ 21,607,201	

GRANTS FUND

The Grants Fund is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of Federal and State grants, excluding those for which it may be deemed necessary for a separate fund to be established due to the size or nature of the grant.

CITY OF HENDERSONVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA GRANTS FUND

			Actual	
	Project	Prior	Current	Total
_	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date
Revenues:	* 500.000	* -00000	<u>^</u>	* 500.000
Grant revenue - CDBG	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000	\$-	\$ 500,000
Grant revenue - DOJ	152,754	40,962	23,948	64,910
Grant revenue - FEMA	1,551,616	1,382,973	143,149	1,526,122
Grant revenue - NCDENR	5,983,079	521,001	804,365	1,325,366
Grant revenue - NCSCIF	250,000	250,000	-	250,000
Grant revenue - NCDOT	25,000	-	5,867	5,867
Grant revenue - USDT	4,511,800	-	4,511,800	4,511,800
Contributions	400,000	-	400,000	400,000
Other restricted intergovernmental	1,510,000	1,586,883	15,781	1,602,664
	40,000	39,945	-	39,945
Interest earnings	-	9,249	37,894	47,143
Total revenues	14,924,249	4,331,013	5,942,804	10,273,817
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General Government				
Operating Expenditures	1,900,000	-	360,000	360,000
Police department				
Salaries and Employee Benefits	25,000	-	5,592	5,592
Other operating expenditures	227,754	80,415	32,448	112,863
Fire department				
Salaries and employee benefits	2,094,616	2,306,644	637,309	2,943,953
Environmental protection				
Other operating expenditures	583,079	526,941	38,786	565,727
Economic and physical development				
Other operating expenditures Water and Sewer	575,112	334,903	-	334,903
Other operating expenditures	400,000	-	130,123	130,123
Capital outlay	250,000	293,337	5,735	299,072
Total expenditures	6,055,561	3,542,240	1,209,993	4,752,233
Excess of revenues over expenditures	8,868,688	788,773	4,732,811	5,521,584
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	1,108,187	1,502,535	537,691	2,040,226
Transfers out	(10,041,875)	(1,525)	(4,555,606)	(4,557,131)
Appropriation of fund balance	65,000	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(8,868,688)	1,501,010	(4,017,915)	(2,516,905)
Net changes in fund balances	\$-	\$ 2,289,783	714,896	\$ 3,004,679
Fund balances, beginning of year			2,289,783	
Fund balances, end of year			\$ 3,004,679	

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes. The City reports the following special revenue funds:

Main Street Tax District Fund – is used to account for the proceeds of an additional tax levy for the purpose of promoting commerce and tourism in the Central Business District.

Seventh Avenue Tax District Fund – is used to account for the proceeds of an additional tax levy for the purpose of promoting commerce and to the rehabilitate the economy of the City's Historic Seventh Avenue District.

Special Revenue Fund – is used to administer restricted or committed funds for some of the City's other programs.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		s	pecial	Revenue Fun	ıds			Total
		in Street x District Fund	Seve	enth Avenue ix District Fund		Special Revenue Fund	Gov	onmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS	•	00.440	•	00.004	•		•	404.000
Investments	\$	93,148	\$	68,684	\$	-	\$	161,832
Receivables, net:		0.000		770				40.005
Taxes		9,306		779		-		10,085
Shared taxes		77,396		21,100		-		98,496
Accrued interest		393		224		-		617
Prepaid items		150		-				150
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		79,066		58,301		73,850		211,217
Total assets		259,459		149,088		73,850		482,397
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable		8,894		1,290		-		10,184
Accrued salaries and benefits		7,536		2,137		-		9,673
Total liabilities		16,430		3,427		-		19,857
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		9,321		779				10,100
Total deferred inflows of resources		9,321		779		-		10,100
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable:								
Prepaid items Restricted for:		150		-		-		150
Economic development		233,558		144,882		_		378,440
Public safety		200,000				73,850		73,850
Total fund balances		233,708		144,882		73,850		452,440
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$	259,459	\$	149,088	\$	73,850	\$	482,397

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		s	pecial	Revenue Fun	lds			Total
		ain Street x District Fund	Seve	enth Avenue ax District Fund	Specia Reven Fund	ue	Gov	onmajor rernmental Funds
Revenues:	•		•	40.000	•		•	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	287,843	\$	46,289	\$	-	\$	334,132
Unrestricted intergovernmental		294,107		58,821		-		352,928
Restricted intergovernmental		-		-		5,298		5,298
Special events income		24,335		-		-		24,335
Investment income		5,287		3,469		-		8,756
Miscellaneous		429		5,000		0,665		16,094
Total revenues		612,001		113,579	1	5,963		741,543
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety		-		-	ç	98,081		98,081
Economic and physical development		526,458		122,024		-		648,482
Debt service:								
Principal		28,340		-		-		28,340
Interest		17,254		-		-		17,254
Total expenditures		572,052		122,024		98,081		792,157
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		39,949		(8,445)	3)	82,118)		(50,614)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		-		-	40	00,000		400,000
Transfers out		-		-	(40	(000,00		(400,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-	· · · ·	-		-
Net change in fund balances		39,949		(8,445)	3)	32,118)		(50,614)
Fund balances, beginning of year		193,759		153,327	15	5,968		503,054
Fund balances, end of year	\$	233,708	\$	144,882	\$ 7	73,850	\$	452,440

CITY OF HENDERSONVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA MAIN STREET TAX DISTRICT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budget						
	 Original	.900	Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
Revenues:	 <u> </u>						<u> </u>
Ad valorem taxes:							
Taxes	\$ 279,660	\$	283,960	\$	287,419	\$	3,459
Penalties and interest	-		-		424		424
Sales and use taxes	266,175		266,175		294,107		27,932
Special events income	13,250		24,250		24,335		85
Investment earnings (loss)	100		3,740		5,287		1,547
Miscellaneous	100		530		429		(101)
Total revenues	 559,285		578,655		612,001		33,346
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Economic and physical development							
Salaries and employee benefits	297,380		314,300		280,630		33,670
Other operating expenditures	332,570		334,694		245,828		88,866
Debt service:							
Principal	30,902		30,902		28,340		2,562
Interest	14,366		14,692		17,254		(2,562)
Total expenditures	 675,218		694,588		572,052		122,536
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	(115,933)		(115,933)		39,949		155,882
Other financing sources:							
Appropriation of fund balance	 115,933		115,933		-		(115,933)
Total other financing sources	 115,933		115,933		-		(115,933)
Net changes in fund balances	-		-		39,949		39,949
Fund balances, beginning of year	 193,759		193,759		193,759		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 193,759	\$	193,759	\$	233,708	\$	39,949

CITY OF HENDERSONVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA SEVENTH AVENUE TAX DISTRICT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Buo	dget				
	(Original		Final	Actual	Fina	al Budget
Revenues:							
Ad valorem taxes:							
Taxes	\$	41,303	\$	44,303	\$ 46,224	\$	1,921
Penalties and interest		-		-	65		65
Sales and use taxes		53,235		54,235	58,821		4,586
Investment earnings		100		2,123	3,469		1,346
Miscellaneous		5,000		5,000	5,000		-
Total revenues		99,638		105,661	 113,579		7,918
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Economic and physical development							
Salaries and employee benefits		82,669		88,692	78,467		10,225
Other operating expenditures		101,250		103,194	43,557		59,637
Total expenditures		183,919		191,886	 122,024		69,862
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(84,281)		(86,225)	(8,445)		77,780
Other financing sources:							
Appropriation of fund balance		84,281		86,225	-		(86,225)
Total other financing sources		84,281		86,225	 -		(86,225)
Net changes in fund balances		-		-	(8,445)		(8,445)
Fund balances, beginning of year		153,327		153,327	 153,327		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	153,327	\$	153,327	\$ 144,882	\$	(8,445)

CITY OF HENDERSONVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Bud	lget					
	C	Driginal		Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues:								
Restricted intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,298	\$	5,298
Miscellaneous	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	10,665	•	10,665
Total revenues		-		-		15,963		15,963
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety								
Operating expenditures		65,500		1,690,500		98,081		1,592,419
Total expenditures		65,500		1,690,500		98,081		1,592,419
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(65,500)		(1,690,500)		(82,118)		1,608,382
Other financing sources (uses):								
Appropriation of fund balance		65,500		90,500		-		(90,500)
Transfers in		-		2,000,000		400,000		(1,600,000)
Transfers out		-		(400,000)		(400,000)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		65,500		1,690,500		-		(1,690,500)
Net changes in fund balances		-		-		(82,118)		(82,118)
Fund balances, beginning of year		155,968		155,968		155,968		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	155,968	\$	155,968	\$	73,850	\$	(82,118)

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the government's council is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the government's council has decided that periodic determination of net income is appropriate for accountability purposes.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		
	Environmental Services	Stormwater	T .(.)
A00570	Fund	Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets: Receivables, net:			
Accounts	\$ 234,976	\$ 146,018	\$ 380,994
Shared taxes	\$ 254,970 3,200	φ 140,010	\$ 3,200
Loan proceeds	8,300	_	8,300
Total current assets	246,476	146,018	392,494
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Non-depreciable	11,134	335,325	346,459
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	685,550	915,955	1,601,505
Total capital assets, net	696,684	1,251,280	1,947,964
Total assets	943,160	1,397,298	2,340,458
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related items	318,937	194,705	513,642
OPEB related items	39,944	24,372	64,316
Total deferred outflows of resources	358,881	219,077	577,958
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	33,625	34,117	67,742
Accrued salaries and benefits	21,509	14,154	35,663
Accrued interest payable	2,353	3,965	6,318
Due to other funds	156,442	106,646	263,088
Compensated absences, current	24,589	17,727	42,316
Current portion of long-term debt	85,283	67,944	153,227
Total current liabilities	323,801	244,553	568,354
Long-term liabilities:			
Compensated absences, less current portion	22,470	17,726	40,196
Long-term debt, less current portion	374,865	494,836	869,701
Net pension liability	464,584	283,618	748,202
Total OPEB liability	137,492	83,893	221,385
Total long-term liabilities	999,411	880,073	1,879,484
Total liabilities	1,323,212	1,124,626	2,447,838
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related items	6,353	3,878	10,231
OPEB related items	24,084	14,695	38,779
Total deferred inflows of resources	30,437	18,573	49,010
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	236,536	682,898	919,434
Unrestricted	(288,144)	(209,722)	(497,866)
Total net position	\$ (51,608)	\$ 473,176	\$ 421,568

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Nonmaior Ent	erprise Funds	
	Environmental	<u>-</u>	
	Services	Stormwater	
	Fund	Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES			
Charges for services	\$ 1,524,404	\$ 1,025,762	\$ 2,550,166
Total operating revenues	1,524,404	1,025,762	2,550,166
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Waste collection and treatment	1,535,233	-	1,535,233
Stormwater	-	869,937	869,937
Depreciation	123,957	68,896	192,853
Total operating expenses	1,659,190	938,833	2,598,023
Operating income (loss)	(134,786)	86,929	(47,857)
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)			
Investment earnings	794	2,893	3,687
Intergovernmental revenue	12,865	-	12,865
Other nonoperating revenue	288	-	288
Interest expense	(8,143)	(9,178)	(17,321)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses), net	5,804	(6,285)	(481)
Change in net position before interfund transfers			
and capital contributions	(128,982)	80,644	(48,338)
Transfers out	-	(377,000)	(377,000)
Capital contributions		89,377	89,377
Change in net position	(128,982)	(206,979)	(335,961)
NET POSITION, beginning of year	77,374	680,155	757,529
NET POSITION, end of year	\$ (51,608)	\$ 473,176	\$ 421,568

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Nonmajor Er	nterprise Funds	
	Environmental Services Fund	Stormwater Fund	Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	- Tunu		
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 1,549,929	\$ 1,023,389	\$ 2,573,318
Payments to suppliers and service providers	(511,467)	(232,178)	(743,645)
Payments to employees	(1,058,422)	(611,187)	(1,669,609)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(19,960)	180,024	160,064
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sales of investments	833	49,085	49,918
Net cash provided by investing activities	833	49,085	49,918
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of capital assets	(259,055)	(345,331)	(604,386)
Interfund borrowings for capital asset purchases	156,442	106,646	263,088
Interfund transfer out for reimbursement of project costs	,	(377,000)	(377,000)
Proceeds from capital grants		24,620	24,620
Principal payments on long-term debt	(84,771)	(45,146)	(129,917)
Interest payments on long-term debt	(8,523)	(5,645)	(14,168)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	235,013	377,000	612,013
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related		011,000	,
financing activities	39,106	(264,856)	(225,750)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	19,979	(35,747)	(15,768)
Cash and cash equivalents:			
Beginning of year	(19,979)	35,747	15,768
End of year	\$-	\$-	\$ -
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (134,786)	\$ 86,929	\$ (47,857)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	123,957	68,896	192,853
(Increase) decrease in customer accounts receivable	25,525	(2,373)	23,152
(Increase) in shared taxes receivable	(3,200)	-	(3,200)
Increase in accounts payable	2,347	7,209	9,556
Decrease in accrued salaries and benefits	(31,595)	(15,062)	(46,657)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable	(24,949)	3,705	(21,244)
Increase in net pension liability and related deferrals	34,523	29,004	63,527
Increase (decrease) in total OPEB liability and related deferrals	(11,782)	1,716	(10,066)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (19,960)	\$ 180,024	\$ 160,064
NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Donations of capital assets	\$-	\$ 64,757	\$ 64,757

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES (NON-GAAP)

WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Rudaotod	Budgeted Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues:				
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services				
Water sales	\$ 14,762,000	\$ 15,030,659	\$ 14,675,325	\$ (355,334)
Sewer charges	6,420,850	6,708,850	6,814,372	105,522
Water and sewer taps	382,500	360,500	402,284	41,784
Miscellaneous revenues	426,900	607,000	602,539	(4,461)
Total operating revenues	21,992,250	22,707,009	22,494,520	(212,489)
Nonoperating revenues:				
Investment income	8,000	213,500	225,598	12,098
Miscellaneous		6,000	6,424	424
Total nonoperating revenues	8,000	219,500	232,022	12,522
Total revenues	22,000,250	22,926,509	22,726,542	(199,967)
Expenditures:				
Information technology:				
Salaries and employee benefits	251,032	252,406	252,406	-
Contracted services	215,000	352,705	339,745	12,960
Supplies	14,500	14,500	7,024	7,476
Capital outlay	-	619,602	619,601	, 1
Other departmental expenditures	562,400	439,825	375,758	64,067
Total information technology	1,042,932	1,679,038	1,594,534	84,504
		<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>
Fleet maintenance:				
Salaries and employee benefits	185,157	182,882	180,127	2,755
Contracted services	10,000	10,000	683	9,317
Capital outlay	31,000	31,000	16,425	14,575
Other departmental expenditures	793	793	793	-
Total fleet maintenance	226,950	224,675	198,028	26,647
Administration:				
Salaries and employee benefits	1,682,001	1,721,028	1,691,922	29,106
Contracted services	186,200	317,010	232,321	84,689
Supplies	22,000	22,000	19,930	2,070
Repairs and maintenance	10,000	8,800	3,487	5,313
Capital outlay	300,000	457,200	456,299	901
Health and wellness allocation	112,241	192,241	192,241	-
Other departmental expenditures	1,327,390	1,358,919	1,261,923	96,996
Total administration	3,639,832	4,077,198	3,858,123	219,075
Finance:				
Salaries and employee benefits	1,188,630	1,053,699	1,053,695	4
Contracted services	221,000	221,000	248,716	(27,716)
Supplies	7,500	7,500	5,303	2,197
Other departmental expenditures	277,810	196,148	120,330	75,818
Total finance	1,694,940	1,478,347	1,428,044	50,303
Engineering:				
Salaries and employee benefits	984,502	967,612	948,520	19,092
Contracted services	45,000	45,285	45,264	21
Other departmental expenditures	109,600	110,450	82,788	27,662
Total engineering	1,139,102	1,123,347	1,076,572	46,775
Facilities maintenance:				
Salaries and employee benefits	1,125,541	1,149,293	1,085,251	64,042
Contracted services	1,125,541 151,000	1, 149,293	140,703	10,747
Supplies	58,000	58,000	76,304	(18,304)
Repairs and maintenance	197,000	197,500	201,728	(18,304) (4,228)
Capital outlay	260,000	260,750	86,170	174,580
Other departmental expenditures	111,354	111,754	90,641	21,113
Total facilities maintenance	1,902,895	1,928,747	1,680,797	247,950
	1,002,000	.,520,111	.,500,107	

continued

WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
Expenditures (Continued):	<u> </u>				
Water treatment plant:					
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 969,831	\$ 1,049,860	\$ 1,049,860	\$-	
Contracted services	365,000	311,800	287,780	24,020	
Utilities	4,500	4,500	5,194	(694)	
Chemicals	558,000	568,000	569,944	(1,944)	
Supplies	94,050	94,050	68,555	25,495	
Repairs and maintenance	126,000	106,000	54,520	51,480	
Capital outlay	-	135,000	117,637	17,363	
Other departmental expenditures	95,575	95,575	70,275	25,300	
Total water treatment plant	2,212,956	2,364,785	2,223,765	141,020	
Operations support:					
Salaries and employee benefits	879,632	941,242	937,733	3,509	
Supplies	39,500	39,500	13,617	25,883	
Repairs and maintenance	13,500	16,100	27,692	(11,592)	
Capital outlay	240,000	190,000	116,005	73,995	
Other departmental expenditures	83,319	83,319	70,647	12,672	
Total operations support	1,255,951	1,270,161	1,165,694	104,467	
Water distribution:					
Salaries and employee benefits	1,746,760	1,705,125	1,704,124	1,001	
Contracted services	130,000	95,000	66,089	28,911	
Supplies	120,000	120,000	162,248	(42,248)	
Repairs and maintenance	490,000	749,306	711,435	37,871	
Capital outlay	205,000	505,000	412,625	92,375	
Other departmental expenditures	192,290	219,165	227,224	(8,059)	
Total water distribution	2,884,050	3,393,596	3,283,745	109,851	
Wastewater treatment plant:					
Salaries and employee benefits	722,989	786,689	758,154	28,535	
Contracted services	52,225	52,525	51,035	1,490	
Sludge management	600,000	600,000	444,174	155,826	
Utilities	3,000	3,000	495	2,505	
Supplies	96,640	108,640	72,031	36,609	
Repairs and maintenance	233,500	221,500	168,183	53,317	
Other departmental expenditures	69,740	70,240	47,066	23,174	
Total wastewater treatment plant	1,778,094	1,842,594	1,541,138	301,456	
Wastewater collection:					
Salaries and employee benefits	841,136	838,227	838,224	3	
Contracted services	140,000	115,000	76,921	38,079	
Supplies	100,000	118,000	120,494	(2,494)	
Repairs and maintenance	330,000	224,700	214,181	10,519	
Capital outlay	-	19,050	19,050	-	
Other departmental expenditures	159,358	169,737	142,703	27,034	
Total wastewater collection	1,570,494	1,484,714	1,411,573	73,141	
Debt service:					
Principal	2,560,771	2,684,759	2,551,152	133,607	
Interest and fiscal charges	655,819	658,205	521,774	136,431	
Total debt service	3,216,590	3,342,964	3,072,926	270,038	
Total expenditures	22,564,786	24,210,166	22,534,939	1,675,227	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(564,536)	(1,283,657)	191,603	1,475,260	

continued

WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Driginal		Final	Actual	Fi	nal Budget
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			-		 		
Transfers out	\$	-	\$	(124,000)	\$ (4,140,000)	\$	(4,016,000)
Transfers in		-		25,000	25,000		-
Issuance of long-term debt		-		619,602	4,635,601		4,015,999
Appropriation of net position		564,536		763,055	-		(763,055)
Total other financing sources (uses)		564,536		1,283,657	 520,601		(763,056)
Net change in net position	\$		\$		712,204	\$	712,204
Reconciliation from budgetary basis to change in							
net position per the proprietary funds statement of							
revenues, expenses, and changes in net position:							
Principal payments on long-term debt					2,551,152		
Issuance of long-term debt					(4,635,601)		
Change in accrued interest payable					(88,859)		
Purchases of capital assets					1,891,060		
Donated capital assets					5,525,336		
Depreciation and amortization expense					(4,217,802)		
Net book value of capital asset disposals					(1,231)		
Change in net pension liability and related deferred							
outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources					(504,826)		
Change in total OPEB liability and related deferred					<i>, , ,</i> ,		
outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources					(47,533)		
Change in compensated absences					(54,596)		
Transfers in - Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund					400,000		
Investment earnings - Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund					87,393		
Noncapitalized expenses - Water and Sewer Capital Projects Fund					 (436,039)		
Change in net position (GAAP basis) -							
Water and Sewer Fund					\$ 1,180,658		

PARKING SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgete	d Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues:				
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services				
Monthly parking	\$ 70,340	\$ 70,340	\$ 92,534	\$ 22,194
Parking meters	468,070	468,070	353,659	(114,411)
Special permits	500	500	1,467	967
Parking violations and penalties	9,900	91,900	117,075	25,175
Total operating revenues	548,810	630,810	564,735	(66,075)
Nonoperating revenues:				
Investment income	-	3,500	4,884	1,384
Total nonoperating revenues		3,500	4,884	1,384
- 5				
Total revenues	548,810	634,310	569,619	(64,691)
Expenditures:				
Parking services:				
Salaries and employee benefits	119,047	120,547	114,540	6,007
Contracted services	2,467	65,392	-	65,392
Other departmental expenditures	36,750	57,725	101,217	(43,492)
Total parking services	158,264	243,664	215,757	27,907
Debt service:				
Principal	381,405	381,405	375,000	6,405
Interest and fiscal charges	436,997	436,997	435,951	1,046
Total debt service	818,402	818,402	810,951	7,451
Capital outlay	512,000	462,100	403,937	58,163
Total expenditures	1,488,666	1,524,166	1,430,645	93,521
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(939,856)	(889,856)	(861,026)	28,830
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Issuance of long-term debt	55,000	55,000	-	(55,000)
Appropriation of net position	682,603	682,603		(682,603)
Transfers in	202,253	202,253	202,253	(002,000)
Transfers out	202,200	(50,000)	(50,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	939,856	889,856	152,253	(737,603)
Net change in net position	\$ -	\$ -	(708,773)	\$ (708,773)
	ψ -	ψ	(100,110)	φ (100,110)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis to change in				
net position per the proprietary funds statement of				
revenues, expenses, and changes in net position:				
Change in accrued interest payable			1,541	
Change in net position - Parking Services Capital Projects Fund			(6,700,065)	
Principal payments on long-term debt			375,000	
Amortization of bond premiums			166,660	
Purchases of capital assets			7,213,477	
Depreciation and amortization			(129,374)	
Change in net position (GAAP basis) -				
Parking Services Fund			\$ 218,466	
·			÷ 10,00	

ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues:				
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services				
Residential	\$ 1,358,000	\$ 1,349,100	\$ 1,316,697	\$ (32,403)
Commercial	163,000	221,700	207,707	(13,993)
Total operating revenues	1,521,000	1,570,800	1,524,404	(46,396)
Nonoperating revenues:				
Recycling revenue	-	9,510	12,865	3,355
Investment income (loss)	300	950	794	(156)
Miscellaneous	1,800	290	288	(2
Total nonoperating revenues	2,100	10,750	13,947	3,197
Total revenues	1,523,100	1,581,550	1,538,351	(43,199)
Expenditures:				
Waste collection and treatment:				
Salaries and employee benefits	1,009,304	1,055,554	1,026,827	28,727
Landfill tipping fees	250,000	250,000	228,175	21,825
Contracted services	63,900	65,044	65,405	(361)
Repairs and maintenance	70,000	60,136	62,097	(1,961)
Other departmental expenditures	124,904	155,524	154,937	587
Total waste collection and treatment	1,518,108	1,586,258	1,537,441	48,817
Debt service:				
Principal	84.771	84.771	84.771	-
Interest and fiscal charges	8,522	8,522	8,522	-
Total debt service	93,293	93,293	93,293	-
Capital outlay	20,000	263,313	259,055	4,258
Total expenditures	1,631,401	1,942,864	1,889,789	53,075
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(108,301)	(361,314)	(351,438)	9,876
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Appropriation of net position	108,301	361,314	-	(361,314)
Total other financing sources (uses)	108,301	361,314		(361,314)
Net change in net position	\$ -	\$ -	(351,438)	\$ (351,438)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis to change in net position per the proprietary funds statement of				
revenues, expenses, and changes in net position:				
Principal payments on long-term debt			84,771	
Change in accrued interest payable			379	
Change in net pension liability and related deferred			010	
outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources			(34,523)	
Change in total OPEB liability and related deferred			(04,020)	
outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources			11,782	
Change in compensated absences			24,949	
Purchases of capital assets			259,055	
Depreciation and amortization expense			(123,957)	
Depresidation and amonazation expense			(123,937)	
Change in net position (GAAP basis) -				
Environmental Services Fund			\$ (128,982)	

STORMWATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Revenues:		Budgeted	Amounts		
Operating revenues: Stormwater fees \$ 1,158,240 \$ 1,046,220 \$ 1,025,761 \$ 20,44 Nonoperating revenues: 1,158,240 \$ 1,046,220 \$ 1,025,761 \$ 20,44 Nonoperating revenues: 50 3,150 2,883 (22,75) Total revenues: 50 3,150 2,883 (22,75) Stormwater: 784,376 675,476 596,125 79,33 Contracted services 27,000 198,700 149,430 49,22 Total stormwater 1,115,006 22,8876 70,000 123,537 136,11 Total stormwater 1,115,006 56,270 45,146 11,11 Interest and fiscal charges 5,110 5,110 5,645 (51,100 Total sevencitures <td< th=""><th></th><th>Original</th><th>Final</th><th>Actual</th><th>Final Budget</th></td<>		Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Charges for services \$ 1,158,240 \$ 1,046,220 \$ 1,025,761 \$ 2,203 Nonoperating revenues 50 3,150 2,283 (21 Investment income (loss) 50 3,150 2,283 (22 Total nonoperating revenues 50 3,150 2,283 (22 Total nonoperating revenues 50 3,150 2,283 (22 Total nonoperating revenues 10,49,370 1,025,654 (20,7) Expenditures 297,000 198,700 149,430 49,2 Stormwater 29,980 29,980 22,980 700,50 138,1 Total sependitures 1,119,086 928,876 790,750 138,1 Total sependitures 5,110 5,645 (11,11) 111,1 Total sependitures 1,190,809 32,1012 5,224 Total adventions over (under) expenditures 1,310,000 326,300 321,012 5,24 Total expenditures 1,490,476 1,316,556 1,162,553 1,54,00 Total expenditures 1,490,476 1,316,556 1,162,553 1,54,00 T	Revenues:				
Shormwater frees \$ 1,156,240 \$ 1,046,220 \$ 1,025,761 \$ 2,024 Nanoperating revenues 1,155,240 \$ 1,046,220 \$ 1,025,761 \$ 2,024 Investment income (loss) 50 3,150 2,283 (22 Total revenues 50 3,150 2,283 (22 Expenditures: 1,166,290 1,049,370 1,025,661 (20,77 Starties and employee benefits 764,376 675,476 596,125 79,3 Contracted services 27000 188,770 149,450 49,277 17,170 Protepair and employee benefits 29,980 72,040 22,169 71,70 100,2169 17,170 Contracted services 20,980 72,040 22,169 71,160 102,169 136,11 Interset and fiscal charges 5,110 5,110 5,645 15,161 15,160 156,130 50,791 105,150 Capital outlay 310,000 322,1012 5,22 140,000 327,102 5,27 104,111,11 116,253 154,00 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Total operating revenues 1,155,240 1,046,220 1,025,761 (20,44) Nonoperating revenues: investment income (loss) 50 3,150 2,893 (22) Total nonoperating revenues 50 3,150 2,893 (22) Total nonoperating revenues 50 3,150 2,893 (22) Total revenues 1,158,280 1,049,370 1,028,664 (20,7) Expenditures: Statistics and employee benefits 74,376 675,476 596,125 79,337 Statistics and employee benefits 7,740 24,740 23,037 1,7,740 22,158 7,89 Total stormwater 1,119,086 229,860 22,158 7,89 7,90,790 138,11 Debt service: 51,100 5,645 (5) 10,510 5,645 (5) Total stormwater 1,310,000 326,300 321,012 5,24 134,656 1,162,553 154,00 Capital outlay 310,000 326,300 321,012 5,24 12,316,556 1,62,553	8				
Description Solution					
Investment income (loss) Total nonoperating revenues 50 3 (150 3 (150) 3 (150) 2 (2893) 2 (2893) (22) Total revenues 1,158,290 1,049,370 1,028,654 (20,7) Expenditures: Starmwater Starms and employee benefits 764,376 675,476 596,125 79,33 Contracted services 297,000 198,700 149,430 49,22 Repairs and employee benefits 77,40 24,740 23,037 1,77 Other departmental expenditures 29,860 29,860 29,860 29,860 29,860 29,860 790,750 138,12 Debt service: 1,118,096 528,767 790,750 138,12 10,54 (57,10) 5,110 5,146 11,11 Interest and fiscal charges 5,110 5,110 5,645 (53,79) 10,545 (53,79) 10,545 (52,70) 45,146 11,10,55 24,940 23,940 32,12,12 5,245 (53,31) 10,545 (53,31) 10,545 (53,31) 10,545 (53,216) 140,000 140,000 140,000 <td< td=""><td>l otal operating revenues</td><td>1,158,240</td><td>1,046,220</td><td>1,025,761</td><td>(20,459</td></td<>	l otal operating revenues	1,158,240	1,046,220	1,025,761	(20,459
Total nonoperating revenues 50 3.150 2.893 (22 Total revenues 1,158.290 1.049,370 1.028,654 (20,7) Expenditures: Salaries and employee benefits 784,376 675,476 596,125 79,33 Contracted services 29,980 22,958 7,84 744 23,037 1,77 Other departmental expenditures 29,980 29,980 22,958 7,84 Total stormwater 1,119,096 928,876 790,750 138,12 Principal 56,270 56,270 45,146 11,11 Interest and fiscal charges 5,110 5,140 50,791 10,555 Total expenditures 1,490,476 1,316,556 1,162,553 154,00 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (332,186) (267,186) (132,00) 237,00 Issuance of long-term debt 1,400,000 140,000 370,000 237,00 (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (Nonoperating revenues:				
Total revenues 1,158,290 1,049,370 1,028,654 (20,7) Expanditures: Stormwater: Stormwate	Investment income (loss)	50	3,150	2,893	(257
Expanditures: Stormwater: 784.376 675.476 596.125 79.33 Stormwater: 297.000 198.700 149.430 49.23 Contracted services 297.000 198.700 149.430 49.23 Repairs and maintenance 77.40 24.740 23.037 1.77 Other departmental expenditures 29.980 29.8876 790.750 138.11 Dat service: 79.100 56.457 45.146 11.11 Interest and fiscal charges 56.270 56.270 45.146 11.11 Interest and fiscal charges 51.100 5.140 50.711 10.551 Total expenditures 1.490.476 1.316.556 1.162.553 154.00 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (332.160) (267.186) (133.899) 133.210 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 140.000 140.000 377.000 (327.001) (320.01 - (267.186) - (192.14 Total other financing sources (uses) 332.166 267.186 - <	Total nonoperating revenues	50	3,150	2,893	(257
Stormwater: 764.376 675.476 596.125 79.33 Salaries and employee benefits 297.000 198.700 149.430 49.23 Repairs and maintenance 27.740 24.740 23.037 1.77 Other departmental expenditures 29.980 29.960 22.158 7.80 Total stormwater 1.119.096 928.876 790.750 138.11 Debt service: 1.119.096 928.876 790.750 138.11 Principal 56.270 56.270 45.146 11.12 Interest and fiscal charges 5.110 5.645 (55.10) 5.645 Total det service 61.380 61.380 321.012 5.22 Total expenditures 1.490.476 1.316.556 1.162.553 154.00 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (332.186) (267.186) (132.00) Issuance olong-term debt 140.000 140.000 377.000 237.00 Appropriation of net position 192.186 - (267.146) Transfers ou	Total revenues	1,158,290	1,049,370	1,028,654	(20,716)
Salaries and employee benefits 784.376 675.476 596.125 79.33 Contracted services 297.000 198.700 149.430 49.23 Repairs and maintenance 7.740 24.740 23.037 1.77 Other departmental expenditures 29.980 29.990 22.158 7.88 Total stormwater 1.119.086 922.876 790.750 138.17 Debt service: 5.110 5.110 5.445 (5) Total debt service 61.380 61.380 50.791 10.54 Capital outlay 310.000 326.300 321.012 5.22 Total debt service 1.490.476 1.316.556 1.162.563 154.00 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (332.186) (267.186) (133.899) 133.21 Other financing Sources (Uses): ssuance of long-term debt 140.000 140.000 377.000 237.00 Transfers out 192.186 287.186 - (267.112 22.80 Net change in net position \$ <	Expenditures:				
Contracted services 297,000 149,430 49,230 Repairs and maintenance 7,740 24,740 23,037 1,77 Other departmental expenditures 29,980 22,986 780,750 138,11 Debt service: 1,119,096 928,876 790,750 138,11 Principal 56,270 56,270 45,146 11,11 Interest and fiscal charges 5,110 5,645 (55) Total debt service 61,330 60,791 105,85 (57,70) Capital outlay 310,000 326,300 321,012 5,27 5,270 138,13 Total expenditures 1,490,476 1,316,556 1,162,553 154,00 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (332,186) (267,186) (133,899) 133,24 Itransfers out 192,186 140,000 377,000 237,000 (312,00) (312,00) (327,000) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,01) (312,01)	Stormwater:				
Repairs and maintenance 7,740 24,740 23,037 1,77 Other depairmental expenditures 29,990 22,2158 7,88 Total stormwater 1,119,006 928,876 790,750 138,12 Debt service: 91119,006 928,876 790,750 138,12 Total stormwater 56,270 56,270 45,146 11,11,015 Total debt service 61,380 61,380 50,791 10,55 Capital outlay 310,000 326,300 321,012 5,227 Total expenditures 1,490,476 1,316,556 1,162,553 154,00 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (332,186) (267,186) (133,899) 133,21 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 140,000 140,000 377,000 237,00 Issuance of long-term debt (465,000) (377,000) (312,00) Total other financing sources (uses) 32,186 267,186 (22,01) Net change in net position \$ \$ - (133,899) \$ (133,65) Succes (deficiency) of revenues to change in net position \$ \$	Salaries and employee benefits	784,376	675,476	596,125	79,351
Other departmental expenditures 29,980 29,960 22,158 7.88 Total stormwater 1,119,096 928,876 790,750 138,12 Debt service 56,270 56,270 45,146 11,12 Interest and fiscal charges 51,10 5,6270 56,270 10,55 Total debt service 61,380 61,380 50,791 10,55 Capital outlay 310,000 326,300 321,012 5,227 Total expenditures 1,490,476 1,316,556 1,162,553 154,00 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (332,186) (267,186) (133,899) 133,22 Other Financing Sources (Uses): issuance of long-term debt 140,000 140,000 377,000 237,00 Itransfer out 1 26,7186 (133,899) 332,186 267,186 (122,17,000) Total other financing sources (uses) 332,186 267,186 (267,186) (2267,186) Issuance of long-term debt (377,000) (312,00) (377,000) (312,00)	Contracted services	297,000	198,700	149,430	49,270
Total stormwater 1,119,096 928,876 790,750 138,12 Debt service: Principal 56,270 56,270 45,146 11,11 Interest and fiscal charges 5,110 5,110 5,110 5,645 (55) Total debt service 61,380 61,380 50,791 10,51 (55) (51) (56) (5	Repairs and maintenance	7,740	24,740	23,037	1,703
Debt service: 56,270 56,270 45,146 11,12 Interest and fiscal charges 5110 5,110 5,645 (55 Total debt service 61,380 61,380 50,791 10,55 Capital outlay 310,000 326,300 321,012 5,22 Total expenditures 1,490,476 1,316,556 1,162,553 154,00 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (332,186) (267,186) (133,899) 133,22 Other Financing Sources (Uses): issuance of long-term debt 140,000 140,000 377,000 237,00 Issuance of long-term debt 140,000 140,000 377,000 237,00 (312,00) Transfers out - (65,000) (377,000) (312,00) (3	Other departmental expenditures	29,980	29,960	22,158	7,802
Principal 56,270 56,270 45,146 11,11 Interest and fiscal charges 5,110 5,110 5,645 (35) Total debt service 61,380 61,380 50,791 10,5645 (35) Capital outlay 310,000 326,300 321,012 5,220 52,200 Total expenditures 1,490,476 1,316,556 1,162,553 154,000 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (332,186) (267,186) (133,899) 133,21 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 140,000 140,000 377,000 237,001 Issuance of long-term debt 140,000 140,000 377,000 (312,001) Total other financing sources (uses) 332,186 267,186 - (126,71) Net change in net position \$ \$ (133,899) \$ (133,891) \$ (133,891) Principal payments on long-term debt (377,000) (312,001) (312,001) \$ (267,186) - (267,186) - (267,186) - (267,186) - (267,186) <td>Total stormwater</td> <td>1,119,096</td> <td>928,876</td> <td>790,750</td> <td>138,126</td>	Total stormwater	1,119,096	928,876	790,750	138,126
Interest and fiscal charges 5,110 5,110 5,645 (5) Total debt service 61,380 61,380 50,791 10,58 Capital outlay 310,000 326,300 321,012 524 Total expenditures 1,490,476 1,316,556 1,162,553 154,00 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (332,186) (267,186) (133,899) 133,20 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of long-term debt 140,000 140,000 377,000 237,000 Appropriation of net position 192,186 192,186 - (267,186) (133,899) 332,20 Total other financing sources (uses) 332,186 267,186 - (267,18 Total other financing sources (uses) 332,186 267,186 - (267,18 Net change in net position \$ - \$ (267,18 (267,18 Net change in net position: Issuance of long-term debt (37,000) (312,00 (312,00 Principal payments on long-term debt (37,000) (313,89	Debt service:				
Total debt service 61.380 61.380 50.791 10.53 Capital outlay 310,000 326,300 321,012 5.24 Total expenditures 1.490,476 1.316,556 1.162,553 154,00 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (332,186) (267,186) (133,899) 133,24 Other Financing Sources (Uses): issuance of long-term debt 140,000 140,000 377,000 237,000 Appropriation of net position 192,186 192,186 - (192,18 Total other financing sources (uses) 332,186 267,186 - (267,18 Net change in net position \$ - \$ - (133,899) \$ (133,899) \$ (133,891 \$ 332,186 - (192,18 - (192,18 - (192,18 - (267,18 - (267,18 - (267,18 - (267,18 - (267,18 - (267,18 - (267,18 - (267,18 - (267,18 - <t< td=""><td>Principal</td><td>56,270</td><td>56,270</td><td>45,146</td><td>11,124</td></t<>	Principal	56,270	56,270	45,146	11,124
Capital outlay 310,000 326,300 321,012 5,24 Total expenditures 1,490,476 1,316,556 1,162,553 154,00 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (332,186) (267,186) (133,899) 133,24 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of long-term debt 140,000 140,000 377,000 237,00 Appropriation of net position 192,186 192,186 192,186 - (192,18 Total other financing sources (uses) 332,186 267,186 - (267,18) Net change in net position \$ - \$ (133,899) \$ (133,899) Reconciliation from budgetary basis to change in net position: \$ - \$ (133,899) \$ (133,899) \$ (133,899) \$ (133,899) \$ (133,899) \$ (133,899) \$ (133,899) \$ (133,899) \$ (133,899) \$ <td< td=""><td>Interest and fiscal charges</td><td>5,110</td><td>5,110</td><td>5,645</td><td>(535</td></td<>	Interest and fiscal charges	5,110	5,110	5,645	(535
Total expenditures 1,490,476 1,316,556 1,162,553 154,00 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (332,186) (267,186) (133,899) 133,24 Other Financing Sources (Uses): 140,000 140,000 377,000 237,00 Appropriation of net position 192,186 192,186 (192,146) Transfers out - (65,000) (377,000) (312,00) Total other financing sources (uses) 332,186 267,186 - (267,186) Net change in net position \$ - (55,000) (377,000) (312,00) Issuance of long-term debt (377,000) (312,00) - (267,186) - (267,186) Net change in net position \$ - \$ - (133,899) \$ (133,899) \$ (133,899) \$ (133,899) \$ (132,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00) (312,00)	Total debt service	61,380	61,380	50,791	10,589
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (332,186) (267,186) (133,899) 133,28 Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of long-term debt 140,000 140,000 377,000 237,00 Appropriation of net position 192,186 192,186 - (192,18 Transfers out - (65,000) (377,000) (312,000) Total other financing sources (uses) 332,186 267,186 - (267,186) Net change in net position \$ - \$ (133,899) \$ (133,899) Reconciliation from budgetary basis to change in net position: Issuance of long-term debt (377,000) (377,000) (377,000) Issuance of long-term debt (377,000) (377,000) (377,000) Issuance of long-term debt (3,533) Change in accrued interest payable (3,533) (3,533) Change in tet penson liability and related deferred (28,004) outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (1,716) (3,705) (29,004) (1,716) (3,705) Purchases of capital assets 345,331 Donated capital assets 345,331 Donated capital assets (4,757 Depre	Capital outlay	310,000	326,300	321,012	5,288
Other Financing Sources (Uses): 140,000 140,000 377,000 237,00 Appropriation of net position 192,186 192,186 - (192,18 Transfers out - (65,000) (377,000) (312,00 Total other financing sources (uses) 332,186 267,186 - (267,18 Net change in net position \$ - \$ (133,899) \$ (133,899) Reconciliation from budgetary basis to change in net position per the proprietary funds statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position: (377,000) (377,000) Issuance of long-term debt (3,533) (3,533) (3,533) Change in net position in bibility and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (29,004) (1,716) Change in total OPEB liability and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (3,705) (3,705) Purchases of capital assets 345,331 Donated capital assets 345,331 Donated capital assets (68,896) (44,460) Change in net position - Stormwater Capital Projects Fund (44,460)	Total expenditures	1,490,476	1,316,556	1,162,553	154,003
Issuance of long-term debt 140,000 140,000 377,000 237,00 Appropriation of net position 192,186 192,186 - (192,187 Transfers out - (65,000) (377,000) (312,000) (312,000) Total other financing sources (uses) 332,186 267,186 - (267,182) Net change in net position \$ - \$ (133,899) \$ (133,899) Reconciliation from budgetary basis to change in net position per the proprietary funds statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position: Issuance of long-term debt (377,000) (312,000) Principal payments on long-term debt (3533) (3533) Issuance of long-term debt (3,533) Change in net person liability and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (29,004) Intervenues, (29,004) Change in total OPEB liability and related deferred (3,705) Purchases of capital assets 345,331 Donated capital assets 64,757 68,896) 64,757 Depreciation and amortization expense (68,896) (64,460) Change in net position - Stormwater Capital Projects Fund (44,460) Change in net po	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(332,186)	(267,186)	(133,899)	133,287
Appropriation of net position 192,186 192,186 - (192,187) Transfers out - (65,000) (377,000) (312,00) Total other financing sources (uses) 332,186 267,186 - (267,18) Net change in net position \$ - \$ - (133,899) \$ (133,89) Reconciliation from budgetary basis to change in net position: summary of the proprietary funds statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position: (377,000) (377,000) Issuance of long-term debt (377,000) 45,146 (3,533) Change in net persion liability and related deferred outflows of resources (29,004) (29,004) Change in total OPEB liability and related deferred outflows of resources (3,705) (3,705) Purchases of capital assets 345,331 00040 (34,757) Depreciation and amortization expense (68,896) (44,460) (44,460) Change in net position - Stormwater Capital Projects Fund (44,460) (44,460) (44,460)	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers out - (65,000) (377,000) (312,00) Total other financing sources (uses) 332,186 267,186 - (267,18) Net change in net position \$ - \$ (133,899) \$ (133,89) Reconciliation from budgetary basis to change in net position per the proprietary funds statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position: (377,000) (377,000) (377,000) Issuance of long-term debt (377,000) (377,000) (377,000) (377,000) Principal payments on long-term debt (377,000) (377,000) (377,000) Change in net pension liability and related deferred (3,533) (3,533) (3,533) Change in total OPEB liability and related deferred (29,004) (1,716) (1,716) Change in total OPEB liability and related deferred (3,705) (1,716) (1,716) Change in compensated absences (3,705) (1,716) (345,331) Donated capital assets 64,757 (68,896) (68,896) (44,460) Change in net position - Stormwater Capital Projects Fund (44,460) (44,460) (44,460) (44,460) (44,460) (44,460) (44,	Issuance of long-term debt	140,000	140,000	377,000	237,000
Total other financing sources (uses) 332,186 267,186 - (267,186 Net change in net position \$ - \$ - \$ - (133,899) \$ (133,899) Reconciliation from budgetary basis to change in net position per the proprietary funds statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position: (377,000) \$ (377,000) Issuance of long-term debt (377,000) 45,146 (3,533) Change in accrued interest payable (3,533) (3,533) Change in net pension liability and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (29,004) Change in total OPEB liability and related deferred outflows of resources (1,716) Change in compensated absences (3,705) Purchases of capital assets 345,331 Donated capital assets 64,757 Depreciation and amortization expense (68,896) Change in net position - Stormwater Capital Projects Fund (44,460) Change in net position (GAAP basis) - -	Appropriation of net position	192,186	192,186	-	(192,186
Net change in net position \$ - \$ - (133,899) \$ (133,890) \$ (133,890) \$ (133,890) \$ (133,890) \$ (133,890) \$ (133,890) \$ (133,813) \$ \$ <t< td=""><td>Transfers out</td><td>-</td><td>(65,000)</td><td>(377,000)</td><td>(312,000</td></t<>	Transfers out	-	(65,000)	(377,000)	(312,000
Reconciliation from budgetary basis to change in net position per the proprietary funds statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position: Issuance of long-term debt (377,000) Principal payments on long-term debt 45,146 Change in accrued interest payable (3,533) Change in net pension liability and related deferred (29,004) Outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (1,716) Outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (3,705) Purchases of capital assets 345,331 Donated capital assets 64,757 Depreciation and amortization expense (68,896) Change in net position (GAAP basis) - (44,460)	Total other financing sources (uses)	332,186	267,186	<u> </u>	(267,186
net position per the proprietary funds statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position: Issuance of long-term debt (377,000) Principal payments on long-term debt 45,146 Change in accrued interest payable (3,533) Change in net pension liability and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (29,004) Change in total OPEB liability and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (1,716) Change in compensated absences (3,705) Purchases of capital assets 345,331 Donated capital assets 64,757 Depreciation and amortization expense (68,896) Change in net position - Stormwater Capital Projects Fund (44,460)	Net change in net position	\$-	\$-	(133,899)	\$ (133,899
revenues, expenses, and changes in net position: Issuance of long-term debt (377,000) Principal payments on long-term debt 45,146 Change in accrued interest payable (3,533) Change in net pension liability and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (29,004) Change in total OPEB liability and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (1,716) Change in compensated absences (3,705) Purchases of capital assets 345,331 Donated capital assets 64,757 Depreciation and amortization expense (68,896) Change in net position - Stormwater Capital Projects Fund (44,460) Change in net position (GAAP basis) -					
Issuance of long-term debt(377,000)Principal payments on long-term debt45,146Change in accrued interest payable(3,533)Change in net pension liability and related deferred(29,004)Outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources(29,004)Change in total OPEB liability and related deferred(3,716)outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources(1,716)Change in compensated absences(3,705)Purchases of capital assets345,331Donated capital assets64,757Depreciation and amortization expense(68,896)Change in net position - Stormwater Capital Projects Fund(44,460)Change in net position (GAAP basis) -					
Principal payments on long-term debt45,146Change in accrued interest payable(3,533)Change in net pension liability and related deferred(29,004)outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources(29,004)Change in total OPEB liability and related deferred(1,716)outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources(1,716)Change in compensated absences(3,705)Purchases of capital assets345,331Donated capital assets64,757Depreciation and amortization expense(68,896)Change in net position - Stormwater Capital Projects Fund(44,460)Change in net position (GAAP basis)				(377,000)	
Change in accrued interest payable (3,533) Change in net pension liability and related deferred (29,004) Outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (29,004) Change in total OPEB liability and related deferred (1,716) outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (1,716) Change in compensated absences (3,705) Purchases of capital assets 345,331 Donated capital assets 64,757 Depreciation and amortization expense (68,896) Change in net position - Stormwater Capital Projects Fund (44,460) Change in net position (GAAP basis) - (44,460)	0			,	
Change in net pension liability and related deferred (29,004) Outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (1,716) Outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (1,716) Outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (3,705) Purchases of capital assets 345,331 Donated capital assets 64,757 Depreciation and amortization expense (68,896) Change in net position - Stormwater Capital Projects Fund (44,460)					
outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources(29,004)Change in total OPEB liability and related deferred(1,716)outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources(1,716)Change in compensated absences(3,705)Purchases of capital assets345,331Donated capital assets64,757Depreciation and amortization expense(68,896)Change in net position - Stormwater Capital Projects Fund(44,460)Change in net position (GAAP basis) -				(3,533)	
Change in total OPEB liability and related deferred (1,716) outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (1,716) Change in compensated absences (3,705) Purchases of capital assets 345,331 Donated capital assets 64,757 Depreciation and amortization expense (68,896) Change in net position - Stormwater Capital Projects Fund (44,460) Change in net position (GAAP basis) -	5 I J			(00.00.0)	
outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources(1,716)Change in compensated absences(3,705)Purchases of capital assets345,331Donated capital assets64,757Depreciation and amortization expense(68,896)Change in net position - Stormwater Capital Projects Fund(44,460)Change in net position (GAAP basis) -				(29,004)	
Change in compensated absences(3,705)Purchases of capital assets345,331Donated capital assets64,757Depreciation and amortization expense(68,896)Change in net position - Stormwater Capital Projects Fund(44,460)Change in net position (GAAP basis) -	. .				
Purchases of capital assets 345,331 Donated capital assets 64,757 Depreciation and amortization expense (68,896) Change in net position - Stormwater Capital Projects Fund (44,460) Change in net position (GAAP basis) - -					
Donated capital assets64,757Depreciation and amortization expense(68,896)Change in net position - Stormwater Capital Projects Fund(44,460)Change in net position (GAAP basis)					
Depreciation and amortization expense (68,896) Change in net position - Stormwater Capital Projects Fund (44,460) Change in net position (GAAP basis) - (44,460)	•				
Change in net position - Stormwater Capital Projects Fund (44,460) Change in net position (GAAP basis) -					
Change in net position (GAAP basis) -	Depreciation and amortization expense			(68,896)	
	Change in net position - Stormwater Capital Projects Fund			(44,460)	
	Change in net position (GAAP basis) -				
ψ (Σ00,010)	Stormwater Fund			\$ (206,979)	

ENTERPRISE CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

These funds account for the accumulation of resources and the subsequent disbursement of such resources in renovating major capital assets in the water and sewer systems, the City's parking services facilities, and the stormwater system.

CITY OF HENDERSONVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

			Actual	
	Project	Prior	Current	Total
	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date
Revenues:				
Grant revenue - CDBG	\$ 1,040,500	\$ 1,040,500	\$-	\$ 1,040,500
Grant revenue - NCDEQ	150,000	150,000	-	150,000
Grant revenue - Golden Leaf	556,140	506,899	-	506,899
Reimbursements	374,600	374,675	-	374,675
Local contributions	300,000	300,000	-	300,000
Investment income	106,747	19,624	87,394	107,018
Total revenues	2,527,987	2,391,698	87,394	2,479,092
Expenditures:				
Capital outlay	100,144,133	34,091,085	16,447,238	50,538,323
Non-capital	1,859,220	822,294	433,380	1,255,674
Debt issuance costs	878,862	757,612	121,250	878,862
Total expenditures	102,882,215	35,670,991	17,001,868	52,672,859
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(100,354,228)	(33,279,293)	(16,914,474)	(50,193,767)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	28,343,505	19,370,903	2,452,633	21,823,536
Transfers out	(9,238,403)	(2,666,435)	(6,622,809)	(9,289,244)
Issuance of long-term debt	81,249,126	23,860,580	19,926,462	43,787,042
Total other financing sources	100,354,228	40,565,048	15,756,286	56,321,334
Net change in fund balance	\$-	\$ 7,285,755	\$ (1,158,188)	\$ 6,127,567

CITY OF HENDERSONVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA PARKING SERVICES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

			Actual	
	Project	Prior	Current	Total
	Authorization	Years	Year	to Date
Revenues:				
Investment income	\$-	\$ 3,952	\$ 59,475	\$ 63,427
Total revenues	-	3,952	59,475	63,427
Expenditures:				
Land	12,949	12,949	-	12,949
Capital outlay CIP	10,312,068	3,365,955	6,809,540	10,175,495
Non-capital expenditures	5,635	5,635	-	5,635
Debt service:				
Debt issuance costs	207,119	207,119	-	207,119
Total expenditures	10,537,771	3,591,658	6,809,540	10,401,198
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(10,537,771)	(3,587,706)	(6,750,065)	(10,337,771)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Issuance of long-term debt	12,748,343	12,748,343	-	12,748,343
Transfers in	250,000	-	50,000	50,000
Transfers out	(2,460,572)	(2,460,572)	-	(2,460,572)
Total other financing sources	10,537,771	10,287,771	50,000	10,337,771
Net change in fund balance	\$-	\$ 6,700,065	\$ (6,700,065)	\$-

CITY OF HENDERSONVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA STORMWATER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

					Actual	
		Project	 Prior	C	Current	Total
	Αι	uthorization	Years		Year	to Date
Revenues:						
Grant revenue	\$	3,452,785	\$ 91,278	\$	24,620	\$ 115,898
Total revenues		3,452,785	 91,278		24,620	 115,898
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay		3,767,112	154,240		24,319	178,559
Non-capital		14,973	14,974		44,761	59,735
Total expenditures		3,782,085	 169,214		69,080	 238,294
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(329,300)	(77,936)		(44,460)	(122,396)
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in		329,300	97,000		-	97,000
Total other financing sources		329,300	 97,000		-	 97,000
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$ 19,064	\$	(44,460)	\$ (25,396)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

Internal Service Funds are specifically designed for goods or services that are provided on a cost-reimbursement basis. The goal of an Internal Service Fund is to measure the full cost of providing goods or services for the purpose of fully recovering that cost through fees or charges.

CITY OF HENDERSONVILLE, NORTH CAROLINA HEALTH AND WELFARE INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Bud	dget				
	(Original	Final		 Actual		al Budget
Revenues:							
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$	292,025	\$	390,026	\$ 390,026	\$	-
Miscellaneous		12,000		12,000	25,936		13,936
Total revenues		304,025		402,026	 415,962		13,936
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Employee benefits		304,025		404,026	394,591		9,435
Total expenditures		304,025		404,026	 394,591		9,435
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures		-		(2,000)	21,371		23,371
Other financing sources (uses):							
Budgeted use of net position		-		2,000	-		(2,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		2,000	 -		(2,000)
Net changes in net position		-		-	21,371		21,371
Net position, beginning of year		77,809		77,809	 77,809		-
Net position, end of year	\$	77,809	\$	77,809	\$ 99,180	\$	21,371

PROPERTY TAXES

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY GENERAL FUND (CITY-WIDE) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

					Total	Levy	
		City-wide			Property Excluding		
Original Levy:	Property Valuation	Rate	 Amount of Levy		Registered otor Vehicles		egistered or Vehicles
Property at current year's rate	\$ 2,312,985,061	0.52	\$ 12,027,522	\$	11,061,090	\$	966,432
Penalties	(4,399,615)		 (22,878)		(22,878)		-
Total	2,308,585,446		 12,004,644		11,038,212		966,432
Discoveries:							
Current year taxes	9,908,462	0.52	51,524		51,524		
Penalties	3,154,038		 16,401		16,401		
Releases:			 67,925	·	67,925		
Current year taxes	(5,260,385)	0.52	(27,354)		(27,354)		
Penalties	(516,923)	0.02	(2,688)		(2,688)		
			 (30,042)		(30,042)		
Total property valuation	\$ 2,315,870,638		 				
Net levy			12,042,527		11,076,095		966,432
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2023			 155,065		148,065		7,000
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 11,887,462	\$	10,928,030	\$	959,432
Current levy collection percentage			 98.71%		98.66%		99.28%

SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE GENERAL FUND AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

Fiscal year	Ba	ollected alance 30, 2022	Collections Additions and Credits				_	ncollected Balance ine 30, 2023
2022-2023	\$	-	\$	12,042,527	\$	11,887,462	\$	155,065
2021-2022	,	101,553	•	-		85,314		16,239
2020-2021		40,471		-		35,575		4,896
2019-2020		51,783		-		8,731		43,052
2018-2019		64,256		-		-		64,256
2017-2018		34,093		-		-		34,093
2016-2017		19,661		-		-		19,661
2015-2016		22,580		-		-		22,580
2014-2015		17,824		-		-		17,824
2013-2014		15,392		-		-		15,392
2012-2013		9,743		-		-		9,743
2011-2012		10,235		-		-		10,235
2010-2011		9,883		-		-		9,883
2009-2010		9,448		-		-		9,448
2008-2009		14,559		-		-		14,559
2007-2008		18,604		-		-		18,604
2006-2007		10,018		-		-		10,018
2005-2006		2,590		-		-		2,590
	\$	452,693	\$	12,042,527	\$	12,017,082		478,138
		Less allowanc	e for un	collectible ad val	orem ta:	xes receivable		240,150
				Ad valoren	n taxes i	receivable, net	\$	237,988
				ith revenues: es - General Fund	ł		\$	12,027,091

Penalties collected on ad valorem taxes	16,550
Reconciling items:	
Interest collected	(26,488)
Discounts allowed	 (71)
Total collections and credits	\$ 12,017,082

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY MAIN STREET TAX DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

					Total	Levy	
		City-wide			Property xcluding		
Original Levy:	Property Valuation	Rate		Amount of Levy	egistered or Vehicles		gistered r Vehicles
Property at current year's rate	\$ 120,024,346	0.24	\$	288,058	\$ 283,440	\$	4,618
Penalties	(56,250)			(135)	 (135)		_
Total	119,968,096			287,923	 283,305		4,618
Discoveries:							
Current year taxes	478,750	0.24		1,149	1,149		
Penalties	120,833			290	 290		
Releases:				1,439	 1,439		
Current year taxes	(130,000)	0.24		(312)	(312)		
Penalties	-	0.2		(78)	(78)		
Total property valuation	\$ 120,437,679			(390)	 (390)		
Net levy				288,972	284,354		4,618
,				,	- ,		,
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2023			. <u> </u>	2,479	 2,479		-
Current year's taxes collected			\$	286,493	\$ 281,875	\$	4,618
Current levy collection percentage				99.14%	 99.13%		100.00%

SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE MAIN STREET TAX DISTRICT AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

Uncollected Balance June 30, 2023	llections d Credits		dditions	A	ollected Ilance 30, 2022	Ba	Fiscal year
\$ 2,479	286,493	\$	288,972	\$	-	\$	2022-2023
785	1,445		-		2,230		2021-2022
-	-		-		-		2020-2021
3,473	190		-		3,663		2019-2020
4,862	-		-		4,862		2018-2019
3,530	-		-		3,530		2017-2018
1,321	-		-		1,321		2016-2017
620	-		-		620		2015-2016
464	-		-		464		2014-2015
995	-		-		995		2013-2014
229	-		-		229		2012-2013
151	-		-		151		2011-2012
5	-		-		5		2010-2011
1,042	-		-		1,042		2009-2010
488	-		-		488		2008-2009
951	-		-		951		2007-2008
735	-		-		735		2006-2007
246	-		-		246		2005-2006
22,376	288,128	\$	288,972	\$	21,532	\$	
13,070	s receivable	orem taxe	ollectible ad valo	e for unco	Less allowance	I	
\$ 9,306	ceivable, net	taxes ree	Ad valorem				

Ad valorem taxes - Main Street Tax District Fund Penalties collected on ad valorem taxes	\$ 287,843 418
Reconciling items: Interest collected	 (133)
Total collections and credits	\$ 288,128

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY SEVENTH AVENUE TAX DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

					Total	Levy	
		City-wide		Ex	roperty cluding		
Original Levy:	Property Valuation	Rate	 Amount of Levy		gistered or Vehicles		gistered r Vehicles
Property at current year's rate	\$ 26,776,318	0.17	\$ 45,520	\$	41,746	\$	3,774
Penalties	 (42,353)		 (72)		(72)		-
Total	 26,733,965		 45,448		41,674		3,774
Discoveries:							
Current year taxes	191,765	0.17	326		326		
Penalties	 54,118		 92		92		
Releases:			 418		418		
Current year taxes	(95,294)	0.17	(162)		(162)		
Penalties	(20,588)		(35)		(35)		
Total property valuation	\$ 26,863,966		 (197)		(197)		
Net levy			45,669		41,895		3,774
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2023			 582		570		12
Current year's taxes collected			\$ 45,087	\$	41,325	\$	3,762
Current levy collection percentage			 98.73%		98.64%		99.68%

SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE SEVENTH AVENUE TAX DISTRICT AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

Uncollected Balance June 30, 2023	Collections		ditions	A	llected ance 30, 2022	Ba	Fiscal year
\$ 58	45,087	\$	45,669	\$	-	\$	2022-2023
18	275		-		457		2021-2022
	474		148		326		2020-2021
	450		450		-		2019-2020
6	-		-		62		2018-2019
4	-		-		44		2017-2018
15	-		-		151		2016-2017
2	-		-		28		2015-2016
5	-		-		57		2014-2015
	-		-		5		2013-2014
	-		-		-		2012-2013
	-		-		-		2011-2012
					-		2010-2011
	-		-		9		2009-2010
14	-		-		146		2008-2009
10	-		-		109		2007-2008
4	-		-		44		2006-2007
1	-		-		10		2005-2006
1,42	46,286	\$	46,267	\$	1,448	\$	
65	s receivable	orem taxes	ollectible ad valo	e for unco	ess allowanc	L	
\$ 77	eivable, net	taxes rec	Ad valorem				

Ad valorem taxes - Seventh Avenue Tax District Fund

Penalties collected on ad valorem taxes

Reconciling items: Interest collected

Total collections and credits

\$

\$

46,289

117

(120)

46,286

STATISTICAL SECTION TABLE OF CONTENTS

This part of the City's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Page
Financial Trends
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.
Revenue Capacity 119 - 122
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, property tax.
Debt Capacity
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.
Demographic and Economic Information127 and 128
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.
Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial report for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 17,860,656	\$ 16,304,268	\$ 18,615,092	\$ 19,614,200	\$ 19,926,250	\$ 21,020,174
Restricted	2,337,928	2,309,638	3,651,785	3,045,196	4,538,469	3,285,875
Unrestricted	4,307,191	5,423,630	4,681,884	3,971,616	1,397,633	1,110,510
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 24,505,775	\$ 24,037,536	\$ 26,948,761	\$ 26,631,012	\$ 25,862,352	\$ 25,416,559
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 54,082,358	\$ 52,399,169	\$ 50,835,364	\$ 51,388,724	\$ 56,252,393	\$ 63,008,624
Unrestricted	24,452,509	26,030,616	25,771,050	22,731,743	18,731,513	13,368,475
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 78,534,867	\$ 78,429,785	\$ 76,606,414	\$ 74,120,467	\$ 74,983,906	\$ 76,377,099
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 71,943,014	\$ 68,703,437	\$ 69,450,456	\$ 71,002,924	\$ 76,178,643	\$ 84,028,798
Restricted	2,337,928	2,309,638	3,651,785	3,045,196	4,538,469	3,285,875
Unrestricted	28,759,700	31,454,246	30,452,934	26,703,359	20,129,146	14,478,985
Total primary government net position	\$ 103,040,642	\$ 102,467,321	\$ 103,555,175	\$ 100,751,479	\$ 100,846,258	\$ 101,793,658

From: Statement of Net Position

2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ 20,335,763 3,739,753 982,519	\$ 21,035,571 7,139,251 (2,700,317)	\$ 19,891,169 6,802,743 (89,526)	\$ 24,328,314 7,783,564 388,280
\$ 25,058,035	\$ 25,474,505	\$ 26,604,386	\$ 32,500,158
\$ 68,316,330 10,189,499	\$ 67,043,265 12,545,384	\$ 71,004,372 10,917,754	\$ 71,668,399 11,316,890
\$ 78,505,829	\$ 79,588,649	\$ 81,922,126	\$ 82,985,289
\$ 88,652,093	\$ 88,078,836	\$ 90,895,541	\$ 95,996,713
3,739,753	7,139,251	6,802,743	7,783,564
11,172,018	9,845,067	10,828,228	11,705,170
\$ 103,563,864	\$ 105,063,154	\$ 108,526,512	\$ 115,485,447

CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
EXPENSES					
Governmental activities:					
General Government	\$ 2,374,428	\$ 2,813,625	\$ 2,583,313	\$ 3,157,971	\$ 3,054,736
Public Safety	6,604,475	6,702,566	7,209,269	7,773,702	8,503,808
Transportation	2,375,395	2,795,044	2,653,172	2,452,605	2,498,903
Environmental Protection	626,450	484,528	21,508	139,054	240,541
Economic and Physical Development	455,811	428,450	520,035	564,691	721,195
Cultural and Recreational	215,403	537,955	968,892	1,010,569	960,189
Interest on Long-term Obligations	346,513	318,140	295,850	263,137	274,831
Total governmental activities	12,998,475	14,080,308	14,252,039	15,361,729	16,254,203
Business-type activities:					
Water and sewer fund	12,815,116	16,047,518	17,428,160	18,366,688	15,009,569
Parking services fund	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental services fund	1,344,981	1,178,355	1,242,213	1,456,781	1,382,440
Stormwater fund	-	-	-	-	177,649
Total business-type activities expenses	14,160,097	17,225,873	18,670,373	19,823,469	16,569,658
Total primary government expenses	\$ 27,158,572	\$ 31,306,181	\$ 32,922,412	\$ 35,185,198	\$ 32,823,861
PROGRAM REVENUES					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
	\$-	\$ 39,153	\$ 85,995	\$ 38,379	\$ 25,639
Charges for services:	\$- 217,156	\$	\$	\$	•
Charges for services: General Government	•	, ,		+,	•
Charges for services: General Government Public Safety	217,156	, ,		+,	•
Charges for services: General Government Public Safety Transportation	217,156 98,555	, ,		+,	468,933 - -
Charges for services: General Government Public Safety Transportation Parks and Drainage	217,156 98,555 16,000	76,401	217,039	295,562 -	468,933 - - 363,692
Charges for services: General Government Public Safety Transportation Parks and Drainage Cultural and Recreational	217,156 98,555 16,000 168,084	76,401 - - 323,572	217,039 - - 412,311 722,754	295,562 - - 429,214	468,933 - - 363,692 703,076
Charges for services: General Government Public Safety Transportation Parks and Drainage Cultural and Recreational Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	217,156 98,555 16,000 168,084 433,681	76,401 - - 323,572 680,540	217,039 - - 412,311	295,562 - - 429,214 807,606	468,933 - - 363,692 703,076 561,531
Charges for services: General Government Public Safety Transportation Parks and Drainage Cultural and Recreational Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues	217,156 98,555 16,000 168,084 433,681 60,079	76,401 - - 323,572 680,540 - 53,783	217,039 - - 412,311 722,754 1,073,002	295,562 - 429,214 807,606 565,917	468,933 - - 363,692 703,076 561,531
Charges for services: General Government Public Safety Transportation Parks and Drainage Cultural and Recreational Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues Business-type activities:	217,156 98,555 16,000 168,084 433,681 60,079	76,401 - - 323,572 680,540 - 53,783	217,039 - - 412,311 722,754 1,073,002	295,562 - 429,214 807,606 565,917	468,933 - - 363,692 703,076 561,531
Charges for services: General Government Public Safety Transportation Parks and Drainage Cultural and Recreational Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Fotal governmental activities program revenues Business-type activities: Charges for services:	217,156 98,555 16,000 168,084 433,681 60,079 993,555	76,401 - - 323,572 680,540 53,783 - 1,173,449	217,039 - 412,311 722,754 1,073,002 2,511,101	295,562 	468,933 - - 363,692 703,076 <u>561,531</u> 2,122,871
Charges for services: General Government Public Safety Transportation Parks and Drainage Cultural and Recreational Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Fotal governmental activities program revenues Business-type activities: Charges for services: Water and sewer	217,156 98,555 16,000 168,084 433,681 60,079	76,401 - - 323,572 680,540 - 53,783	217,039 - - 412,311 722,754 1,073,002	295,562 - 429,214 807,606 565,917	468,933 - - 363,692 703,076 <u>561,531</u> 2,122,871
Charges for services: General Government Public Safety Transportation Parks and Drainage Cultural and Recreational Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Fotal governmental activities program revenues Business-type activities: Charges for services:	217,156 98,555 16,000 168,084 433,681 60,079 993,555 14,137,450	76,401 - - 323,572 680,540 53,783 1,173,449 14,727,783	217,039 - 412,311 722,754 1,073,002 2,511,101 15,485,428	295,562 - 429,214 807,606 565,917 2,136,678 15,079,674	468,933 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Charges for services: General Government Public Safety Transportation Parks and Drainage Cultural and Recreational Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues Business-type activities: Charges for services: Water and sewer Parking services	217,156 98,555 16,000 168,084 433,681 60,079 993,555	76,401 - - 323,572 680,540 53,783 - 1,173,449	217,039 - 412,311 722,754 1,073,002 2,511,101	295,562 	468,933 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Charges for services: General Government Public Safety Transportation Parks and Drainage Cultural and Recreational Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues Business-type activities: Charges for services: Water and sewer Parking services Environmental services fund	217,156 98,555 16,000 168,084 433,681 60,079 993,555 14,137,450 1,064,783	76,401 - 323,572 680,540 <u>53,783</u> <u>1,173,449</u> 14,727,783 - 1,130,922	217,039 - 412,311 722,754 1,073,002 2,511,101 15,485,428 - 1,204,694	295,562 - 429,214 807,606 565,917 2,136,678 15,079,674 - 1,417,155	468,933 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Charges for services: General Government Public Safety Transportation Parks and Drainage Cultural and Recreational Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Total governmental activities program revenues Business-type activities: Charges for services: Water and sewer Parking services Environmental services fund Stormwater fund	217,156 98,555 16,000 168,084 433,681 60,079 993,555 14,137,450	76,401 - - 323,572 680,540 53,783 1,173,449 14,727,783	217,039 - 412,311 722,754 1,073,002 2,511,101 15,485,428	295,562 - 429,214 807,606 565,917 2,136,678 15,079,674	468,933 - - 363,692

2019	 2020	 2021	 2022	 2023
\$ 3,885,983	\$ 3,798,995	\$ 3,815,963	\$ 4,530,733	\$ 6,371,382
9,043,813	10,317,127	11,300,514	12,476,303	14,208,697
2,559,392	2,966,740	3,042,198	2,601,447	3,395,730
95,522	15,898	910	-	-
521,007	560,800	467,382	622,665	816,721
864,375	913,075	848,292	809,652	932,353
 253,558	 325,760	 453,291	 459,091	 883,110
 17,223,650	 18,898,395	 19,928,550	 21,499,891	 26,607,993
16,069,699	16,993,598	18,449,631	20,876,600	23,608,570
-	-	-	454,355	612,881
1,428,563	1,519,238	1,479,708	1,710,016	1,667,333
 275,402	 311,497	 437,571	 1,352,826	 948,011
 17,773,664	 18,824,333	 20,366,910	 24,393,797	 26,836,795
\$ 34,997,314	\$ 37,722,728	\$ 40,295,460	\$ 45,893,688	\$ 53,444,788
\$ 40,272 390,797	\$ 37,730 251,510	\$ 65,547 177,686	\$ 93,421 -	\$ 57,141 271,432
\$	\$	\$	\$ 93,421 - -	\$
\$ 390,797 153,295 -	\$ 251,510 200,070 -	\$ 177,686 - -	\$ -	\$ 271,432
\$ 390,797 153,295 - 292,418	\$ 251,510 200,070 - 273,800	\$ 177,686 - - 301,004	\$ - - 329,893	\$ 271,432 - - 298,362
\$ 390,797 153,295 - 292,418 1,338,803	\$ 251,510 200,070 -	\$ 177,686 - - 301,004 1,860,657	\$ -	\$ 271,432 - 298,362 6,821,829
\$ 390,797 153,295 - 292,418 1,338,803 271,254	\$ 251,510 200,070 - 273,800 1,272,272 -	\$ 177,686 - - 301,004 1,860,657 699,285	\$ - 329,893 3,416,622 -	\$ 271,432 - - 298,362 6,821,829 242,832
\$ 390,797 153,295 - 292,418 1,338,803	\$ 251,510 200,070 - 273,800	\$ 177,686 - - 301,004 1,860,657	\$ - - 329,893	\$ 271,432 - 298,362 6,821,829
\$ 390,797 153,295 - 292,418 1,338,803 271,254	\$ 251,510 200,070 - 273,800 1,272,272 -	\$ 177,686 - - 301,004 1,860,657 699,285	\$ - 329,893 3,416,622 - 3,839,936 20,681,826	\$ 271,432 - - 298,362 6,821,829 242,832 7,691,596 222,512,835
\$ 390,797 153,295 - 292,418 1,338,803 271,254 2,486,839 16,067,138	\$ 251,510 200,070 - 273,800 1,272,272 - 2,035,382 16,196,439 -	\$ 177,686 - - 301,004 1,860,657 <u>699,285</u> <u>3,104,179</u> 17,742,080	\$ - 329,893 3,416,622 - 3,839,936 20,681,826 236,266	\$ 271,432 - - 298,362 6,821,829 242,832 7,691,596 222,512,835 564,735
\$ 390,797 153,295 - 292,418 1,338,803 271,254 2,486,839 16,067,138 - 1,221,473	\$ 251,510 200,070 - 273,800 1,272,272 - 2,035,382 16,196,439 - 1,237,818	\$ 177,686 - - 301,004 1,860,657 <u>699,285</u> 3,104,179 17,742,080 - 1,325,233	\$ - 329,893 3,416,622 - 3,839,936 20,681,826 236,266 1,508,967	\$ 271,432 - - 298,362 6,821,829 242,832 7,691,596 22,512,835 564,735 1,524,404
\$ 390,797 153,295 - 292,418 1,338,803 271,254 2,486,839 16,067,138 - 1,221,473 341,334	\$ 251,510 200,070 - 273,800 1,272,272 - 2,035,382 16,196,439 - 1,237,818 378,635	\$ 177,686 - - 301,004 1,860,657 <u>699,285</u> 3,104,179 17,742,080 - 1,325,233 652,269	\$ - 329,893 3,416,622 - 3,839,936 20,681,826 236,266 1,508,967 998,963	\$ 271,432 - - 298,362 6,821,829 242,832 7,691,596 22,512,835 564,735 1,524,404 1,025,762
\$ 390,797 153,295 - 292,418 1,338,803 271,254 2,486,839 16,067,138 - 1,221,473 341,334 1,421,287	\$ 251,510 200,070 - 273,800 1,272,272 - 2,035,382 16,196,439 - 1,237,818 378,635 2,935,574	\$ 177,686 - - 301,004 1,860,657 <u>699,285</u> 3,104,179 17,742,080 - 1,325,233 652,269 2,055,043	\$ - 329,893 3,416,622 - 3,839,936 20,681,826 236,266 1,508,967 998,963 2,947,764	\$ 271,432 - - 298,362 6,821,829 242,832 7,691,596 22,512,835 564,735 1,524,404 1,025,762 5,634,286
\$ 390,797 153,295 - 292,418 1,338,803 271,254 2,486,839 16,067,138 - 1,221,473 341,334	\$ 251,510 200,070 - 273,800 1,272,272 - 2,035,382 16,196,439 - 1,237,818 378,635	\$ 177,686 - - 301,004 1,860,657 <u>699,285</u> 3,104,179 17,742,080 - 1,325,233 652,269	\$ - 329,893 3,416,622 - 3,839,936 20,681,826 236,266 1,508,967 998,963	\$ 271,432 - - 298,362 6,821,829 242,832 7,691,596 22,512,835 564,735 1,524,404 1,025,762

(continued)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Net (expense)/revenue					
Governmental activities	\$ (12,004,920)	\$ (12,906,859)	\$ (11,740,938)	\$ (13,225,051)	\$ (14,131,332)
Business-type activities	1,622,150	(189,656)	(1,933,714)	(2,646,944)	1,934,032
Total primary government net expense	\$ (10,382,770)	\$ (13,096,515)	\$ (13,674,652)	\$ (15,871,995)	\$ (12,197,300)
GENERAL REVENUES					
Governmental activities:					
Property Taxes	\$ 7,289,030	\$ 7,745,067	\$ 8,084,440	\$ 8,302,439	\$ 8,563,585
Sales & Use Tax	2,544,355	2,783,936	3,180,632	3,198,658	3,203,984
Other taxes	402,294	402,398	13,528	12,200	11,544
Franchise Taxes	1,056,875	1,278,651	1,294,801	1,268,189	1,270,448
Restricted Intergovernmental Revenue	379,744	-	-	-	-
Permits and Fees	71,455	177,883	261,890	245,055	239,548
Investment Earnings	16,374	53,142	117,250	45,477	60,808
Miscellaneous	68,735	234,357	335,338	293,332	337,144
Transfers	(228,720)	-	138,947	26,474	534,955
Special Items	-	-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	11,600,142	12,675,434	13,426,826	13,391,824	14,222,016
Business-type activities:					
Investment earnings	34,318	157,767	277,173	85,509	106,643
Miscellaneous	158,183	91,806	64,501	101,689	196,496
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	228,720	-	(138,947)	(26,474)	(534,955)
Total business-type activities	421,221	249,573	202,727	160,724	(231,816)
Total primary government	\$ 12,021,363	\$ 12,925,007	\$ 13,629,553	\$ 13,552,548	\$ 13,990,200
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					
Governmental activities	\$ (404,778)	\$ (231,425)	\$ 1,685,888	\$ 166,773	\$ 90,684
Business-type activities	2,043,371	59,917	(1,730,987)	(2,486,220)	1,702,216
Total Change in Net Position	\$ 1,638,593	\$ (171,508)	\$ (45,099)	\$ (2,319,447)	\$ 1,792,900
			<u>, </u>	<u>`</u>	

From: Statement of Activities

	2019		2020		2021		2022		2023
\$	(14,736,811)	\$	(16,863,013)	\$	(16,824,371)	\$	(17,659,955)	\$	(18,916,397)
	1,277,568		1,924,133		1,407,715		1,979,989		4,425,227
\$	(13,459,243)	\$	(14,938,880)	\$	(15,416,656)	\$	(15,679,966)	\$	(14,491,170)
\$	9,108,913	\$	10,887,215	\$	11,319,866	\$	12,084,859	\$	12,571,874
	3,427,281		3,807,868		4,597,838		5,236,194		5,882,131
	11,605		283,418		473,363		483,223		523,262
	1,281,328		1,218,896		1,268,343		1,267,760		1,347,011
	-		-		-		-		-
	264,151		-		-		-		-
	220,110		121,167		16,594		(41,011)		565,359
	211,310		155,925		168,047		108,811		156,785
	336,250		30,000		-		(350,000)		3,765,747
	(569,930)		-		-		-		-
	14,291,018		16,504,489		17,844,051		18,789,836		24,812,169
	331,817		164,081		5,038		(22,853)		403,683
	114,735		61,352		-		-		-
	5,323		9,164		41,515		26,341		-
	(336,250)		(30,000)		-		350,000		(3,765,747)
	115,625		204,597		46,553		353,488		(3,362,064)
	·		·		· · · · · ·		· · · · ·		
\$	14,406,643	\$	16,709,086	\$	17,890,604	\$	19,143,324	\$	21,450,105
\$	(445,793)	\$	(358,524)	\$	1,019,680	\$	1,129,881	\$	5,895,772
·	1,393,193		2,128,730		1,454,268		2,333,477	•	1,063,163
\$	947,400	\$	1,770,206	\$	2,473,948	\$	3,463,358	\$	6,958,935
<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	, , -	<u> </u>	, , -	<u> </u>	

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General fund					
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ 8,805	\$ 63,057	\$ 474,265	\$ 461,013
Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute	925,946	1,058,260	1,790,318	1,830,006	2,513,576
Restricted for Public Safety	131,935	115,235	-	-	-
Restricted for Economic Development	7,906	19,577	-	-	-
Restricted for USDA Loan Reserve	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned for Subsequent Year's Expenditures	1,122,300	701,672	436,981	1,017,696	612,000
Unassigned	6,207,146	6,200,178	5,091,043	4,326,041	3,956,453
Total general fund	8,395,233	8,103,727	7,381,399	7,648,008	7,543,042
All other governmental funds					
Nonspendable	-	-	491	12,680	1,000
Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute	69,407	25,550	387,151	112,353	144,619
Restricted for General Government	-	-	1,428	3,689	424,000
Restricted for Economic Development	55,106	73,782	135,136	173,511	58,154
Restricted for Public Safety	189,615	52,786	110,261	43,673	94,610
Restricted for Human Services	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted for Cultural and Recreation	-	-	-	4,687	3,030
Restricted for Transportation	958,013	956,917	1,132,835	877,277	1,300,480
Restricted for Capital Projects	-	-	-	-	-
Committed - Organic Garden	-	-	-	3,230	3,230
Assigned - Subsequent Year's Expenditures	46,000	7,531	548,148	439,020	89,307
Assigned - Debt Service	-	-	508,419	146,344	-
Unassigned	-	-	(373,383)	(205,128)	(827,181)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	1,318,141	1,116,566	2,450,486	1,611,336	1,291,249
Total All Governmental Funds	\$ 9,713,374	\$ 9,220,293	\$ 9,831,885	\$ 9,259,344	\$ 8,834,291

2019	2020	2021 2022		2023
\$ 72,783	\$ 104,022	\$ 83,644	\$ 38,543	\$ 37,503
2,117,460	2,499,480	6,091,937	3,947,831	4,202,146
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	62,225	124,449
713,196	1,257,155	1,261,744	1,666,590	2,614,518
4,469,087	4,691,912	2,199,122	4,048,193	4,615,551
7,372,526	8,552,569	9,636,447	9,763,382	11,594,167
-	629,506	368	150	150
760,904	930,323	-	-	-
3,470	-	-	-	-
57,572	68,751	900,670	346,936	378,440
118,458	80,206	146,644	700,551	1,333,329
-	-	-	1,500,000	1,500,000
-	14,273	-	-	245,200
214,135	-	-	-	-
-	9,239,540	-	907,559	21,607,201
3,230	3,230	-	-	-
135,109	132,125	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
(362,698)	(531,695)	(943,457)		
930,180	10,566,259	104,225	3,455,196	25,064,320
\$ 8,302,706	\$ 19,118,828	\$ 9,740,672	\$ 13,218,578	\$ 36,658,487

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
REVENUES					
Property Tax	\$ 7,319,539	\$ 7,666,438	\$ 8,096,500	\$ 8,232,001	\$ 8,573,856
Other Taxes	402,294	402,398	13,528	12,200	11,544
Unrestricted Intergovernmental	3,762,137	4,258,292	4,784,984	4,820,155	4,824,053
Restricted Intergovernmental	595,052	609,063	1,757,512	1,303,087	949,686
Permits and Fees	48,088	49,602	103,712	143,613	257,704
Sales and Services	414,073	480,028	566,479	518,672	430,673
Investment Earnings	16,335	53,094	117,250	45,476	60,808
Miscellaneous	272,522	188,331	272,567	301,644	548,588
Total revenues	12,830,040	13,707,246	15,712,532	15,376,848	15,656,912
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	2,228,056	3,184,950	2,441,963	2,843,232	2,793,058
Public Safety	9,355,420	6,819,585	6,780,868	7,142,045	7,907,468
Transportation	2,602,778	2,309,503	2,012,652	1,838,573	1,854,504
Environmental Protection	547,571	9,107	21,508	139,054	240,541
Economic & Physical Development	453,223	431,801	510,737	542,179	699,373
Cultural and Recreational	215,403	715,098	803,433	818,336	737,169
Capital Outlay	-	-	1,993,434	2,257,810	1,368,877
Debt Service:					
Principal	723,333	723,333	830,273	832,133	836,995
Interest and Fees	352,972	324,613	300,938	270,328	231,874
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	29,550
Total expenditures	16,478,756	14,517,990	15,695,806	16,683,690	16,699,409
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,648,716)	(810,744)	16,726	(1,306,842)	(1,042,497)

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ 9,132,571	\$ 10,883,687	\$ 11,088,668	\$ 11,872,169	\$ 12,361,223
11,604	10,895	9,888	10,420	12,084
5,090,200	5,539,666	6,333,234	6,982,998	7,746,534
1,534,819	889,022	1,858,851	3,238,715	7,034,729
412,876	399,737	470,766	496,762	458,957
365,557	341,043	264,116	129,331	376,415
220,109	121,167	16,594	(41,011)	565,359
223,679	133,676	165,119	375,545	183,350
16,991,415	18,318,893	20,207,236	23,064,929	28,738,651
3,587,116	3,314,528	3,677,000	4,244,229	5,771,698
8,229,430	8,981,546	10,056,460	11,826,612	13,031,731
1,971,674	2,113,102	2,395,137	2,014,481	2,946,620
95,522	15,898	910	-	-
502,947	533,430	443,416	610,171	778,605
644,646	642,670	879,309	766,462	892,052
4,806,713	2,909,871	11,797,516	3,172,412	5,816,303
631,138	793,074	887,105	14,616,073	1,711,271
237,879	277,965	484,965	384,105	
237,079	36,933	404,900	41,517	823,525 80,315
-		-		
20,707,065	19,619,017	30,621,818	37,676,062	31,852,120
(3,715,650)	(1,300,124)	(10,414,582)	(14,611,133)	(3,113,469)

(continued)

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)	
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	 2014	 2015		2016	 2017	 2018
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds of Debt - Bonds	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,352,000
Proceeds of Debt - Notes Payable	-	242,500		78,533	655,000	-
Inception of Leases / Subscriptions	-	-		-	-	-
Payment to Refunded Debt Escrow Agent	-	-		-	-	(1,321,397)
Sale of Capital Assets	-	18,090		2,125	8,972	1,700
Insurance Recovery	-	57,073		96,383	43,855	50,186
OPERATING TRANSFERS FROM (TO) OTHER FUNDS						
Enterprise Fund						
Environmental Services Fund	(127,840)	-		-	-	-
Parking Services Fund	-	-		-	-	-
Water and Sewer Fund	(100,880)	-		138,947	26,474	625,539
Stormwater Fund	-	-		-	-	(90,584)
Capital Projects Fund - City Hall Operations Building Project	-	-		-	-	-
Main Street Tax District - General Fund Reimbursement	100,000	100,000		-	-	-
Main Street Tax District	-	(100,000)		-	-	-
Main Street Tax District - Main Street Project	189,046	-		-	-	-
Seventh Avenue Tax District - General Fund Contribution	 (37,470)	 -		-	 -	 -
	 22,856	 317,663	_	315,988	 734,301	 617,444
Special Items	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Net change in fund balances	\$ (3,625,860)	\$ (493,081)	\$	332,714	\$ (572,541)	\$ (425,053)
Capital Asset Expenditures	\$ 4,064,359	\$ 1,333,272	\$	2,031,608	\$ 2,298,582	\$ 1,363,198
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	 8.7%	 7.9%		8.3%	 7.7%	 7.0%

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$	- 2,965,100 -	\$ 11,500,000 - 521,478	\$- 768,161 206,335	\$ 15,568,631 609,956 -	\$- 21,992,127 469,088
	- 23,207 43,780	- 1,151 63,617	- 61,930 -	- 45,080 -	- 81,216 -
	378,250 - (42,000)	- - 30,000	- -	- 2,110,572 -	- (202,253) (425,000)
	-	-	-	-	- 4,393,000
	-	-	-	-	-
_	- 3,368,337	- 12,116,246	- 1,036,426	- 18,334,239	- 26,308,178
\$	(184,272)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
\$	(531,585)	\$ 10,816,122	\$ (9,378,156)	\$ 3,723,106	\$ 23,194,709
\$	4,804,733 5.5%	\$ 1,833,501 <u>6.4%</u>	\$ 12,528,275 <u>7.6%</u>	\$ 3,982,136 <u>44.5%</u>	\$ 7,495,258 10.4%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in hundreds)

	Assessed Real Propert		operty	Assessed Personal Property					Less:		
Fiscal	(Commercial		Residential		Motor			т	ax-exempt	
 Year		Property		Property		Vehicles		Other	R	Real Property	
2014	\$	867,439,562	\$	601,013,269	\$	133,799,024	\$	111,836,701	\$	13,190,519	
2015		860,792,797		622,571,755		121,051,969		130,347,339		10,594,200	
2016		869,531,034		628,891,720		127,865,067		126,562,294		13,449,401	
2017		869,827,543		629,106,171		136,782,391		117,221,370		13,914,601	
2018		881,579,895		637,606,103		134,141,102		115,895,380		13,876,051	
2019		758,917,288		777,919,406		141,273,265		137,921,560		13,565,701	
2020		940,032,962		920,894,622		141,532,245		154,779,155		13,474,000	
2021		999,259,059		922,392,978		160,750,408		129,063,770		16,504,479	
2022		1,013,616,881		935,646,352		173,936,654		118,793,002		17,617,295	
2023		1,187,084,478		824,923,112		186,719,537		135,245,691		18,102,180	

Source: Henderson County Tax Assessor's Office

Total Taxable Assessed Value		Total Direct Tax Rate	 Estimated Actual Tax Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value		
\$	1,700,898,037	0.81	\$ 1,700,916,367	100.0%		
	1,724,169,660	0.84	1,733,530,726	99.5%		
	1,739,400,714	0.86	1,844,539,463	94.3%		
	1,739,022,874	0.86	2,003,482,574	86.8%		
	1,755,346,429	0.87	2,017,639,574	87.0%		
	1,802,465,818	0.89	2,025,242,492	89.0%		
	2,143,764,984	0.92	2,330,179,330	92.0%		
	2,194,961,736	0.92	2,385,827,974	92.0%		
	2,224,375,594	0.93	2,391,801,714	93.0%		
	2,315,870,638	0.74	3,146,563,367	73.6%		

PROPERTY TAX RATES (DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
City Direct Rates						
General Fund Rate	0.410	0.440	0.460	0.460	0.470	0.490
Main Street Tax District	0.280	0.280	0.280	0.280	0.280	0.280
Seventh Avenue District	0.120	0.120	0.120	0.120	0.120	0.120
Fotal Direct Rate	0.810	0.840	0.860	0.860	0.870	0.890
County Rates						
Henderson County	0.5136	0.5136	0.5136	0.5650	0.5650	0.5650
Town of Fletcher	0.3250	0.3250	0.3400	0.3400	0.3400	0.3400
Town of Laurel Park	0.0360	0.3900	0.4300	0.4300	0.4300	0.4300
Town of Saluda	0.6050	0.6050	0.6050	0.6050	0.6050	0.6450
Town of Mills River	0.0974	0.1124	0.1124	0.1800	0.1800	0.1800
Village of Flat Rock	0.0840	0.1100	0.1100	0.1100	0.1100	0.1100
Fire (14) District Rates						
From Lowest	0.0650	0.0700	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800
To Highest	0.1250	0.1250	0.1300	0.1300	0.1300	0.1300
Special Purpose District Rates						
Main Street Tax District	0.2800	0.2800	0.2800	0.2800	0.2800	0.2800
Seventh Avenue Tax District	0.1200	0.1200	0.1200	0.1200	0.1200	0.1200

Source: Henderson County Tax Assessor's Office

2020	2021	2022	2023
0.490	0.490	0.520	0.520
0.260	0.260	0.240	0.240
0.170	0.170	0.170	0.170
0.920	0.920	0.930	0.930
0.5610	0.5610	0.5610	0.5610
0.3400	0.3400	0.3400	0.3400
0.4350	0.4350	0.4350	0.4350
0.6650	0.6650	0.6750	0.6800
0.1900	0.1900	0.1900	0.1900
0.1300	0.1300	0.1300	0.1300
0.0900	0.0900	0.0900	0.1000
0.1350	0.1400	0.1400	0.1400
0.2600	0.2600	0.2400	0.2400
0.1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700
1700	0.1700	0.1700	0.1700

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2023	Fiscal	Year		2014	Fiscal	Year
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value		Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value Rank			Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Ingles	\$	47,259,615	1	2.04%	\$	33,809,520	1	1.99%
Lake Point Landing		36,289,709	2	1.57%		10,329,200	10	0.61%
Triangle Ballantyne Hendersonville		28,618,100	3	1.24%		23,598,700	2	1.39%
Walmart		26,251,451	4	1.13%		19,442,480	3	1.14%
Boyd Hyder		23,727,419	5	1.02%		16,169,300	5	0.95%
Triangle Real Estate of Gastonia, Inc.		22,251,200	6	0.96%		23,598,700	2	1.39%
Duke Energy HC		21,698,950	7	0.94%		10,581,377	9	0.62%
SMBS LEASING at JABIL		16,081,100	8	0.69%		-		0.00%
Sams		13,905,747	9	0.60%		-		0.00%
First Citizens Bank		13,416,058	10	0.58%		11,264,868	8	0.66%
Totals	\$	249,499,349		10.77%	\$	148,794,145		8.75%

Source: City of Hendersonville Tax Collector

	-		stments to ginal Tax	Ac	Collected Adjusted Tax Fiscal Year				
Fiscal		Levy for	L	evy for		Levy for			Percentage
Year	F	iscal Year	Fis	cal Year	F	iscal Year		Amount	of Levy
2014	\$	6,416,260	\$	4,186	\$	6,420,446	\$	6,329,186	98.58%
2015		6,931,559		4,513		6,936,072		6,788,334	97.87%
2016		7,890,120		106,715		7,996,835		7,837,894	98.01%
2017		7,997,213		11,895		8,009,108		7,862,484	98.17%
2018		8,294,356		(35,435)		8,258,921		8,116,296	98.27%
2019		8,801,346		23,980		8,825,326		8,697,385	98.55%
2020		10,562,551		(34,718)		10,527,833		10,384,754	98.64%
2021		10,790,575		(28,643)		10,761,932		10,642,972	98.89%
2022		11,665,844		(99,091)		11,566,753		11,465,200	99.12%
2023		12,004,644		37,883		12,042,527		11,887,462	98.71%

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years

Source: Hendersonville County Tax Commissioner's Office

Col	lections in		Total Collect	ions to Date		
Su	Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Adjusted Levy		
\$	73,212	\$	6,402,398	99.72%		
	107,633		6,895,967	99.42%		
	105,108		7,943,002	99.33%		
	126,963		7,989,447	99.75%		
	108,531		8,224,827	99.59%		
	80,189		8,777,574	99.46%		
	100,027		10,484,781	99.59%		
	114,066		10,757,038	99.95%		
	85,314		11,550,514	99.86%		
	-		11,887,462	98.71%		

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities					Business-type Activities					
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Other Bonds	Financed Purchases	Notes Payable	Revenue Bonds	Other Bonds	Financed Purchases	Notes Payable			
2014	\$ 2,060,000	\$-	\$-	\$ 6,750,000	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 20,902,442			
2015	1,870,000	-	-	6,459,167	-	-	-	27,283,746			
2016	1,680,000	-	-	5,897,427	-	-	-	24,262,654			
2017	1,490,000	-	-	5,910,294	-	-	-	21,057,370			
2018	1,343,000	-	-	5,272,299	-	-	-	18,515,329			
2019	1,177,000	-	-	7,772,261	-	-	-	16,569,675			
2020	1,013,000	-	497,781	18,666,884	12,100,000	12,100,000	-	10,814,841			
2021	852,000	-	586,602	18,826,454	10,889,000	10,889,000	109,932	14,042,341			
2022	694,000	3,935,950	414,802	16,709,750	16,589,000	12,652,051	84,427	16,659,408			
2023	539,000	3,635,655	276,833	37,617,673	23,551,000	12,110,391	59,520	31,484,687			

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

* Information is not yet available

Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita			
\$ 29,712,442	0.77%	\$	2,205		
35,612,913	0.88%		2,607		
31,840,081	0.75%		2,303		
28,457,664	0.64%		2,023		
25,130,628	0.53%		1,771		
25,518,936	0.48%		1,791		
43,270,025	0.77%		3,031		
45,306,329	0.74%		2,993		
67,739,388	*		4,203		
109,274,759	*		6,847		

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	 General Obligation Bonds	4	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Funds	 Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Ipita
2014	\$ 2,060,000	\$	-	\$ 2,060,000	0.12%	\$ 15
2015	1,870,000		-	1,870,000	0.11%	139
2016	1,680,000		-	1,680,000	0.09%	122
2017	1,490,000		-	1,490,000	0.07%	10
2018	1,343,000		-	1,343,000	0.06%	9
2019	1,177,000		-	1,177,000	0.06%	8
2020	1,013,000		-	1,013,000	0.05%	7
2021	852,000		-	852,000	0.04%	5
2022	694,000		-	694,000	0.03%	4
2023	539,000		-	539,000	0.02%	3

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

(2) See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for population data.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

Governmental Unit	Governmental Activities Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	 imated Share Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes: Henderson County	\$ 138,983,429	15.28%	\$ 21,236,668
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt			21,236,668
City of Hendersonville Direct			 42,069,161
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 63,305,829

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages and amount of debt outstanding provided by the applicable government.

Note: The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the City's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by Henderson County's total taxable assessed value.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Debt limit	\$ 136,071,843	\$ 135,907,787	\$ 138,980,953	\$ 139,121,830	\$ 140,427,714
Total net debt applicable to limit	29,712,442	35,612,913	28,457,664	28,457,664	25,130,628
Legal debt margin	\$ 106,359,401	\$ 100,294,874	\$ 110,523,289	\$ 110,664,166	\$ 115,297,086
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	21.8%	26.2%	20.5%	20.5%	17.9%

Calculation of Current Year Legal Debt Margin

Total Assessed Value Debt Limit (8% of Total Assessed Value)

Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit: Total Non-Bonded Debt Total Bonded Debt Total Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit

Legal Debt Margin

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ 144,197,265	\$ 171,501,199	\$ 175,596,939	\$ 177,950,048	\$ 185,269,651
25,518,936	43,092,506	45,308,038	67,739,388	109,274,759
\$ 101,425,021	\$ 128,408,693	\$ 130,288,901	\$ 110,210,660	\$ 75,994,892
29.7%	25.1%	25.8%	38.1%	59.0%
			\$ 2,224,375,594 177,950,048	\$ 2,315,870,638 185,269,651
			67,045,388 694,000	108,735,759 539,000
			67,739,388	109,274,759
			\$ 110,210,660	\$ 75,994,892

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	(1) City Population	(2) County Population	(3) Personal Income (Amount in Thousands)	(4) Per Capita Personal Income	(5) School Enrollment
2014	13,473	109,404	\$ 3,842,493	\$ 35,122	13,491
2015	13,663	110,939	4,031,132	36,336	13,495
2016	13,824	112,655	4,231,103	37,558	13,690
2017	14,064	114,209	4,454,428	39,002	13,241
2018	14,189	15,708	4,765,710	41,179	13,212
2019	14,251	116,748	5,323,876	45,342	13,361
2020	14,277	117,417	5,612,483	47,385	13,164
2021	15,137	116,281	6,149,222	52,634	12,600
2022	16,115	116,829	*	*	12,671
2023	15,959	118,106	*	*	12,744

Data Sources:

(1) US Census (QuickFacts)

(2) US Census (QuickFacts)

(3) US Dept. of Commerce - Bureau of Economic Analysis (Estimated results)

- (4) US Dept. of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis (Estimated results)
- (5) Henderson County Public Schools
- (6) Employment Security Commission(Labor & Economic Analysis Division) Local Area Unemployment Statistics
- (7) Employment Security Commission(Labor & Economic Analysis Division) Local Area Unemployment Statistics
- (8) Employment Security Commission(Labor & Economic Analysis Division) Local Area Unemployment Statistics
- * Information not yet available

(6) Un	(6) (7) Unemployment Rate					
County	State	U.S.				
4.9%	6.5%	5.9%				
4.6%	5.0%	5.7%				
4.3%	4.9%	4.9%				
3.6%	4.2%	4.4%				
3.6%	4.2%	4.0%				
3.6%	4.2%	3.7%				
7.5%	7.6%	11.1%				
4.3%	4.9%	6.1%				
3.5%	4.1%	3.8%				
3.6%	4.0%	3.6%				

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	202	3 Fiscal `	Year	2014 Fiscal Year		
			Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	Rank	Population	Employees	Rank	Population
Henderson County Schools	1,900	1	11.91%	1,700	1	12.62%
Pardee Hospital	1,835	2	11.50%	1,194	2	8.86%
ngles Markets, Inc.	1,169	3	7.33%	750	5	5.57%
Park Ridge Health	1,306	4	8.18%	1,100	3	8.16%
Henderson County	1,199	5	7.51%	700	6	5.20%
Meritor	682	6	4.27%	581	7	4.31%
Wilsonart LLC	601	7	3.77%			
Hospice of Henderson County Inc	432	8	2.71%			
Blude Ridge Community College	332	9	2.08%	356	11	2.64%
Sierra Nevada Brewing Co	387	10	2.42%	346		
Total	9,843		61.68%	6,727		47.36%

Source: NC Department of Commerce

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function						
General Government						
Administration	3	5	5	5	5	5
Finance	12	13	12	14	18	19
Support Services	14	15	13	14	17	17
Public Safety						
Police	51	51	53	53	56	59
Fire	27	27	27	29	33	33
Public Works						
Fleet Maintenance	6	6	6	6	6	6
Building Maintenance	3	3	3	4	4	4
Administration	3	3	3	3	3	3
Streets & Highways	9	7	7	7	9	9
Traffic Engineer	2	2	2	2	2	2
Grounds Maintenance	8	8	8	8	8	8
Subtotal	31	29	29	30	32	32
Business-type Activities						
Water and Sewer Fund	65	65	68	72	73	79
Stormwater Fund	14	14	15	15	14	14
Total	217	219	222	232	248	258

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

2020	2021	2022	2023
5	5	5	5
18	18	21	19
17	19	22	23
59	57	60	60
49	54	51	48
6	6	6	6
4	4	4	4
3	3	4	5
9	9	9	14
2	4	3	3
8	9	9	10
32	35	35	42
82	97	100	106
14	14	14	14
276	299	308	317

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Function						
General Government						
Building Permits Issued						
Residential	307	119	130	101	221	256
Commercial	90	87	110	110	105	105
Public Safety - Police						
Physical Arrests	1,544	1,602	2,723	1,195	909	1,793
Traffic Violations	2,664	2,250	2,017	2,040	2,133	2,239
Parking Violations	2,317	2,216	3,029	2,462	1,790	1,415
Public Safety - Fire						
Number of Fire Calls Answered	3,401	4,121	4,352	4,761	4,638	4,499
Inspections Conducted	370	583	955	1,679	4,318	3,985
Water						
Number of Service Connections	26,446	26,723	30,000	27,449	28,415	29,986
Average Daily Production in Gallons	6,869,342	7,447,307	7,398,090	6,960,556	7,002,781	7,021,896
Sewer						
Number of Service Connections	8,751	9,035	9,500	9,067	9,411	9,461
Average Daily Treatment in Gallons	3,215,077	2,885,441	3,369,809	2,772,332	3,011,999	3,143,584
Solid Waste						
Refuse Collections (Tons per Year)	3,353	3,519	3,438	3,325	4,031	3,326
Recycling Collections (Tons per Year)	848	928	1,033	1,106	1,231	1,107
Scrap Metal (Tons per Year)	3	6	12	23	12	32

Sources: Various City of Hendersonville departments.

2020	2021	2022	2023
309	241	188	282
97	90	81	121
707	005	4 000	0.1.1
787	985	1,030	841
2,862	2,386	2,570	2,939
854	689	1,226	5,325
3,855	3,825	4,099	4,224
4,573	4,634	4,522	3,722
00.000	20 504	00.004	04.444
29,308	30,504	30,981	31,414
6,942,134	7,323,913	7,575,326	7,282,337
9,699	10,198	10,360	10,623
2,636,585	2,747,490	2,181,721	2,225,693
3,414	3,566	3,524	3,456
1,005	1,070	997	924
84	11	20,630	12

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Function										
Hendersonville										
Public Facilities/Buildings	5	5	5	1	1	2	3	3	3	:
Public Safety - Police										
Number of Police Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Number of Patrol Units	39	39	30	30	30	42	35	40	40	4
Public Safety - Fire										
Number of Fire Stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	:
Number of Fire Trucks	6	6	5	6	5	5	5	6	6	
Public Service										
Streets (in Miles)	68.20	68.20	68.20	65.75	65.75	65.75	65.75	65.75	67.55	67.5
Street Lights (Leased)	1,501	1,515	1,515	1,520	1,520	1,532	1,532	1,532	1,536	1,53
Street Lights (Owned)	189	189	189	256	215	286	286	286	286	28
Parks and Recreation										
Parks Acreage	158	158	158	158	158	158	158	158	184	18
Tennis & Racquet Ball Courts	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	4	
Parks	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	1
Shuffle Board Courts	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	14	1
Swimming Pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Community Development										
Community Centers	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	:
Water										
Water Mains (Miles)	637	640	653	623	624	633	634	664	712	72
Fire Hydrants	2,598	2,626	2,648	2,662	2,692	2,694	2,751	2,921	3,035	3,14
Sewer										
Sanitary Sewers (Miles)	178	178	180	160	182	182	183	183	186	19
Storm Sewers (Miles)	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	4
Solid Waste										
Collection/Refuse Trucks	4	4	4	4	4	4	6	6	6	

Source: Various City of Hendersonville departments

COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Hendersonville, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Hendersonville**, **North Carolina** (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 6, 2023. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Hendersonville Alcoholic Beverage Control Board (the "ABC Board") as described in our report on the City's financial statements. The financial statements of the ABC Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and accordingly, this report does not include reporting on internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters associated with the ABC Board or that are reported on separately by those auditors who audited the financial statements of the ABC Board.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Gerkins, LLC

Raleigh, North Carolina November 6, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT IMPLEMENTATION ACT

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Hendersonville, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the **City of Hendersonville, North Carolina's** (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our ethical and other responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of law, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over
 compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on
 the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Raleigh, North Carolina November 6, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR STATE PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE SECTIONS OF THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND THE STATE SINGLE AUDIT IMPLEMENTATION ACT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Hendersonville, North Carolina

Opinion on Each Major State Program

We have audited the **City of Hendersonville, North Carolina's** (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina,* issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The City's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City of Hendersonville complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our ethical and other responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to City of Hendersonville State programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over
 compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on
 the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section and above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Raleigh, North Carolina November 6, 2023

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Grantor/Pass-through	Federal Assistance Listing	Agency or Pass- through Grantor	Expon	ditures
Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Federal	State
Federal Awards: U.S. Department of the Treasury: Direct Programs:				
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Passed Through the N.C. Department of Environmental Quality:	21.027	NC0203	\$ 4,511,800	\$-
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Earmark	21.027	SRP-W-ARP-0031	525,746	-
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Earmark	21.027	SRP-W-ARP-0031	115,147	-
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Earmark	21.027	AIA-D-ARP-0091	130,123	-
			771,016	-
Total Department of Treasury			5,282,816	-
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development:				
Passed Through the N.C. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Ashe Street Community - CDBG	14.228	19-C-3128(NR)	18,269	
U.S. Department of Justice:				
Direct Programs:	16.922	n/a	15.781	
Equitable Sharing Program Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	HW-2019-05-SB	2,540	-
Passed Through Governor's Crime Commission	10.007	HW-2019-05-3B	2,540	-
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	15PBJA-21-GG-00278-JAGX	24,500	_
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	15PBJA-22-GG-00633-JAGX	8,332	_
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	15PBJA-22-GG-00633-JAGX	11,450	_
Total Department of Justice			62,603	
······				
U.S. Department of Transportation: Passed Through N.C. Department of Transportation				
Governor's Highway Safety Program - Highway Safety Cluster	20.600	PT-23-06-32	4,253	-
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	BL-0008	190,361	
Total Department of Transportation			194,614	
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency:				
Passed Through the N.C. Department of Environmental Quality				
Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) Cluster	66.458	CS370444-10	9,548	-
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) Cluster	66.468	H-SRF-F-20-1940	11,316,532	-
Total Environmental Protection Agency			11,326,080	-
U.S. Department of Agriculture Direct Programs:				
Community Facilities Loans and Grants Cluster				
Community Facilities Loans and Grants (Loan Balances)	10.766	n/a	11,221,930	-
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Direct Programs:				
Staffing for Adequate Fire and Emergency Response (SAFER)	97.083	n/a	143,149	
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			28,249,461	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Grantor/Pass-through	Federal Assistance Listing	Agency or Pass- through Grantor		ditures
Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Federal	State
<u>State Awards:</u> N.C. Department of Environmental Quality Division of Water Infrastructure Connect NC Bond Program - Northside Water System		H-SRP-D-17-0132	¢ -	\$ 120.381
Total Department of Environmental Quality		11-51(F-D-17-0152	<u>φ</u> - -	120,381
N.C. Office of State Budget and Management SCIF Directed Grants Total Office of State Budget and Management		10161		<u>5,561</u> 5,561
N.C. Department of Transportation: Powell Bill Program Total Department of Transportation		DOT-4	<u> </u>	459,284 459,284
N.C. Department of Natural and Cultural Resources North Carolina Land and Water Fund Total Department of Natural and Cultural Resources		2021-808	<u> </u>	24,620 24,620
TOTAL STATE AWARDS				609,846
TOTAL FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS			\$ 28,249,461	\$ 609,846

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards (the "SEFSA") includes the federal and state award activity of the City of Hendersonville, North Carolina (the "City") under programs of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the SEFSA presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3: INDIRECT COST RATE

The City did not utilize the 10% de Minimis indirect cost rate.

NOTE 4: BALANCES OF FEDERALLY FUNDED LOANS

As of June 30, 2023, the City has federally funded loans outstanding as follows:

(1) United States Department of Agriculture - \$11,221,930

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

<i>Financial Statements</i> Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weaknesses identified?	yes <u>X</u> no
Significant deficiencies identified?	yes <u>X</u> none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> no
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major federal programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	yes <u>X</u> no
Significant deficiencies identified?	yes <u>X</u> none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance of major federal programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported In accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes <u>X</u> no
Identification of major federal program:	
Assistance Listing Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.766	Community Facilities Loans and Grants
21.027	American Rescue Plan Act
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
i ype o programs.	φ <i>ι</i> 50,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yes <u>X</u> no

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS (CONTINUED)

State Awards	
Internal control over major state programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	yes <u>X</u> no
Significant deficiencies identified?	yes <u>X</u> none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance of major state	Unmodified
programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported	
In accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act?	yes <u>X</u> no
	yoo <u></u> no
Identification of major state program:	
Program Name	
North Carolina Department of Transportation – Powell Bill Program	
FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS A	ND RESPONSES
None reported.	
None reported.	
SECTION III	
FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QU	ESTIONED COSTS
None reported.	
SECTION IV	
STATE AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUE	STIONED COSTS
None reported.	

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

None reported.